

12. Before the resignation becomes effective, the said member of the Commissioners shall still have the obligation to complete his/her duties and responsibilities according to the Articles of Association and the laws and regulations.
13. To the resigning member of the Board of Commissioners mentioned above may still be asked for his/her responsibilities as a member of the Board of Commissioners until the approval of his/her resignation date at GMS.
14. The release of responsibilities of the resigning member of the Board of Commissioners shall be provided after the release from Annual Meeting of Shareholders.
15. In the event the resignation of a member of the Board of Commissioners resulting the number of the member of the Board of Commissioners becomes less than 3 (three), then such resignation shall be valid when it is determined by GMS and a new member is appointed, so as to meet the minimum requirement of the member of the Board of Commissioners.
16. The term of the Board of Commissioners member ends if:
  - a. The resignation has been effective;
  - b. Passed away;
  - c. Expired tenure;
  - d. Dismissed through GMS; or
- e. The member is declared bankrupt by Commercial Court which has permanent legal force or is placed under guardianship pursuant to a court decree;
- f. No longer meets the requirement as a Board of Commissioners member in accordance with the Articles of Association and applicable laws and regulations.
17. For a member of the Board of Commissioners who terminates on or before the end of his/her term of office, unless due to death, he/she remains responsible for all of his/her actions that have not been accepted by GMS.

### Policies Related To The Resignation Of The Board of Commissioners Getting Involved In Financial Crime

Article of Association of Bank Mandiri has regulated policies related to the resignation of Board of Commissioners and Board of Directors member getting involved in financial crime. If a member of the Board of Commissioners and Board of Directors does not meet the regulation requirements anymore, including involving in a financial crime, then the term of office of the member of Board of Commissioners and Board of Directors shall automatically end.

## Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is a Company Organ that is authorized and fully responsible for the management of the Company for the interest of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Associations. In performing their duty, the Board of Directors is obliged to fully devote his/her energy, thought, attention and dedication to the tasks, liabilities and the achievement of the Company. The Board of Directors must comply with the Articles of Association of the Company and the laws and regulations and shall implement the professionalism, efficiency, transparency, independence, accountability, responsibility and appropriateness principles. Each member of the Board of Directors of Bank Mandiri shall perform his/her duties and liabilities with good will, full of responsibility, and prudence, in accordance and compliance with the applicable laws.

## Duties and Responsibilities of The Board of Directors

The duties and responsibilities of the Bank Mandiri Directors are as follows:

1. Running and responsible for management Company for the interest and in accordance with the purposes and objectives of the Company stipulated in Articles of Association and act as leaders in the arrangement.
2. Maintaining and managing the Company's assets.
3. Representing the Board of Directors for and on behalf of the Company both inside and outside the Court.
4. Arrange and define vision and mission, strategy and the management policy of the Company.
5. Arrange, establish, supervise and evaluation of the implementation of the Company's Plan (Corporate Budget Work Plan, Plan Business Development, Financial Action Plans Sustainable and Human Resource Development Plans) medium and long term.
6. Set the Company's performance targets, conduct supervision and evaluation and striving achievement of the Company's performance targets.
7. Arrange, implement and evaluate the Company's risk management strategies and policies from the identification stage to risk monitoring.



8. Establish policies and implement principles Good Corporate Governance and internal control.
9. Maintain the image of the Company and establish relationships with all stakeholders.
10. Carry out other duties and responsibilities regulated in the Articles of Association, regulations legislation and stipulated in the Meeting General Shareholders, Directors' Meetings and Company regulations.

## Rights and Authorities of The Board of Directors

The Board of Directors has the following rights and authorities:

1. Take all actions and decision in the framework of managing the Company by observing the Company's Articles of Association, Legislation, Company regulations and Good Corporate Governance.
2. Establish the management division of tasks among Directors, in the event that it is not decided by another General Meeting of Shareholders.
3. Directing and setting policies as well Company regulations to support management/Company activities related to budget/financial business activities, risk management, operational, and human resources.
4. Set the submission of the Board of Directors' power to representing the Company inside and outside the Court to one or several special people appointed for that including good Company employees alone or together and/or to another body.
5. Regulate provisions regarding Company employees including the determination of salaries, pensions, or day guarantees old and other income for the Company's employees based on legislation.
6. Lift and dismiss employees The company is based on labor regulations and other laws and regulations.
7. Appoint and dismiss the Corporate Secretary and/or Head of the Supervisory Unit Internal Audit with the approval of the Board of Commissioners.
8. Write off bad debts with provisions as stipulated in the Budget The basis is then reported to Board of Commissioners to report and accounted for in the Annual Report.
9. Do not collect the interest receivable, fine, fees, and other receivables in the framework restructuring and/or settlement of receivables and do other actions in order settlement of the Company's receivables with obligations report to the Board of Commissioners who the provisions and procedures for reporting are stipulated by the Board of Commissioners.
10. Carry out all other actions and actions regarding the management and ownership of wealth Company, binds the Company with parties other and/or other parties with the Company, as well as representing the Company inside and outside the Court about all things and all events, with restrictions as stipulated

in the regulations legislation, Articles of Association and/or GMS decision.

11. Establish Organizational Structure and officials The Company has a certain level that is regulated through the Decree of the Board of Directors with regard to provisions of the Articles of Association, laws and regulations and Company regulations.
12. Delegating tasks, responsibilities and authority to officials below him to assisting in managing the Company with pay attention to the Articles of Association, regulations Company regulations and regulations.
13. Carry out supervision over each activity The Company is in accordance with the aims and objectives The Company and Good Corporate Governance.

## The Tenure of The Board of Directors

The term of office of the Board of Directors is as follows:

1. The Board of Directors members are appointed for the tenure starting from the GMS closing or other dates specified by the appointing GMS and ends after the closing of the 5th (fifth) Annual GMS after the appointing date, on condition no more than 5 (five) years, by considering the applicable laws and regulations including in the field of Capital Market, without lessening the rights from the GMS to dismiss the Board of Directors members at any time before the tenure ends.
2. The dismissal is effective after the closing of the GMS, unless defined otherwise by the GMS.
3. After the tenure ends, the Board of Directors members can be reappointed by the GMS for another tenure.

## Criteria of The Board of Directors

The candidates of the Board of Directors members are individuals, who meet the requirement when appointed or in the tenure:

1. Having good ethics, morals and integrity.
2. Eligible to do legal actions.
3. Within 5 (five) years prior to appointment or during the office, he/she:
  - a. Has never declared bankrupt.
  - b. Has never been a member of the Board of