<table>
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<th>No</th>
<th>Aspects; Principles; Recommendation</th>
<th>Comply or Explain</th>
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| D.1.2. | Recommendation 19: Public Listed Company has anti-corruption and anti-fraud policy in place.  
Explanation: Corruption policy serves to ensure that a Public Listed Company's business activities are carried out in a legal, prudent manner, and in accordance with good governance principles. Such policy may be a part of the code of conduct or set separately. The policy may include, among others, programs and procedures implemented to address corruption, kickback, fraud, bribery, and/or gratification within a Public Listed Company. The scope of the policy should reflect the respective Public Listed Company's prevention of any forms of corruption, either giving to or receiving from, any parties. | - Any Insider in possession of insider information is prohibited from influencing any parties, including any Insider’s families, to perform share purchase or sales. - Any Insider other that the Board of Directors and Board of Commissioners who is found to violate the abovementioned provision and is proven to having conducted any transaction and/or provided insider transformation shall be charged with disciplinary action as specified in the Human Resources Guideline Standard. - Any member of the Board of Directors and Board of Commissioners and other parties who, due to their position or relationship with the Bank, is found to conduct insider trading shall be held accountable in accordance with the applicable provisions.  
Description: Comply |
| D.1.3. | Recommendation 20: Public Listed Company has a policy in place for supplier or vendor selection and capability improvement.  
Explanation: Policy regarding supplier or vendor selection useful to ensure that the Public Company to obtain goods or services that are needed at competitive prices and good quality. Where as policy increasing the ability of suppliers or vendors beneficial to ensure that the chain supply chain runs efficiently and effective. Ability of suppliers or vendors in supplying/fulfilling goods or services what the company needs will affect quality of the company's output. | - Bank Mandiri has had an Anti-fraud Strategy policy in place, effective as of May 2, 2012, as a follow-up of BI's Circulating Letter No. 13/28/DPNP dated 09 December 2011 concerning Implementation of Anti-fraud Strategy (SAF). The SAF governs, among others, organizations and 4 SAF Pillars within Bank Mandiri, i.e.:  
Pillar 1: Prevention  
Pillar 2: Detection  
Pillar 3: Investigation, Reporting, and Sanction  
Pillar 4: Monitoring, Evaluation, and Follow Up  
Bank Mandiri has delivered SAF Implementation Report to OJK regularly every semester, as well as incidental reports concerning any cases that may interfere with the Bank's operation, in accordance with the applicable provisions.  
Gratification Control  
Bank Mandiri has a Gratuity Control PTO and has a Gratification Control Unit (UPG) to carry out the gratification control function based on the Directors Decree (SK) in force since March 1, 2018.  
Enhancement of the ability of Suppliers or Vendors, namely:  
1. Operational Policy (KOPR), article 205 concerning Operational Facilities and Infrastructure – Procurement  
2. Procurement Operational Guidelines (SPO) standards which regulate, among others (Chapter III):  
A. General provisions include:  
1) Basic Principles of Procurement  
2) Procurement Ethics  
3) Procurement Planning  
4) Loading Guidelines |