

| Date | Report Subject | Target |
|----------------------------|--|---|
| January - December 2019 | The Implementation of the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. 2019 (3 times) | Ministry of SOE, FSA, IDX |
| January 23, 2019 | Information Disclosure Report on Affiliate Transactions | FSA |
| July 19, 2019 | Submission of Changes to the Membership of the Audit Committee of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. | FSA and IDX |
| May 15, 2019 | Effective Determination of the Appointment of Commercial Banking Director of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. | FSA |
| April 1, 2019 | Implementation of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. Fiscal Year 2018 | Ministry of SOE, FSA, IDX |
| April 8, 2019 | Information Disclosure of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. related to the Annual GMS Announcement of the Fiscal Year 2019 | FSA, IDX and KSEI |
| July 26, 2019 | Confirmation about News in the Mass Media | IDX |
| April 24, 2019 | Information Disclosure of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. related to the Annual GMS Calling of the Fiscal Year 2019 | FSA, IDX and KSEI |
| April 24, 2019 | Submission of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk Annual Report. Fiscal Year 2018 | FSA and IDX |
| May 14, 2019 | Proposed Decision of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. Fiscal Year 2018 | Serie A Dwiwarna Shareholders. State Minister for SOE |
| June 14, 2019 | Information Disclosure PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. regarding Summary of Minutes of Annual GMS for Fiscal Year 2019 | FSA and IDX |
| October 30, 2019 | The Changes of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. Board of Directors Members | Ministry of SOE |
| June 19, 2019 | Dividend Payment Report for the Government of the Republic of Indonesia | Ministry of Finance |
| December 31, 2019 | Submission of Organizational Structure of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. | FSA |
| April 29, 2019 | Submission of the Annual Report of Subsidiaries of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. Fiscal Year 2018 | FSA |
| July 2, 2019 | Submission of Annual Rating Results of Debt Securities and Rating of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. | FSA and IDX |
| 21 August, 2019 | Submission of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk Annual Public Expose Report. | IDX |
| June 28, 2019 | Submission of Information on Changes in the Number of Shares of Prospective Members of the Board of Directors and Board of Commissioners of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. | FSA |
| September 6, 2019 | Submission of Information on Changes in the Number of Shares of Prospective Members of the Board of Commissioners of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. | FSA |

CODE OF CONDUCT

The code of conduct sets the guidelines for the behavior of the Bank Personnel in conducting their daily tasks and duties as well as in conducting business relations with the customers, partners and colleagues. The basic regulation in the Code of Conduct is one of Bank Mandiri's Commitment on the management principles that have supported Bank Mandiri to achieve the stated Vision and Mission.

The work ethic is an elaboration of the basic principles of personal and professional behaviors that are expected to be obeyed by Bank Mandiri Personnel. The business ethics are moral principles related to the behaviors of the



individuals, protection of bank properties, and bank business activities including in its interaction with stakeholders as the basis for the behavior of the Bank in conducting its business operations. Those are standard behaviors that have to be implemented in all organizational levels.

CONTENTS OF THE ETHICAL CODES

The main points of Bank Mandiri's code of ethics contain arrangements for work ethics and business ethics. The work ethic that regulates Bank Mandiri personnel's behaviors covers the following aspects:

| 1. Conflict of interest | Conflict of interest is a condition in which the Board of the Bank in carrying out its duties and responsibilities have interests beyond the interests of the service, both concerning personal, family or the interests of other parties so that the Board of the Bank of the possible loss of objectivity in making decisions and policies appropriate authority that the Bank has given. Therefore, the entire personnel of the Bank: a. Shall avoid activities that may cause a conflict of interest and report to the direct supervisor if unable to avoid. b. shall be prohibited to give consent and or request approval of any loan facilities, as well as special interest rates or other specificity for: i. Himself/Herself. ii. Companies where he and / or his family have an interest c. Shall be prohibited to work for another company, unless it has received a written assignment or permission from the Bank. Board of Commissioners and Board of Directors that follow regulatory requirements. d. Shall be prohibited to collect goods belonging to the Bank for personal, family or other outside interests. f. Only allowed to conduct securities transactions, foreign exchange trading, precious metals, derivative transactions and other goods for their own benefit in the absence of conflict of interest, violation of insider trading rules of the Capital Market Authority, and other regulations. |
|-------------------------|---|
| 2. Confidentiality | a. shall be required to understand and maintain the confidentiality of any information, in accordance with prevailing regulations b. Shall use the information received only for the banking activities. c. In providing information, must act in accordance with applicable provisions. d. To avoid misuse, the dissemination of customer information in the Bank's internal environment is done carefully and only to interested parties. e. Shall be prohibited from disseminating information to outside parties regarding: Bank Activities with the Government of the Republic of Indonesia. Internal policies and Bank work procedures. Management of Information Systems, Data and Reports Employee data, whether active or not Bank business activities, including activities with customers and partners. Except with the approval of the authorized Bank official or because of orders based on applicable laws and regulations. f. The obligation to maintain special matters that must be kept confidential, still applies to former Bank employees. |



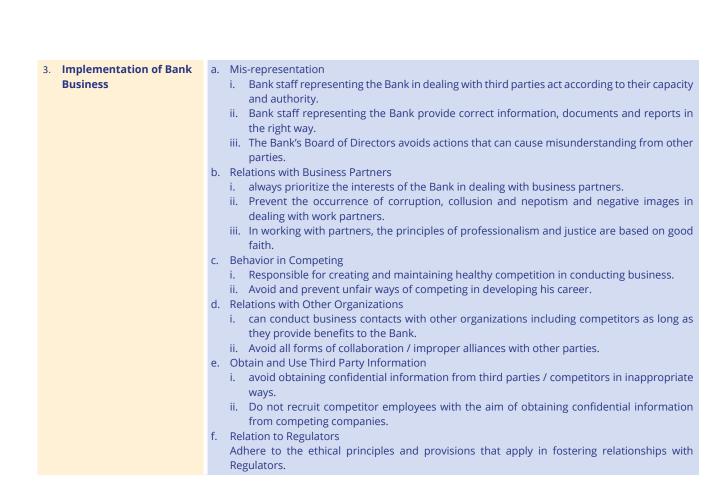


| 3. Position Abuse and Gratification | a. Shall be prohibited from abusing authority and taking advantage of directly or indirectly, from knowledge obtained from the Bank's business activities to: Personal benefits. Benefits for family members. Benefits for other parties. b. Shall be prohibited from requesting or accepting, permitting or agreeing to accept gratuities related to his position and contrary to his obligations in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The types of gratuities and reporting mechanisms will be regulated in separate provisions. c. Shall be prohibited from requesting or accepting, permitting or agreeing to receive a gift or reward from a third party who obtains or seeks to get a job related to the procurement of goods or services from the Bank. d. In the case of customers, partners and other parties giving gifts in the form of goods or in other forms at certain times such as on holidays, certain celebrations, disasters and others, if: As a result of receiving the gift it is believed that it has a negative impact and affects the bank's decision, and ii. The price of the gift is outside the reasonable limit, Then, the Bank Officers who receive the gift must immediately return the gift with a polite explanation that the Bank's Staff is not permitted to receive gifts. e. In the case of giving gifts as mentioned in point (d) above for one reason or another it is difficult to be returned, members of the Bank's Staff who receive the gift must immediately report to their superiors for further action. In the case of customers, partners and other parties providing promotional items, so long as the result of receipt of the promotional item does not cause a negative impact, it is permissible to accept it. In order to procure goods and services from third parties for bank services, must try to get the best price with a maximum discounted price which is recorded for the Bank's p |
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| 4. Insiders' behavior | own benefit beyond those provided by the Bank. a. Bank employees who have confidential information are not permitted to use the information to take advantage of themselves, their families or other third parties. b. Shall be prohibited from using internal information to make purchases, or trade securities, unless the information is known to the public. c. Shall be prohibited from misusing his position and taking advantage of both directly and indirectly for himself and others who can influence the decision. d. Decision making to sell or buy Bank assets and other services must be done by prioritizing the interests of the Bank. |
| 5. Bank Data Integrity and Accuracy | a. Shall be obliged to present accurate and accountable data. b. Not allowed to book and / or change and / or delete books, with a view to obscuring the transaction. c. It is only permitted to make changes or deletion of data based on the authorization of the competent authority in accordance with procedures established by the Bank. d. Not allowed to manipulate documents. |
| 6. Banking System Integrity | a. Must always be introspective and avoid the involvement of the Bank in criminal activities in finance and banking.b. Must be suspicious of unusual transactions and must take preventive actions in detecting accounts suspected of being used for activities such as money laundering, terrorism financing, corruption and other crimes. |



The business ethics as the basis for the behavior of the Bank's employees in carrying out business activities, covers the following aspects:

| 1. Individual behavior | a. Personal integrity upholds morals, has self-esteem and strong discipline. Maintain personal integrity in accordance with applicable rules, regulations, policies and systems. Has a commitment to maintain the Bank's image and reputation. Rely on all actions and behaviors on pure conscience. act respectfully and responsibly and free from influences that allow loss of objectivity in carrying out tasks or cause the Bank to lose its business or reputation. Avoid activities related to an organization and / or individuals that enable conflicts of interest. Both individually and jointly always strive not to be involved in matters that can weaken or reduce the integrity of the banking system in Indonesia. Treatment / Actions of Discrimination uphold human rights. Prevent discrimination in all its forms. Acts of Harassment by Bank Officers must avoid all forms of conduct that violate public order and morality. |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 2. Protection of Bank Property | a. Bank Property always maintains and protects all assets owned by the Bank, both tangible and intangible. Using the Bank's assets only for activities related to the interests of the Bank. Use the Bank's assets responsibly including the appropriateness of the designation. b. Confidential Information Protection protect and prevent valuable and confidential information from loss, misuse, leakage and theft. Do not disseminate reports / information about banks that are not intended to be public. c. Intellectual Property of the Bank safeguard the Bank's intellectual property. Dedicate competencies held for the interests of the Bank as intellectual property of the Bank. d. Note and Reporting Responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the notes and reports presented. |



Corporate Social

Reference POIK

Reference ACGS

Report

Corporate

Governance

Technology

COMPLIANCE TO CODE OF CONDUCT

Bank Mandiri has a code of conduct that explains the basic principles of personal and professional behavior carried out by the Company. The code of conduct applies to all Bank Mandiri employees both contractual and permanent employees, and applies to all Board of Commissioners and Directors.

The application of a code of conduct is expected to encourage the realization of professional, responsible, reasonable, appropriate and trustworthy behavior in conducting business relationships with fellow co-workers and work partners.

DISSEMINATION OF THE CODE OF CONDUCT

The code of conduct has been communicated and socialized to the Board of Commissioners and its supporting aspects, Directors, officials one level below the Board of Directors and all employees, including through:

- 1. Company Website.
- 2. Email administrator delivered to all employees of the Company.
- 3. At the time of the signing of the collective labor agreement carried out between the union of the Company and the management of the Company.
- 4. Standing banners, flyers and other advertising media in the Company's office area.

In addition, the code of conduct can also be accessed at any time by all employees of Bank Mandiri through the Bank Mandiri portal called the Knowledge Management System (KMS).



Report of the Board

of Commissioners and Directors

erformance

Highlights

The employees can report alleged violations of the implementation of the code of conduct to superiors using Letter to CEO (LTC). Any action that has been proven as a violation of the code of conduct will be subject to sanctions in accordance with applicable regulations

Efforts to implement and enforce the Bank Mandiri code of conduct are carried out with full awareness in the form of commitments, attitudes and actions, which include:

- Statement of Compliance with the Bank Mandiri Code of Conduct Bank Mandiri Personnel are required to read, understand well and are required to sign a "Statement of Compliance with the Bank to the Code of Conduct".
- 2. Commitment of Management and Entire Bank Mandiri Employees

Management's commitment and entire employees of Bank Mandiri to not receive money and / or items of gratuity and / or gifts related to their obligations or duties are published through the mass media and the Company's website.

 Internal Disclosure of Conflict of Interest Bank Mandiri personnel are required to make annual disclosures related to conflicts of interest each year, and each work unit is required to submit a transaction / decision report containing a conflict of interest every quarter.

4. Integrity Pact

Human

Capital

Management Discussion

and Analysis on Company Performance

Company

The integrity pact is signed by officials holding authority and all partners / partners of Bank Mandiri who are involved in the process of granting credit, procurement of goods and services, and accreditation of partners. In addition, the signing of the Annual Integrity Pact was carried out by all Board of Commissioners, Directors, and Executive Officers of Bank Mandiri in an effort to implement gratuity control. All Bank Mandiri employees also sign the Integrity Pact for the application of gratuities in every 2 (two) years.

5. Awareness Program New Bank Mandiri employees will get the Bank Mandiri Code of Conduct induction program called the jump start program, as well as continuous and consistent policy socialization.

TYPES OF SANCTIONS FOR CODE OF CONDUCT VIOLATION

Sanctions for Code of Conduct violation are categorized into 3 (three) types, namely sanctions of light, medium and serious. Every violation of the Code of Ethics will be subject to sanctions in accordance with the Employee Discipline Regulations in force at Bank Mandiri, including criminal sanctions stipulated in the applicable laws and regulations.

| Type of Violation | Penalty |
|-------------------|---|
| Light Sanction | First Written Reprimand Second Written Reprimand |
| Medium Sanction | First Written Warning Second Written Warning Written and Last Written Warning |
| Serious Sanction | Termination/Termination of Employment |

Table of Types of Sanctions for Code of Ethics Violation

TOTAL VIOLATIONS OF CODE OF ETHICS

During 2019, there were 606 (six hundred and six) violations of the code of ethics with the following details:

Table of Number of Code Violations Sanctions Types of Sanctions 2019 First Written Rebuke 204 Second Written Reprimand 72 First Written Warning 142



| Sanctions Types of Sanctions | 2019 |
|--------------------------------|------|
| Second Written Warning | 59 |
| Hard and Last Written Warnings | 69 |
| Work termination | 60 |

The number of violations of the code of ethics based on the categories of sanctions provided are as follows.

| Category | 2019 |
|----------|------|
| Light | 276 |
| ls | 201 |
| Weight | 129 |
| Total | 606 |

ANTI CORRUPTION PROGRAM

Bank Mandiri has several policies related to Corruption Prevention, including internal control policies, Employee Discipline Regulations, Code of Conduct, Business Ethics and compiling Corporate Culture Values, among others, instilling integrity values from every level of Bank Mandiri.

The actions taken by Bank Mandiri to address issues of corruption practices, specifically in the Code of Conduct, have been regulated as follows:

- Prohibit all levels of the Company from requesting or receiving, agreeing to receive a gift or reward from a third
 party that obtains or seeks to obtain facilities from the Company in the form of a "cash loan and non-cash loan"
 facility, or in order to purchase or discount letters notes, promissory notes, checks and trade papers or other proof
 of liability, or other facilities related to the Company's operations and those related to the procurement of goods
 and services from the Company.
- 2. Prohibition to all levels of the Bank in misusing their authority and taking advantage both directly and indirectly from the knowledge obtained from the Company's business activities to:
 - a. Personal advantage
 - b. Benefits for family members
 - c. Benefits for other parties
- 3. Providing sanctions from mild to severe for violators of the ban.
- 4. Comply with external and internal regulations.
- 5. In the field of credit, each loan provision must be carried out through discussion in the Loan Committee Meeting forum as a means of implementing the four-eyes principle and a check and balance process between the Business Unit as the initiator unit and Risk Management as the Risk Mitigation Unit. In the committee, the Legal Group and Compliance Group must also be present to provide legal and compliance opinions to strengthen aspects of independence, avoid domination of one unit, avoid conflict of interest and ensure objective and pressure-free decision making. To speed up the process and improve loan performance, Bank Mandiri also sets limits on the authority to decide loan based on loan exposure and the level of risk. The greater the exposure, the greater the cuorum of authority holders consisting of Loan Committee members who function as Risk Management and Loan Committee members who function as Business Units.
- 6. All levels of the Bank must make annual disclosures that contain all the circumstances or situations that enable the occurrence of violations I do not comply with this code of conduct.
- 7. All levels of Bank Mandiri can provide input for performance improvement, strengthening good corporate governance and fraud prevention, through Letter to CEO (LTC), which is a means of communicating with Bank Mandiri directly to the President Director (CEO).