Consolidated Financial Statements With Independent Auditors' Report Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

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Independent Auditors' Report

Report No. RPC-8283

The Stockholders, the Boards of Commissioners and Directors PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk.

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. (herein referred to as "Bank Mandiri") and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of Bank Mandiri's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of certain subsidiaries of Bank Mandiri as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, whose statements represent total assets of 4.07% and 3.49% of the consolidated total assets as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively and total operational revenues of 4.25% and 3.10% of the consolidated operational revenue for the years then ended. Those statements were audited by other independent auditors whose reports expressed an unqualified opinions and have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for such subsidiaries. is based solely on the reports of the other independent auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards established by the Indonesian Institute of Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits and the reports of the other independent auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of the other independent auditors, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bank Mandiri and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in Indonesia.

As discussed in Note 59 to the consolidated financial statements, accounting principles generally accepted in Indonesia vary in certain significant respect from International Financial Reporting Standards or International Accounting Standards. The application of International Financial Reporting Standards or International Accounting Standards and Bank Indonesia Regulation in respect of minimum provision for unimpaired loans would have affected the consolidated shareholders' equity of Bank Mandiri and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 and the consolidated results of their operations for the years then ended to the extent summarized in Note 60 to the consolidated financial statements.



Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary additional information is presented for the purpose of additional analyses, and is not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Indonesia. Such information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in our audits of the basic consolidated financial statements, and in our opinion, based on our audits, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

Purwantono, Sarwoko & Sandjaja

Drs. Soemarso S. Rahardjo, ME

Public Accountant License No. 98.1.0064

March 4, 2008

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS December 31, 2007 and 2006

	Notes	2007	2006
ASSETS			
Cash	2e	5,909,369	3,965,717
Current Accounts with Bank Indonesia	2e,3	28,161,059	21,579,158
Current Accounts with Other Banks - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp14,387 and Rp11,149 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2d,2e,2o,4,36,47a	1,387,595	537,234
Placements with Bank Indonesia and Other Banks - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp59,200 and Rp97,981 as of December 31, 2007	010. 5.00	40,000,004	0.405.544
and 2006	2f,2o,5,36	16,833,324	9,435,541
Securities Related parties Third parties	2d,2g,2o,2ac,2ad,6,36,47a	28,241 28,331,785	70,960 18,627,220
		28,360,026	18,698,180
Less: Unamortized discounts, unrealized (losses)/gains			
from (decrease)/increase in value of securities and allowance for possible losses		(1,043,473)	(1,151,068)
Government Bonds	2d,2h,2o,2ac,2ad,7,47b	27,316,553 89,466,317	17,547,112 91,461,870
Other Receivables - Trade Transactions - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp839,732 and Rp812,247	2d 2i 2o 8 26 47o	2 029 542	1 059 020
as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2d,2i,2o,8,36,47a	2,028,542	1,958,039
Securities Purchased with Agreements to Resell - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp33,600 and Rp8,600 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2j,2o,9,36	3,290,853	833,388
Derivative Receivables - net of allowance for			
possible losses of Rp3,800 and Rp4,260 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2k,2o,2ad,10,36	336,651	410,727
Loans	2d,2l,2o,11,36,47a,54		
Related parties Third parties		783,078 137,770,474	750,672 117,006,650
Total loans Less: Deferred income		138,553,552 (23,472)	117,757,322 (86,380)
Total loans after deferred income Less: Allowance for possible losses		138,530,080 (13,041,696)	117,670,942 (14,388,695)
Loans - net		125,488,384	103,282,247
Acceptances Receivable - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp69,754 and Rp155,223 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2d,2m,2o,12,36,47a	4,953,481	3,453,170
Investments in Shares of Stock - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp73,943 and Rp73,625 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2n,2o,13,36	124,905	84,870

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued) December 31, 2007 and 2006

	Notes	2007	2006
ASSETS (continued)			
Premises and Equipment - net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of Rp3,971,067 and Rp3,392,670 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2p,2ad,14,40	4,531,577	4,709,243
Deferred Tax Assets - net	2u,27e	4,096,447	3,295,451
Other Assets - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp612,638 and Rp994,703 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2q,15	5,160,533	4,963,425
TOTAL ASSETS		319,085,590	267,517,192

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued) December 31, 2007 and 2006

	Notes	2007	2006
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Liabilities Immediately Payable		852,777	671,339
Deposits from Customers Demand deposits Related parties Third parties	I,2r,16,47a	130,522 66,880,429	333,512 48,479,241
		67,010,951	48,812,753
Savings deposits 20 Related parties Third parties	1,2r,17,47a	42,844 85,315,970	46,355 60,257,206
		85,358,814	60,303,561
Time deposits 20 Related parties Third parties	1,2r,18,47a	181,309 94,803,949	877,911 95,713,323
		94,985,258	96,591,234
Total Deposits from Customers		247,355,023	205,707,548
Deposits from Other Banks Demand and savings deposits Inter-bank call money Time deposits	1,2s,19,47a 2s,20 2s,21	1,637,065 827,617 2,945,659	1,286,609 1,899,681 5,003,010
Total Deposits from Other Banks		5,410,341	8,189,300
Securities Sold with Agreements to Repurchase	2j,22	2,914,343	1,859,780
Derivative Payables	2k,10	34,348	100,823
Acceptances Payable 2d	,2m,23,47a	5,023,235	3,608,393
Securities Issued - net of unamortized discount of Rp903 and Rp3,660 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2t,24	4,050,564	3,793,883
Fund Borrowings	2d,25,47a	9,345,061	3,424,892
Estimated Losses on Commitments and Contingencies	20,26,45	469,508	514,399
Accrued Expenses		540,608	590,533
Taxes Payable	2u,27a	1,280,398	1,582,800
Other Liabilities	2x,28	9,624,031	6,970,296
Subordinated Loans	29	2,935,275	4,157,360
TOTAL LIABILITIES		289,835,512	241,171,346

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued) December 31, 2007 and 2006

	Notes	2007	2006
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)			
Minority Interests in Net Assets of Consolidated Subsidiaries	30	6,346	5,176
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share Capital - Rp500 (full amount) par value per share Authorized capital - 1 share Dwiwarna Series A and 31,999,999,999 common shares Series B Issued and fully paid-up capital - 1 share Dwiwarna Series A and 20,749,551,741 common shares Series B as of December 31, 2007 (1 share Dwiwarna Series A and 20,631,217,466 common shares Series B as of			
December 31, 2006)	31a	10,374,776	10,315,609
Funds for Paid-up Capital	1a	127,593	-
Additional Paid-in Capital/Agio	31b	6,570,959	6,433,948
Differences Arising from Translation of Foreign Currency Financial Statements	2c	113,447	86,867
Unrealized Gains/(Losses) on Availables-for-Sale Securities and Government Bonds - net of deferred tax	2g,2h	(3,568)	229,572
Premises and Equipment Revaluation Increment	2p,14,31c	3,046,936	3,046,936
Difference Arising from Transactions Resulting in Changes in the Equity of Subsidiaries	2n,31e	1,432	9,318
Share Options	2y,32	107,320	105,330
Retained Earnings (accumulated losses of Rp162,874,901 were eliminated against additional paid-in capital/agio in connection with the quasi-reorganization as of April 30, 2003) Appropriated	31d	2.611.690	2,575,369
Unappropriated	31d	6,293,147	3,537,721
Total Retained Earnings		8,904,837	6,113,090
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		29,243,732	26,340,670
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		319,085,590	267,517,192

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	2007	2006
INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONS	 -		
Interest Income Interest income Fees and commissions on loan facilities	2I,2v,33 2w,33	23,232,749 695,800	25,657,397 603,709
Total Interest Income		23,928,549	26,261,106
Interest Expense Interest expense Other financing expenses	2v,34	(11,000,194) (142,434)	(15,776,751) (139,119)
Total Interest Expense		(11,142,628)	(15,915,870)
NET INTEREST INCOME		12,785,921	10,345,236
Other Operating Income Other fees and commissions Foreign exchange gains - net Others Total Other Operating Income	2w 2c 35	2,447,476 311,461 401,269 3,160,206	1,755,027 379,727 351,345 2,486,099
Provision for Possible Losses on Earning Assets	20,36	(2,113,994)	(3,671,788)
Reversal of Estimated Losses on Commitments and Contingencies	2o,26c	61,409	37,670
Reversal of Allowance for Possible Losses - Others	15,28,37	313,015	128,945
Gains/(Losses) from Increase/(Decrease) in Value of Securities and Government Bonds	2g,2h,38	(14,061)	109,381
Gains from Sale of Securities and Government Bonds	2g,2h,39	228,498	137,542
Other Operating Expenses Salaries and employee benefits General and administrative expenses Others - net	2d,2x,2y,32,41,42,47 2p,40 43	(4,082,223) (3,409,260) (716,594)	(3,017,502) (3,250,893) (593,580)
Total Other Operating Expenses		(8,208,077)	(6,861,975)
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		6,212,917	2,711,110
Non-operating Income - net	44	120,466	120,086
INCOME BEFORE TAX BENEFIT/ (EXPENSE) AND MINORITY INTERESTS		6,333,383	2,831,196
Tax Benefit/(Expense) Current Deferred	2u,27b,27c 2u,27b,27d	(2,686,154) 700,262	(1,675,010) 1,266,286
Tax Expense, Net		(1,985,892)	(408,724)
INCOME BEFORE MINORITY INTERESTS		4,347,491	2,422,472
MINORITY INTERESTS IN NET INCOME OF CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES		(1,267)	(1,067)
NET INCOME		4,346,224	2,421,405

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (continued) Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	2007	2006
EARNINGS PER SHARE	2z		
Basic (full amount) Diluted (full amount)		209.78 208.32	119.08 117.83

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

					Unrealized Gains/(Losses) Differences on Available- Difference Arising Arising from for-Sale Securities Premises from Transactions Translation of and Government and Resulting in Retained Earnings *)								
	Notes	Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital	Additional Paid-in Capital/Agio	Funds for Paid-up Capital	Foreign Currency Financial Statements	/ Bonds-net of Deferred Tax	Equipment Revaluation Increment	Changes in the Equity of Subsidiaries	Share Options	Appropriated	Unappropriated	Total	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2005		10,127,859	6,006,255	-	108,923	(241,961)	3,046,936	(14,063)	175,012	2,560,285	1,445,152	4,005,437	23,214,398
General and specific reserve allocated from 2005 net income	31d	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,084	(15,084)	-	-
Dividends allocated from 2005 net income	31d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(301,685)	(301,685)	(301,685)
Community development fund program allocated from 2005 net income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,067)	(12,067)	(12,067)
Execution of shares options from Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP)	2y,31a,31b,32	187,750	427,693	=	=	=	-	-	(200,352)	-	-	-	415,091
Differences arising from translation of foreign currency financial statements	2b	-	=	=	(22,056)	=	-	-	-	-	=	-	(22,056)
Unrealized gains on available for sale Securities and Government Bonds - net of deferred tax	2g,2h	-	-	-	-	471,533	-		-	-	-	-	471,533
Differrence arising from transactions resulting in changes in the equity of subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	23,381	-	-	-	-	23,381
Recognition of share options from Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130,670	-	-	-	130,670
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2006								<u>-</u>			2,421,405	2,421,405	2,421,405
Balance as of December 31, 2006		10,315,609	6,433,948	-	86,867	229,572	3,046,936	9,318	105,330	2,575,369	3,537,721	6,113,090	26,340,670
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^{*)} Accumulated losses of Rp162,874,901 have been eliminated with additional paid-in capital/agio in connection with the quasi reorganization as of April 30, 2003

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued) Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

					Differences Arising from Translation of	Unrealized Gains/(Losses) on Available- for-Sale Securities and Government	Premises and	Difference Arising from Transactions Resulting in			Retained Earnings *)		
	Notes	Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital	Additional Paid-in Capital/Agio	Funds for Paid-up Capital	Foreign Currency Financial Statements		Equipment Revaluation Increment	Changes in the Equity of Subsidiaries	Share Options	Appropriated	Unappropriated	Total	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2006		10,315,609	6,433,948	-	86,867	229,572	3,046,936	9,318	105,330	2,575,369	3,537,721	6,113,090	26,340,670
General and specific reserve allocated from 2006 net income	31d	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	36,321	(36,321)	-	-
Dividends allocated from 2006 net income	31d	=	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	(1,452,843)	(1,452,843)	(1,452,843)
Tantiem, cooperative development fund program and community development fund program allocated from 2006 net income	31d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(101,634)	(101,634)	(101,634)
Execution of shares options from Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP)	1a,2y,31a,31b,32	59,167	137,011	127,593	-	-	-	-	(85,044)	-	-	-	238,727
Differences arising from translation of foreign currency financial statements	2b	-	-	-	26,580	-	=	-	=	-	-	-	26,580
Unrealized gains on available for sale Securities and Government Bonds - net of deferred tax	2g,2h	-	-	-	-	(233,140)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(233,140)
Recognition of share options from Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87,034	-	-	-	87,034
Differrence arising from transactions resulting in changes in the equity of subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,886)	-	-	-	-	(7,886)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2007		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,346,224	4,346,224	4,346,224
Balance as of December 31, 2007		10,374,776	6,570,959	127,593	113,447	(3,568)	3,046,936	1,432	107,320	2,611,690	6,293,147	8,904,837	29,243,732

^{*)} Accumulated losses of Rp162,874,901 have been eliminated with additional paid-in capital/agio in connection with the quasi reorganization as of April 30, 2003

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	2007	2006
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from interest income	21,2v	23,222,510	25,759,601
Receipts from fees and commissions	Źw	3,143,276	2,358,736
Payments of interest expenses	2v	(11,047,366)	(15,880,174)
Payments of other financing expenses		(142,434)	(139,119)
Receipts from the sale of Government Bonds -			
trading portfolio	2g,2h	25,762,599	3,253,360
Acquisition of Government Bonds -			
trading portfolio		(25,549,223)	(1,845,117)
Foreign exchange gains - net	2c	324,322	599,902
Operating income - others		577,068	587,127
Operating expenses - others		(403,582)	(593,578)
Salaries and employee benefits	2x,2y	(2,893,910)	(2,845,005)
General and administrative expenses	2p	(2,825,383)	(2,642,535)
Non-operating income - others		15,675	246,292
Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities		10,183,552	8,859,490
(Increase)/decrease in operating assets:			
Placements with Bank Indonesia and other banks	2f,2o	(7,359,001)	14,238,403
Securities and Government Bonds -			
trading portfolio	2g, 2o	(10,030,596)	(292,604)
Other Receivables - trade transactions	2i, 2o	(97,988)	1,055,858
Loans	21, 20	(24,287,819)	(15,874,043)
Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off		1,375,021	1,086,061
Other assets	2q	(297,405)	(873,007)
Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:			
Demand deposits	2r	17,678,441	4,493,436
Saving deposits	2r	25,304,218	13,150,383
Time deposits	2r	(4,345,784)	(15,496,976)
Inter-bank call money	2s	(1,072,064)	1,061,662
Liabilities immediately payable		181,438	(3,946)
Taxes payable	2u	(2,988,556)	(364,311)
Other liabilities	2x	1,560,507	1,202,403
Estimated losses on commitments and contingencies	20		(2,419)
Net cash provided by operating activities		5,803,964	12,240,390
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Decrease/(increase) in securities - available for sale and held			
to maturity	2g	149,005	(6,678,117)
Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds -	· ·	,	, , ,
available for sale and held to maturity	2h	1,684,033	(242,160)
Decrease in investments in shares of stock	2n	12,250	6,250
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment	2p	3,444	65,017
Acquisition of premises and equipment	2p	(298,367)	(263,847)
Increase in securities purchased with agreements	•	•	
to resell	2 j	(2,482,465)	(524,945)
Net cash used in investing activities		(932,100)	(7,637,802)

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (continued) Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	2007	2006
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			_
Increase/(decrease) in securities issued Increase/(decrease) in fund borrowings Decrease in subordinated loans Increase/(decrease) in securities purchase	2t	93,815 5,908,469 (1,233,809)	(189,587) (1,522,333) (244,906)
with agreements to resell Payments of dividends, cooperative development fund progra	2j m	1,054,563	(186,640)
community development fund program and tantiem Execution of shares option	31d 2y	(1,554,477) 238,727	(313,752) 415,091
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		4,507,288	(2,042,127)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		9,379,152	2,560,461
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEA	IR	26,093,258	23,532,797
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		35,472,410	26,093,258
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year consist of:			
Cash Current accounts with Bank Indonesia Current accounts with other banks	2e 2e,3 2e,4	5,909,369 28,161,059 1,401,982	3,965,717 21,579,158 548,383
Total cash and cash equivalents		35,472,410	26,093,258
Supplemental Non-Cash Flows Information Activities not affecting cash flows: Unrealized (losses)/gains on Securities and Government			
Bonds available-for-sale		(233,140)	471,533
Unrealized (losses)/gains on Securities and Government Bonds trading		(14,061)	109,381
Recognition of shares options from Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP)		(87,034)	(130,670)

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL

a. Establishment

PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. (hereinafter referred to as "Bank Mandiri" or the "Bank") was established in the Republic of Indonesia on October 2, 1998 under Government Regulation No. 75 of 1998 dated October 1, 1998 and based on notarial deed No. 10 of Sutjipto, S.H. dated October 2, 1998. The deed of establishment was approved by the Minister of Justice in decision letter No. C2-16561.HT.01.01.TH.98 dated October 2, 1998 and was published in Supplement No. 6859 of State Gazette No. 97 dated December 4, 1998. Bank Mandiri was established through the merger of the former PT Bank Bumi Daya (Persero) (BBD), former PT Bank Dagang Negara (Persero) (BDN), former PT Bank Ekspor Impor Indonesia (Persero) (Bank *Exim*) and former PT Bank Pembangunan Indonesia (Persero) (Bapindo) (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Merged Banks").

Based on Article 3 of the Bank's Articles of Association, Bank Mandiri is engaged in banking activities in accordance with prevailing laws and regulations. The Bank commenced operations on August 1, 1999.

Bank Mandiri's Articles of Association have been amended several times. The amendment is in respect of the exercise of stock options under the Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP) program based on the number of share options executed.

During the period January 1, through December 31, 2007 and 2006 the stock options exercised totaled 181,547,707 and 375,500,103 shares (Notes 31a, 31b and 32), respectively. The stock options exercised during 2007 and 2006 resulted in the increase of the issued and fully paid-up capital by Rp59,167 and Rp187,750, respectively, and additional paid in capital/agio of Rp137,011 and Rp427,693, respectively. The increase in additional paid in capital/agio represents the difference between the exercise price and market values of MSOP shares with the nominal value of Rp500 per share (Notes 31a and 31b).

From the total stock options exercised during 2007 amounting to 181,547,707 shares, amounting to 63,213,432 shares exercised during the period October 1, 2007 until December 31, 2007 that equivalent to Rp127,593 were not yet recorded as the increase of the issued and fully paid-up capital and additional paid-in-capital but as funds for paid - up capital because have not been supported with the articles of association amendment deed (Note 31a).

b. Merger

At the end of February 1998, the Government announced its plan to restructure the Merged Banks.

In connection with such restructuring plan, the Government established Bank Mandiri in October 1998 through the payment of cash and the acquisition of the Government of the Republic of Indonesia's shares of stock in the Merged Banks (Notes 31a and 31b). Due to the impracticability of measurement, the difference between the transfer price and the book value of the shares of stock at the time of the acquisition was not determined. All losses incurred during the year of acquisition were taken into account in the Recapitalization Program.

The above mentioned restructuring plan provided for the merger of the Merged Banks into Bank Mandiri in July 1999 and the recapitalization of Bank Mandiri. The restructuring of the Merged Banks and Bank Mandiri also covered the following:

- Restructuring of loans.
- · Restructuring of non-loan assets.
- Rationalization of domestic and overseas offices.
- Rationalization of human resources.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

1. **GENERAL** (continued)

b. Merger (continued)

Based on the Merger Deed No. 100 of Sutjipto, S.H. dated July 24, 1999 the Merged Banks were legally merged into Bank Mandiri. The merger deed was legalized by the Minister of Justice in its decision letter No. C-13.781.HT.01.04.TH.99 dated July 29, 1999 and approved by the Governor of Bank Indonesia in his decision letter No. 1/9/KEP.GBI/1999 dated July 29, 1999. The merger was declared effective by the Chief of the South Jakarta Office of the Minister of Industry and Trade in his decision letter No. 09031827089 dated July 31, 1999.

Effective from the date of the merger:

- All of the assets and liabilities of the Merged Banks were transferred to Bank Mandiri, the surviving bank.
- All operations and business activities of the Merged Banks were transferred to and continued by Bank Mandiri.
- Bank Mandiri received additional paid-in capital amounting to Rp1,000,000 (one million Rupiah) or equivalent to one share for each Merged Bank representing the remaining shares of the Government in the Merged Banks (Notes 31a and 31b).

Effective on the same date, the Merged Banks were legally dissolved without the process of liquidation and Bank Mandiri, as the surviving bank, received the rights and obligations of the Merged Banks.

c. Recapitalization

In response to the effects of the adverse economic conditions in Indonesia on the banking sector, on December 31, 1998, the Government issued Regulation No. 84 of 1998 concerning its Recapitalization Program for Commercial Banks, which was designed to increase the paid-up capital of commercial banks to enable them to meet the minimum required Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR). The eligibility of commercial banks for inclusion in the Recapitalization Program is based on requirements and procedures set forth in the Joint Decrees No. 53/KMK.017/1999 and No. 31/12/KEP/GBI dated February 8, 1999 of the Minister of Finance and the Governor of Bank Indonesia. Under the Joint Decrees, the Government, among others, shall implement the Recapitalization Program for Commercial Banks with respect to all State-Owned Banks, Regional Development Banks and Commercial Banks that have been taken over by the Indonesian Bank Restructuring Agency (IBRA).

On May 28, 1999 the Government issued Government Regulation (PP) No. 52/1999 that provided for the increase in the Government of the Republic of Indonesia's capital participation in Bank Mandiri through Government Recapitalization Bonds to be issued by the Minister of Finance with a value of up to Rp137,800,000. The implementation of PP No. 52/1999 is set forth in Joint Decrees No. 389/KMK.017/1999 and No. 1/10/KEP/GBI dated July 29, 1999 of the Minister of Finance and the Governor of Bank Indonesia.

During the period the above mentioned bonds were not yet issued, Bank Mandiri accounted for such bonds as "Due from the Government" in the amount of Rp137,800,000 in accordance with the Government's commitment through the Minister of Finance's letter No. S-360/MK.017/1999 dated September 29, 1999 and the approval of the Minister of State-Owned Enterprises in letter No. S-510/M-PBUMN/1999 dated September 29, 1999.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

1. **GENERAL** (continued)

c. Recapitalization (continued)

Based on Bank Indonesia Letter No. 1/1/GBI/DPIP dated October 11, 1999, concerning the issuance of Government Bonds/Debentures in connection with the Government of the Republic of Indonesia's investment in Bank Mandiri, Bank Indonesia agreed that the above receivable be included in Bank Mandiri's core capital ("Tier 1") for purposes of calculating its capital adequacy ratio (CAR) as of July 31, 1999 through September 30, 1999, subject to the condition that not later than October 15, 1999 the Government Bonds/Debentures should have been received by Bank Indonesia.

Based on Government Regulation No. 97 of 1999 dated December 24, 1999 concerning the increase in capital of the Government of the Republic of Indonesia in Bank Mandiri within the framework of the Recapitalization Program, the Government of the Republic of Indonesia increased its investment to a maximum of Rp42,200,000, such that the total maximum investment would amount to Rp180,000,000.

In connection with the implementation of the above Government Regulations No. 52 and No. 97 of 1999, in accordance with the Interim Recapitalization Agreement between the Government and Bank Mandiri and its amendment, the Government issued Government Recapitalization Bonds ("Recap Bonds") in two tranches of Rp103,000,000 on October 13, 1999 and Rp75,000,000 on December 28, 1999 so that as of December 31, 1999 the total Recapitalization Bonds issued in accordance with the aforementioned Agreements amounted to Rp178,000,000.

Based on the Management Contract dated April 8, 2000, between Bank Mandiri and the Government, the total amount of recapitalization required by Bank Mandiri was Rp173,931,000, or less than the amount of the Recapitalization Bonds. Of such excess, Rp1,412,000 is to be retained as additional paid-in capital, and the balance of Rp2,657,000 was returned to the Government on July 7, 2000 in the form of Recapitalization Bonds equivalent to 2,657,000 (two million six hundred and fifty seven thousand) units.

Based on the decision letter of the Minister of Finance No. S-174/MK.01/2003 dated April 24, 2003 regarding the return of the excess Government Recapitalization Bonds, which was previously retained as additional paid-in capital, Government Recapitalization Bonds amounting to Rp1,412,000 were returned to the Government on April 25, 2003 (Note 31b).

On May 23, 2003, the Minister of Finance issued decrees (KMK-RI) No. 227/KMK.02/2003 and No. 420/KMK-02/2003 dated September 30, 2003 confirming among others the final amount of the Government's participation in Bank Mandiri in the amount of Rp173,801,315 (Note 31b).

d. Initial Public Offering of the Bank's Shares

Bank Mandiri submitted its registration for an Initial Public Offering (IPO) to the Capital Market Supervisory Board (Bapepam) on June 2, 2003. The Registration Statement became effective based on the decision letter of the Chairman of Bapepam No. S-1551/PM/2003 dated June 27, 2003.

On July 14, 2003, Bank Mandiri made an IPO of its 4,000,000,000 shares, with a nominal value of Rp500 (full amount) per share with an initial selling price of Rp675 (full amount) per share. The offering of 4,000,000,000 shares of the Bank represents a divestment of 20% of the ownership of the Government of the Republic of Indonesia in Bank Mandiri (Note 31a).

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

1. **GENERAL** (continued)

d. Initial Public Offering of the Bank's Shares (continued)

On July 14, 2003, 19,800,000,000 of Bank Mandiri's shares were listed on the Jakarta Stock Exchange and Surabaya Stock Exchange based on Jakarta Stock Exchange's Approval Letter No. S-1187/BEJ.PSJ/07-2003 dated July 8, 2003 and Surabaya's Stock Exchange's Approval Letter No. JKT-028/LIST/BES/VII/2003 dated July 10, 2003.

Based on an amendment to the Articles of Association approved by the Minister of Justice and Human Rights in his decision letter No. C-12783.HT.01.04.TH.2003 dated June 6, 2003 that was published in Supplement No. 6590 of State Gazette No. 63 dated August 8, 2003, the Bank's name was changed from PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) to PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk.

e. Quasi-Reorganization

In order for Bank Mandiri to eliminate the negative consequences of being burdened by accumulated losses, the Bank undertook a quasi-reorganization as approved in the Shareholder's Extraordinary General Meeting (RUPSLB) on May 29, 2003.

The quasi-reorganization adjustments resulted in the accumulated losses of Rp162,874,901 as at April 30, 2003 being eliminated against additional paid-in capital/agio.

Bank Mandiri's Articles of Association were amended to reflect the change in additional paid-up capital as a result of quasi-reorganization, by notarial deed No. 130 of Sutjipto, S.H. dated September 29, 2003 which was approved by the Minister of Justice and Human Rights in his decision letter No. C-25309.HT.01.04.TH.2003 dated October 23, 2003 and was published in Supplement No. 93 of State Gazette No. 910 dated October 23, 2003.

On October 30, 2003, an Extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting (RUPSLB) approved the Quasi-Reorganization as at April 30, 2003. The minutes of the RUPSLB were notarized by Notary Sutjipto, S.H. in notarial deed No. 165 dated October 30, 2003.

f. Divestment of Government Share Ownership

On March 11, 2004, the Government divested a further 10% shareholding involving 2,000,000,000 of its shares in Bank Mandiri through private placements (Note 31a).

g. Structure and Management

Bank Mandiri's head office is located in Jl. Jend. Gatot Subroto Kav. 36-38, Jakarta, Indonesia. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006 Bank Mandiri had the following domestic and offshore structure:

	2007	2006
Domestic Regional Branches Domestic Branches:	10	10
Hubs	58	57
Community Branches	99	98
Spokes	341	336
Cash Outlets	458	433
	956	924

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

1. **GENERAL** (continued)

g. Structure and Management (continued)

	2007	2006
Offshore Branches	4	4
Representative Office	1	1

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, Bank Mandiri had offshore branches located in Grand Cayman, Singapore, Hong Kong and Timor Leste and a representative office in Shanghai, China.

On June 5, 2006, the Bank's organization structure has been changed based on Board of Directors' Resolution No. Kep.Dir/069/2006. Those changes including the Board of Directors' segregation of roles and responsibilities were approved by the Board of Commissioners through its letter No. COM/063/2006 dated June 1, 2006. On December 12, 2006, Management through letter No. CMO/577/2006 proposed the change in the Organization Structure Based On Strategic Business Units to the Commissioners. The Commissioners approved the change in the Organization Structure Based On Strategic Business Units through letter No. COM/170/2006 dated December 22, 2006. The Organization Structure based on Strategic Business Units became effective since January 9, 2007 through Directors Decision Letter No. Kep.Dir/06A/2007 dated January 9, 2007.

Compared with the previous organization structure, there are several changes to Bank Mandiri's organization structure, where the functions of existing units were divided into three major groups, which are:

- 1. Business Units (BU) responsible as the Bank's main business development engine, consist of 6 Directorate which are Corporate Banking, Commercial Banking, Consumer Finance, Micro & Retail Banking, Treasury & International Banking, and Special Asset Management.
- 2. Corporate Centers responsible to handle strategic corporate and support the bank's policies, consist of 3 Directorate which are Risk Management, Compliance & Human Capital and Finance & Strategy.
- 3. Shared Services as a support unit to support the Bank operational activities as a whole are handled by the Technology & Operations Directorate.

The implementation of the change in the organization structure and Strategic Business Unit (SBU) is in-line with the Bank's aspiration to become the Dominant Multi-Specialist Bank.

The members of the Boards of Commissioners and Directors of Bank Mandiri as of December 31, 2007 in accordance with the change in the organization as mentioned above and as of December 31, 2006 are as follows:

		2007	2006
Board of Commissioners Chairman and Independent Commisioner Deputy Chairman Commissioner Independent Commissioner Independent Commissioner Independent Commissioner Independent Commissioner Independent Commissioner	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Edwin Gerungan Muchayat Richard Claproth Soedarjono*) Pradjoto Gunarni Soeworo Yap Tjay Soen	Edwin Gerungan Muchayat Richard Claproth Soedarjono Pradjoto Gunarni Soeworo Yap Tjay Soen
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PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

1. **GENERAL** (continued)

g. Structure and Management (continued)

2007 and 2006

Board of Directors

President Director Agus Martowardoio Wayan Agus Mertayasa Deputy President Director Omar Siawaldy Anwar Director

Zulkifli Žaini Director Director Abdul Rachman

Director Sasmita

Director Sentot A. Sentausa Director Bambang Setiawan**)

Riswinandi Director **Thomas Arifin** Director Budi Gunadi Sadikin Director

*) appointed as Independent Community

**) also appointed as Compliance Director appointed as Independent Commissioner by General Shareholders Meeting Year 2006 dated May 28, 2007

Bank Mandiri's Audit Committee as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 is comprised of the following members:

2007 and 2006

Chairman Gunarni Soeworo Member Soedarjono Member Yap Tjay Soen Zulkifli Djaelani Member Member Imam Sukarno

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, Bank Mandiri's Risk Monitoring Committee comprised of the following members:

2007 and 2006

Chairman Soedarjono Member Edwin Gerungan Gunarni Soeworo Member Member Tama Widjaja Secretary Pardi Sudradjat

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, Bank Mandiri's Nomination and Renumeration Committee comprised of the following members:

> 2007 2006

Edwin Gerungan Chairman Edwin Gerungan Member Muchayat Muchayat Member Soedarjono Yap Tjay Soen Member Richard Claproth Pradjoto Member Gunarni Soeworo Member Yap Tiav Soen Member Pradioto

Kresno Sediarsi Kustiawan Secretary

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

1. **GENERAL** (continued)

g. Structure and Management (continued)

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, Bank Mandiri's Good Corporate Governance Committee comprised of the following members:

2007 and 2006

Chairman : Muchayat
Member : Richard Claproth
Member : Yap Tjay Soen
Member : Anwar Isham
Secretary : Mustaslimah

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006 Bank Mandiri has a total of 21,631 and 21,062 employees (unaudited), respectively.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Basis of Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements of Bank Mandiri and Subsidiaries have been prepared in conformity with the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 31 (Revised 2000), "Accounting for the Banking Industry" and other generally accepted accounting principles established by the Indonesian Institute of Accountants and, where applicable, with prevailing banking industry practices and accounting and reporting guidelines prescribed by the Indonesian banking regulatory authority and the Capital Market Supervisory Board.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost and accrual basis of accounting, except for trading and available for sale securities and Government Bonds and derivative receivables and payables which are stated at fair value, certain investments in shares of stock which are accounted for under the equity method, and certain premises and equipment which have been revalued.

The consolidated statements of cash flows are presented under the direct method, which classifies cash receipts and payments on the basis of operating, investing and financing activities. For the purpose of the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, current accounts with Bank Indonesia and current accounts with other banks.

The financial statements of a subsidiary company engaged in syariah banking have been prepared in conformity with PSAK No. 59 regarding the Accounting for Syariah Banking and Accounting Guidelines for Indonesian Syariah Banking (PAPSI) issued by Bank Indonesia and Indonesian Institute of Accountants.

b. Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Bank Mandiri and its majority-owned or controlled Subsidiaries. Control is presumed to exist where more than 50% of a Subsidiary's voting power is controlled by Bank Mandiri, or Bank Mandiri is able to govern the financial and operating policies of a Subsidiary, or control the removal or appointment of the majority of a Subsidiary's board of directors. Significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated. Minority Interest in net income is presented as deduction of consolidated net income in order to arrive at Bank's income. Minority in net asset is individually presented in the consolidated balance sheet between equity and liabilities.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

b. Principles of Consolidation (continued)

Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

Name of Subsidiary	Nature of Business	Domicile	Percentage of Ownership
Bank Mandiri (Europe) Limited (BMEL)	Commercial Banking	London	100.00
PT Bank Syariah Mandiri (BSM)	Syariah Banking	Jakarta	99.99
PT Usaha Gedung Bank Dagang Negara	Property Management	Jakarta	99.00
PT Mandiri Sekuritas	Securities	Jakarta	95.69
PT Bumi Daya Plaza	Property Management	Jakarta	93.33

The subsidiaries' total assets as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 (before elimination) amounted to Rp18,607,409 and Rp14,189,586 or 5.83% and 5.30%, respectively, from the total consolidated assets.

Bank Mandiri Europe Limited (BMEL) was incorporated on June 22, 1999 under the Companies Act 1985 of the United Kingdom. It was established from the conversion of Bank Exim London Branch to a subsidiary effective July 31, 1999. BMEL was mandated to act as a commercial bank to represent the interests of Bank Mandiri. The registered office of BMEL is in London, United Kingdom.

PT Bank Syariah Mandiri (BSM) was established in the Republic of Indonesia on August 10, 1973 under the name of PT Bank Susila Bhakti, a subsidiary of BDN, based on notarial deed No. 146 of R. Soeratman. The Company's name changed several times, the latest of these changes was based on notarial deed No. 23 of Sutjipto, S.H. dated September 8, 1999, whereby its name was changed to PT Bank Syariah Mandiri. The Company is engaged in banking activities in accordance with "Syariah" banking principles.

PT Usaha Gedung Bank Dagang Negara was established in the Republic of Indonesia based on notarial deed No. 104 of Abdul Latief, S.H. dated October 29, 1971. The Company's Articles of Association has been amended several times, the last change with notarial deed No. 7 of Martin Roestamy, S.H. dated November 25, 2004. The Company is engaged in property management and office rental activities, which involve the Company's and its Subsidiaries' offices, and other offices. It owns 25% of the share capital of PT Pengelola Investama Mandiri (PIM), a company primarily established to manage the investments in shares of stock of Bank Mandiri.

PT Mandiri Sekuritas was established in the Republic of Indonesia on July 31, 2000 based on notarial deed No. 116 of Ny. Vita Buena, S.H. replacing Sutjipto, S.H. It was established through the merger of PT Bumi Daya Sekuritas, PT Exim Sekuritas and PT Merincorp Securindo. The merger was approved by the Minister of Laws and Regulations of the Republic of Indonesia on August 25, 2000 based on decision letter No. C-18762.HT.01.01-TH.2000. PT Mandiri Sekuritas owns 99.9% of the share capital of PT Mandiri Manajemen Investasi, a subsidiary established on October 26, 2004 engaged in investment management and advisory activities.

PT Bumi Daya Plaza was established in the Republic of Indonesia based on notarial deed No. 33 of Ny. Subagyo Reksodipuro, S.H. dated December 22, 1978. The Company's Articles of Association has been amended several times and the last change was announced in Appendix of State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No. 34 dated April 27, 2001. The Company is engaged in property management and rental activities. It owns 75% of the share capital of PIM.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

b. Principles of Consolidation (continued)

For consolidation purposes, the financial statements of the overseas branches and overseas subsidiary of Bank Mandiri denominated in foreign currency are translated into Rupiah based on the following bases:

- (1) Assets, liabilities, commitments and contingencies using the middle rates as published by Bank Indonesia at the balance sheet date.
- (2) Revenues, expenses, gains and losses using the average middle rates during each month in the financial reporting period.
- (3) Shareholders' equity accounts using historical rates.
- (4) Statements of cash flows using the middle rates as published by Bank Indonesia at the balance sheet date, except for income and loss statement balances which are translated using the average middle rates and shareholders' equity balances which are translated using historical rates.

The resulting net translation adjustment is presented as "Differences Arising from Translation of Foreign Currency Financial Statements" under the Shareholders' Equity section of the consolidated balance sheets.

c. Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Bank Mandiri maintains its accounting records in Indonesian Rupiah. Transactions in currencies other than Rupiah are recorded at the prevailing rates of exchange in effect on the date of the transactions. At balance sheet date, all foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Rupiah using the Reuters spot rates at 4.00 p.m. WIB (Western Indonesian Time) on December 31, 2007 and 2006. The resulting gains or losses are credited or charged to the current year's consolidated statement of income.

The exchange rates used against the Rupiah were as follows (in full amount of Rupiah):

	December 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Great Britain Pound Sterling 1/Rp	18,760.64	17,616.19
Euro 1/Rp	13,821.80	11,846.25
US Dollar 1/Rp	9,393.00	9,003.00
Japanese Yen 100/Rp	8,384.00	7,563.00

d. Transactions with Related Parties

Bank Mandiri and Subsidiaries enter into transactions with related parties as defined in SFAS No. 7 - "Related Party Disclosures".

All significant transactions with related parties, whether or not conducted under normal terms and conditions as those with third parties, are disclosed in Note 47. Transactions of Bank Mandiri with state and regionally-owned/controlled entities including the Indonesian Bank Restructuring Agency ("IBRA"), *Unit Pelaksanaan Penjaminan Pemerintah (UP3)* (an institution that replaced IBRA) and the Indonesia Deposit Insurance Corporation (*LPS*), (a new institution that replaced *UP3*) are not considered as transactions with related parties.

e. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, current accounts with Bank Indonesia and current accounts with other banks.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

f. Placements with Bank Indonesia and Other Banks

Placements with Bank Indonesia and other banks represent placements in the form of BI deposit facility (FASBI), call money, "fixed-term" placements, time deposits and others.

Placements with Bank Indonesia are stated at the outstanding balances, net of the unamortized interest. Placements with other banks are stated at the outstanding balances, net of allowance for possible losses.

g. Securities

Securities consist of securities traded in the money market such as, Certificates of Bank Indonesia (SBI), Wadiah Certificates of Bank Indonesia (SWBI), Surat Perbendaharaan Negara (SPN), Negotiable Cerfiticates of Deposits, medium term notes, floating rate notes, promissory notes, Treasury Bills issued by other country government and Republic of Indonesia's government (including yankee bonds), mandatory convertible bond, export bills, securities traded on the capital market such as mutual fund units and securities traded on the stock exchanges such as shares of stocks and bonds include Syariah Mudharabah bonds.

Investments in mutual fund units are stated at market value, which is the net value of assets of the mutual funds at the balance sheet date. Any unrealized gains or losses at the balance sheet date are reflected in the current year's consolidated income or loss.

The value of securities is stated based on the classification of the securities, as follows:

- (1) Trading securities are stated at fair value. The unrealized gains/income resulting from the increase/decrease in fair value are recognized in the current year's income and loss. Upon the sale of securities in a trading portfolio, the difference between selling price and fair value per books is recognized as a realized gain or loss on sale.
- (2) Available for sale securities are stated at fair value. Unrealized gains/losses resulting from the increase/decrease in fair value are not recognized in the current year's income and loss but are presented as a separate component of shareholders' equity. Gains/losses are recognized in income and loss upon realization.
- (3) Held to maturity securities are stated at cost adjusted for unamortized discounts or premiums.

For securities which are actively traded in organized financial markets, fair value is generally determined by reference to quoted market bid prices by the stock exchanges at the close of business on the balance sheet date, adjusted for transaction costs necessary to realize the assets. For securities where there is no quoted market price, a reasonable estimate of the fair value is determined by reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same or is calculated based on the expected cash flows of the underlying net asset base of securities. Any permanent decline in the fair value of securities held to maturity and available for sale is charged to income and loss in the year incurred.

Purchase and sale of securities transactions both for the customer and for the Bank are recognized in the consolidated financial statements when there is an agreement on securities transactions.

Securities are stated net of allowance for possible losses and unamortized interest/premium or discount. Premiums and discounts are amortized using the straight-line method.

Securities are derecognized from the balance sheet after the Bank has transferred all significant risk and rewards of the related securities.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

h. Government Bonds

Government Bonds represent bonds issued by the Government of Republik Indonesia in connection with the recapitalization of commercial banks. Government Bonds are stated based on the classification of the bonds, which accounting treatment is similar to those of securities as described in Note 2g above.

For Government Bonds, which are traded, fair value is generally determined by reference to quoted market bid prices by Bloomberg's and quoted price by broker on the balance sheet date. For Government Bonds where there are no quoted market prices, a reasonable estimate of the fair value is calculated using the yield-to-maturity approach.

Government Bonds was derecognized from the balance sheet after the Bank has transferred all significant risk and rewards of the related Government Bonds.

i. Other Receivables - Trade Transactions

Other receivables - trade transactions represent receivables resulting from contracts for trade-related facilities given to customers, which are collectible when due, presented at their outstanding balances, net of allowance for possible losses.

j. Securities Purchased/Sold under Resale/Repurchase Agreements

Securities purchased under resale agreements are presented as assets in the consolidated balance sheet at their resale price less unamortized interest and allowance for possible losses. The difference between the purchase price and the selling price is treated as unrealized (unamortized) interest income and is recognized as income during the period from the purchase of securities to the date of resale.

Securities sold under repurchase agreements are presented as liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet at the repurchase price less unamortized interest. The difference between the selling price and the repurchase price is treated as a prepaid expense and is recognized as expense during the period from the sale of securities to the date of repurchase.

k. Derivative Receivables and Derivative Payables

All derivative instruments (including foreign currency transactions for funding and trading) are recognized in the consolidated balance sheet at their fair values. Fair value is determined based on market value, Reuters spot rate at reporting date, pricing models or quoted prices of other instruments with similar characteristics. Derivative assets and liabilities are presented at the amount of unrealized gains or losses on derivative contracts, net after provision for possible losses.

Gains or losses on derivative contracts are accounted for based on the purpose the Bank has designated upon acquisition as (1) fair value hedge, (2) cash flow hedge, (3) a hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation and (4) trading instruments, as follows:

 Gain or loss on a derivative contract designated and qualifying as a fair value hedging instrument, and the gain or loss on the revaluation of hedged assets or liabilities is recognized currently in income and loss in the same accounting period. Gains or losses arising from such revaluations may be offset. Any difference that arises representing the effect of hedge ineffectiveness is recognized currently in consolidated statement of income.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- k. Derivative Receivables and Derivative Payables (continued)
 - 2. The effective portion of the gain or loss on a derivative contract designated and qualifying as a cash flow hedging instrument is reported as a component of other comprehensive income under shareholders' equity. The effect of the hedge ineffectiveness is recognized currently in consolidated statement of income.
 - 3. Gain or loss on a hedging derivative instrument in a hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation is reported in other comprehensive income as part of the cumulative translation adjustment under shareholders' equity to the extent it is effective as a hedge.
 - 4. Gain or loss on a derivative contract not designated as a hedging instrument (or derivative contract that does not qualify as a hedging instrument) is recognized in the current year's consolidated statement of income.

I. Loans

Loans represent receivables under contracts with borrowers, where borrowers are required to repay their debts with interest after a specified period, and matured trade finance facilities which have not been settled within 15 days.

Loans are stated at their outstanding balance less an allowance for possible loan losses.

Syndicated, direct financing and joint financing, and channeling loans are stated at their balances in proportion to the risks borne by the Bank and its Subsidiaries.

Included in loans are *syariah* financing which consists of *syariah* receivables and *musyarakah* financing.

Syariah receivables result from lease transactions based on *murabahah*, *istishna*, *ijarah*, *hiwalah*, *rahn* and *qardh* agreements.

Musyarakah financing is an agreement between the investors (mitra musyarakah) to have a joint venture in a partnership with profit and loss sharing based on an agreement and capital contribution proportion. Musyarakah financing is presented at the outstanding balance, net of allowance for possible losses.

Loans Purchased from IBRA

Bank Indonesia issued Regulation No. 4/7/PBI/2002 regarding "Prudential Principles for Credits Purchased by Banks from IBRA" dated September 27, 2002, which applies for all loans purchased from IBRA starting January 1, 2002.

The difference between the outstanding loan principal and purchase price is booked as deferred income if the Bank enters into a new credit agreement with the borrower, and as an allowance for possible losses if the Bank does not enter into a new credit agreement with the borrower. The allowance for loan losses or deferred income is only adjusted once the Bank has recovered the original purchase price.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Loans (continued)

Loans Purchased from IBRA (continued)

Income arising from the loans purchased from IBRA is recognized on a cash basis. If the Bank enters into a new credit agreement with the borrower, any receipts from a borrower are recognized as a deduction of the outstanding principal and/or as interest income following the terms or conditions as set out in the new credit agreement. If the Bank does not enter into a new credit agreement with the borrower, any receipts from a borrower must be recognized firstly as a deduction of outstanding principal. The excess of receipts over the outstanding principal balance shall be recognized as interest income.

Bank Indonesia allows the Bank to classify all the loans purchased from IBRA as Category 1 (Current) for a period of one year from the date of booking. Thereafter, the loans are classified based on the normal loan rating guidelines of Bank Indonesia.

Bank Indonesia requires banks to fully recover the purchase price of the loans within five years from the date of booking. Any unpaid amount after five years should be written off by the banks.

Loan Restructuring

Loan restructuring may involve a modification of the terms of the loans, conversion of loans into equity or other financial instruments and/or a combination of both.

Losses on loan restructurings in respect of modification of the terms of the loans are recognized only if the present value of total future cash receipts specified by the new terms of the loans, including both receipts designated as interest and those designated as loan principal, are less than the recorded loans before restructuring.

For loan restructurings which involve a conversion of loans into equity or other financial instruments in partial satisfaction of loans, a loss on loan restructuring is recognized only if the fair value of the equity or financial instruments received, reduced by estimated expenses to sell the equity or other financial instruments, is less than the designated loan's value.

Deferred interest, which is capitalized to receivables under new restructuring agreements, is recorded as deferred interest income and is amortized proportionately based on the amount of capitalized interest relative to the loan principal upon loan collections. Losses on loan restructuring are presented as part of allowance for possible losses.

m. Acceptances Receivable and Payable

Acceptances receivable and payable are stated at the value of the letters of credit or realizable value of the letters of credit accepted by the Bank. Acceptances receivable are presented net of allowance for possible losses.

n. Investments in Shares of Stock

Investments in shares of stock represent long-term investments in non-publicly-listed companies and temporary investments in debtor companies arising from conversion of loans to equity.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

n. Investments in Shares of Stock (continued)

Investments in shares of stock representing ownership interests of 20% to 50% and above 50%, except for investments in companies arising from conversion of loans to equity, are accounted for under the equity method. Under this method, investments are stated at cost and adjusted for the Bank's proportionate share in the net equity of the investees and reduced by dividends earned since the acquisition date reduced by allowance for possible losses.

Temporary investments in debtor companies arising from the conversion of loans to equity are accounted for under the cost method regardless of the percentage of ownership, less an allowance for possible losses.

All other investments are carried at cost reduced by an allowance for possible losses.

Changes in value of investments in subsidiaries which is caused by changes in the subsidiaries' equity and is not a transaction between the Bank and the Subsidiaries, is recognized as part of the equity as "Difference Arising from Transactions Resulting in Changes in the Equity of Subsidiaries", this account will be calculated in determining the parent companies' profit and loss at the disposal of the investment (Note 31e).

o. Allowance for Possible Losses on Earning Assets and Non-earning Assets and Estimated Losses on Commitments and Contingencies

Earning assets consist of current accounts with other banks, placements with Bank Indonesia and other banks, securities, Government Bonds, other receivables - trade transactions, securities purchased with agreements to resell, derivative receivables, loans, acceptances receivable, investments in shares of stock and commitments and contingencies with credit-related risk.

Commitments and contingencies with credit-related risk consist of outstanding irrevocable letters of credit, outstanding letters of credit under Bank Indonesia's guarantee program, guarantees issued in the form of standby letters of credit, bank guarantees, risk sharing and unused loan facilities.

Non-earning assets are assets with potential loss and include but is not limited to foreclosed properties, abandoned properties, inter-office accounts and suspense accounts.

In accordance with Bank Indonesia (BI) regulations, the Bank classifies earning assets into one of five categories and non earning assets into one of four categories. Performing assets are categorized as "Current" and "Special Mention", while non-performing assets are categorized into three categories: "Sub-Standard", "Doubtful" and "Loss". Non-earning assets are divided into "Current", "Sub-Standard", "Doubtful" and "Loss".

The classification of earning assets is based on Bank Indonesia Regulation No.7/2/PBI/2005 dated January 20, 2005 regarding Asset Quality Rating For Commercial Banks (PBI 7) which has been amended by Bank Indonesia Regulation No. 8/2/PBI/2006 dated January 30, 2006 regarding Changes on PBI 7, and with Bank Indonesia Regulation No. 9/6/PBI/2007 dated March 30, 2007 regarding Second Change on Bank Indonesia Regulation No. 7/2/PBI/2005. Under PBI 9/6/PBI/2007 machinery which are attached to the land and legally bounded with *Hak Tanggungan* and warehouse receipts which are bounded with *Hak Jaminan* can be deducted from the allowance for losses on earning assets. In connection with PBI 7, Bank Mandiri determined the classification of earning assets based on the evaluation of the management on each borrower's repayment performance, business prospects, and ability to repay.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

o. Allowance for Possible Losses on Earning Assets and Non-earning Assets and Estimated Losses on Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

In accordance with PBI No. 7/2/PBI/2005 dated January 20, 2005, classification of quality for repossessed assets, abandoned properties, inter-office accounts, suspense accounts and unused loan facilities granted to customers (off balance sheet item), became effective 12 (twelve) months since the date of its enactment.

For Syariah Banks, the classification of earning assets is determined based on Bank Indonesia Regulation No. 5/7/PBI/2003 dated May 19, 2003 regarding Earning Assets Quality For Syariah Banks.

The amount of the minimum allowance for possible losses on assets and commitments and contingencies with credit-related risk, takes into consideration Bank Indonesia Regulation No. 7/2/PBI/2005 dated January 20, 2005 (PBI 7) regarding Asset Quality Rating For Commercial Banks which has been amended with Bank Indonesia Regulation No. 8/2/PBI/2006 dated January 30, 2006 regarding Changes on PBI 7 which has been further amended by Bank Indonesia Regulation No. 9/6/PBI/2007 dated March 30, 2007, which prescribe minimum rates of allowance for possible losses on assets and commitments and contingencies with credit-related risk.

The amounts of the minimum allowance in accordance with the Bank Indonesia Regulation are as follows:

- 1) General provision, at minimum amounting to 1% from the earning assets classified as current, except for earning assets in Certificates of Bank Indonesia and Government Bonds and for earning assets which are guaranteed with cash collateral such as current accounts, time deposits, savings, margin deposits, gold, Certificates of Bank Indonesia or Government Bonds, Government Guarantees in accordance with the regulations, standby letters of credit from prime bank, which are issued in accordance with Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credit (UCP) or International Standard Practices (ISP).
- 2) Special provision, at minimum amounting to:
 - a. 5% from the asset classified as special mention and after deducting the value of collateral.
 - b. 15% from the asset classified as sub-standard after deducting with the value of collateral.
 - c. 50% from the asset classified as doubtful after deducting the value of collateral.
 - d. 100% from the asset classified as loss after deducting the value of collateral.

The collateral which can be deducted from the allowance for possible losses calculation is only for earning assets.

The collateral value which can be deducted from the allowance for possible losses on earning assets is that, with appraisal conducted not exceeding 24 months and is done by an independent appraisal for amounts exceeding Rp5 (five) billion.

The Bank has not included all collateral in the calculation of allowance for possible losses since the last appraisal has exceeded 24 months.

The estimated loss on commitments and contingencies with credit-related risk is presented in the liabilities section of the consolidated balance sheets.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

o. Allowance for Possible Losses on Earning Assets and Non-earning Assets and Estimated Losses on Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

The outstanding balances of earning assets classified as loss are written off against the respective allowance for possible losses when the management of Bank Mandiri and Subsidiaries believes that the earning assets are uncollectible. Recoveries of earning assets previously written off are recorded as an addition to the allowance for possible losses during the year. If the recovery exceeds the principal amount, the excess will be recognized as interest income.

p. Premises and Equipment

Premises and equipment are stated at cost, except for certain premises and equipment used in operations that were revalued in 1979, 1987 and 2003 in accordance with Government regulations, less accumulated depreciation, amortization, and losses from decline in assets value. The corresponding revaluation increments were credited to "Premises and Equipment Revaluation Increment" under the shareholders' equity in the consolidated balance sheets.

Premises and equipment, except land, are depreciated and amortized using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

	Years
Buildings	20
Furniture, fixtures, office equipment and computer equipment/software	5
Vehicles	5

Construction in progress is stated at cost and is presented as part of premises and equipment. Accumulated costs are reclassified to the appropriate premises and equipment account when the assets are substantially complete and are ready for their intended use.

The cost of repairs and maintenance is charged to consolidated income and loss as incurred; significant renewals and betterments are capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, their carrying values and the related accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed from the accounts and any resulting gains or losses are reflected in the current year's consolidated income and loss.

In accordance with SFAS No. 47 - "Land Accounting", all costs and expenses incurred in relation with obtaining the landright, such as licence fee, survey and measurement cost, notary fee and taxes, are deferred and presented separately from the cost of the landright. The deferred cost related with obtaining the landright was presented as part of "Deferred Expense - net" in the consolidated balance sheet, and amortized for the period of the related landright using straight-line method.

In addition, SFAS No. 47 also states that landright is not amortized unless it meet certain required conditions.

SFAS No. 48 - "Decline in Assets Value" states that the carrying amounts of fixed assets are reviewed as of each balance sheet date to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts and, when carrying value exceeds this estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amount.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

q. Other Assets

Other assets include accrued income for interest, fees and commissions, receivables, prepaid taxes, prepaid expenses, repossessed assets, abandoned properties, inter-branch accounts and others.

Repossessed assets represent assets acquired by the Bank, both from auction and outside auction based on voluntary transfer by the owner or based on power of attorney to sell outside auction from the assets owner when the debtor cannot fulfill their liabilities to the Bank.

Repossessed assets represent loan collateral that has been acquired in settlement of loans and is included in "Other Assets". Abandoned properties represent the Bank's premises and equipment in the forms of property not used in the usual Bank's business activity. Repossessed assets and abandoned properties are presented at their net realizable value. Realizable value is the fair value of the repossessed assets less estimated costs of liquidating the repossessed assets. Any excess of the loan balance over the value of the repossessed assets, which is not recoverable from the borrower, is charged to the allowance for possible losses. Differences between the estimated realizable value and the proceeds from sale of the repossessed assets are recognized in current year's income and loss at the time of sale.

Expenses for maintaining repossessed assets are recognized in the current year's consolidated income and loss. The carrying amount of the repossessed assets is written down to recognize a permanent decline in value of the repossessed asset. Any such write down is recognized in the current year's consolidated statement of income.

r. Deposits from Customers

Demand deposits represent deposits of customers with Bank Mandiri and banking subsidiaries that may be used as instruments of payment, and which may be withdrawn at any time by cheque, automated teller machine card or other orders of payment or transfers. These are stated at nominal value.

Savings deposits represent deposits of customers with Bank Mandiri and banking subsidiaries that may only be withdrawn over the counter and via ATMs or funds transfers by SMS Banking, Phone Banking and Internet Banking when certain agreed conditions are met, but which may not be withdrawn by cheque or other equivalent instruments. These are stated at nominal value.

Time deposits represent deposits of customers with Bank Mandiri and banking subsidiaries that may only be withdrawn after a certain time in accordance with the agreement between the depositor and Bank Mandiri and banking subsidiaries. These are stated at the nominal amount set forth in the certificates between Bank Mandiri and banking subsidiaries and holders of time deposits.

Included in the deposits are Syariah deposits and unrestricted investments consisting of the following:

- a. Wadiah is a wadiah yad-dhamanah deposit in which the depositor is entitled to receive bonus income.
- b. Unrestricted investments in the form of *mudharabah* savings which entitle the depositor to receive a share of Bank Syariah Mandiri (BSM) income in return for the usage of the funds in accordance with the defined terms (*nisbah*).
- c. Unrestricted investments in the form of *mudharabah* time deposits are fund deposits which entitle the depositor to receive a share of BSM's income for the usage of the funds in accordance with the defined terms (*nisbah*).

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

s. Deposits from Other Banks

Deposits from other banks represent liabilities to local and overseas banks, in the form of demand deposits, savings deposits, inter-bank call money with original maturities of 90 days or less, time deposits and certificates of deposit. These are stated at the amount due to the other banks.

Deposits from other banks include *syariah* deposits in the form of *wadiah* deposits and unrestricted investments which comprise *mudharabah* savings and *mudharabah* time deposits.

t. Securities Issued

Securities issued by the Bank, which include floating rate notes, medium term notes and travelers' cheques, are recorded at their nominal value. Under Bank Indonesia requirements deposits from other banks with periods of more than 90 days are also presented as securities issued. Premiums or discounts arising from issuance of floating rate notes and medium term notes are recognized as deferred expense/income and amortized over the period of the securities.

u. Income Tax

The Bank and Subsidiaries apply the liability method to determine income tax expense. Under the liability method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for temporary differences between the financial and the tax bases of assets and liabilities at each reporting date. This method also requires the recognition of future tax benefits, such as the carry-forward of unused tax losses, to the extent that realization of such benefits is probable.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Amendments to tax obligations are recorded when an assessment is received or, if appealed against, when the result of the appeal is determined.

The corporate income tax of Bank Mandiri and its Subsidiaries is computed for each company as a separate legal entity. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities for different legal entities are not offset in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax assets are presented net of deferred tax liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets.

v. Interest Income and Interest Expense

Interest income and interest expense are recognized on an accrual basis. Interest income on non-performing earning assets is not recognized, except to the extent of cash collections received. When a loan is classified as non-performing, interest income previously recognized but not yet collected is reversed against interest income. The reversed interest income is recognized as a contingent receivable.

All receipts from credits classified as doubtful or loss must be recognized firstly as a deduction of the outstanding principal balance. The excess of receipts over the outstanding principal balance shall be recognized as interest income.

The interest income from restructured loan is recognized only when it is received in cash before the loan's quality become current as determined by Bank Indonesia Regulation No. 7/2/PBI/2005 dated January 20, 2005 regarding Asset Quality Rating for Commercial Banks.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

v. Interest Income and Interest Expense (continued)

Interest receivable on non-performing assets of Bank Mandiri and its Subsidiaries is treated as off-balance sheet and is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Interest income and expense include syariah income and expense. Syariah income is earned from *murabahah*, *istishna* and *ijarah* transactions and from *mudharabah* and *musyarakah* financing profit sharing income. Income from *murabahah* and *ijarah* is recognized using the accrual basis while income from *istishna* transactions and *mudharabah* and *musyarakah* financing profit sharing is recognized when cash is received as a payment of an installment. Syariah expense consists of expenses from *mudharabah* profit sharing and *wadiah* bonuses.

w. Fees and Commissions

Significant fees and commissions that are directly related to lending activities and/or involving specific time periods are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over those periods. The balances of unamortized fees and commissions relating to loans settled prior to maturity are recognized in the current year's income and loss upon settlement. Other fees and commissions are recognized as income at the transaction date.

x. Post-Employment Benefits

The estimated provision is based on the results of an independent actuarial valuation in accordance with Labor Law No. 13/2003 and the revised SFAS No. 24 regarding "Employee Benefits".

Bank Mandiri established a defined contribution pension plan covering substantially all of its eligible employees from August 1, 1999. It also supports defined benefit pension plans, which were derived from each of the Merged Banks' pension plans.

Bank Mandiri recognizes a provision for post employment benefits under the Labor Law No. 13/2003 regarding the settlement of labor dismissal and the stipulation of severance pay, gratuity and compensation in companies.

The provision has been calculated by comparing the benefit that will be received by an employee at normal pension age from the Pension Plans with the benefit as stipulated under the Labor Law No. 13/2003 after deduction of accumulation of employee contributions and the results of its investments. If the pension benefit from the Pension Plans is less than the benefit as required by the Labor Law, the Bank will have to pay such shortage. Provision for employee service entitlements is accrued based on the results of an independent actuarial valuation. Actuarial gain and loss is recognized as income or expense if the net cumulative unrecognized actuarial gains or losses at the end of the previous reporting period exceeded the greater of 10% of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at that date (before deducting plan assets) and 10% of the fair value of any plan assets at that date. The amount of actuarial gain or loss is recognized through the average remaining working period of the employee in the program. Past service cost arises when the bank introduces a defined benefit plan or changes the benefits payable under an existing defined benefit plan. Past service cost is recognized over the period until the benefits concerned are vested.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

y. Share Options

The Bank has granted stock options to the Directors and Senior Management at certain levels and based on certain criteria under the Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP). Stock compensation cost is calculated at the grant date using the fair value of the stock options and is recognized as part of salaries and employee benefits expense, over the vesting period of the stock options based on graded vesting. The accumulated stock compensation costs are recognized as 'Share Options' in the equity section.

The fair value of the stock options granted is based on an actuary's valuation report calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

z. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing consolidated net income with the weighted average number of shares issued and fully paid-up during the year.

Net income used in calculating the basic earnings per share was Rp4,346,224 and Rp2,421,405 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The weighted-average number of outstanding shares used in computing the basic earnings per share as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 totaled 20,717,958,049 shares and 20,334,565,065 shares, respectively. The weighted-average number of outstanding shares used in computing the basic earnings per share as of December 31, 2007 has been adjusted to reflect the changes in issued shares as a result of the conversion of share option (Note 32).

The weighted-average number of outstanding shares used in computing diluted earnings per share has been adjusted to reflect the changes in issued shares as a result of the conversion of share options (Notes 31a and 32).

The weighted-average number of outstanding shares used in computing the diluted earnings per share as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 totaled 20,863,423,441 shares and 20,550,301,606 shares, respectively.

	2007	2006
The weighted-average number of shares - Basic	20,717,958,049	20,334,565,065
Adjustment on dillutive common shares: MSOP Stage I MSOP Stage II MSOP Stage III	17,423,024 1,428,752 126,613,616	43,162,893 110,511,469 62,062,179
The weighted-average number of outstanding shares - Dillutive	20,863,423,441	20,550,301,606

aa. Segment Information

Bank Mandiri and its Subsidiaries have presented financial information by nature of business (primary segment) and by geographical area (secondary segment). The primary segment is divided into banking, *syariah* banking, securities, insurance and others, while the secondary segment is divided into Indonesia (domestic), Asia, West Europe, Pacific (Cayman) and/or others.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

ab. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimations and assumptions that affect the amounts reported therein. Due to the inherent uncertainty in making estimates, actual results reported in future periods may be based on amounts which differ from those estimates.

ac. Reclassification of Accounts

Certain accounts in the December 31, 2006 consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the presentation of accounts in the December 31, 2007 consolidated financial statements as follows:

Accounts Description	As Previously Reported	Reclassification	As Currently Reported
Securities Unamortized discounts, unrealized gains/(losses) from increase/(decrease) in value of securities and allowance	19,500,483	(802,303)	18,698,180
for possible losses	(1,139,525)	(11,543)	(1,151,068)
Government Bonds	90,648,024	813,846	91,461,870

ad. Revised Statements of Financial Accounting Standards

The following summarizes the revised Statements of Financial Accounting Standards (PSAK) which were recently issued by the Indonesian Institute of Accountants:

- a. PSAK No. 13 (Revised 2007), "Investment Property", shall be applied in the recognition, measurement and disclosure of investment property. Among others, this standard applies to the measurement in a lessee's financial statements of investment property interests held under a lease accounted for as a finance lease and to the measurement in a lessor's financial statements of investment property provided to a lessee under an operating lease. This standard permits the entity to choose between the cost model and fair value model to all its investment property. This revised standard supersedes PSAK No. 13 (1994), "Accounting for Investments", and is effective for financial statements covering the periods beginning on or after January 1, 2008.
- b. PSAK No. 16 (Revised 2007), "Fixed Assets", prescribes the accounting treatment for property, plant and equipment to enable the financial statements users to discern information about an entity's investment in its property, plant and equipment and the changes in such investment. This standard provides, among others, for the recognition of the assets, determination of their carrying amounts and related depreciation and impairment losses. Under this standard, an entity shall choose between the cost model or revaluation model as the accounting policy for its property, plant and equipment. This revised standard supersedes PSAK No. 16 (1994), "Fixed Assets and Other Assets" and PSAK No. 17 (1994), "Accounting for Depreciation", and is effective for the preparation and presentation of financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2008.
- c. PSAK No. 30 (Revised 2007), "Leases", prescribes for lessees and lessors, the appropriate accounting policies and disclosure to apply in relation to leases. This standard provides for the classification of leases based on the extent to which risks and rewards incidental to ownership of a leased asset lie with the lessor or the lessee, and the substance of the transaction rather than the form of the contract. This revised standard supersedes PSAK No. 30 (1990), "Accounting for Leases", and is effective for financial statements beginning on or after January 1, 2008.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- ad. Revised Statements of Financial Accounting Standards (continued)
 - d. PSAK No. 50 (Revised 2006), "Financial Instruments: Presentation and Disclosures", contains the requirements for the presentation of financial instruments and identifies the information that should be disclosed. The presentation requirements apply to the classification of financial instruments, from the perspective of the issuer, into financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments; the classification of related interests, dividends, losses and gains; and the circumstances in which financial assets and financial liabilities should be offset. This standard requires the disclosure, among others, of information about factors that affect the amount, timing and certainty of an entity's future cash flows relating to financial instruments and the accounting policies applied to those instruments. PSAK No. 50 (Revised 2006) supersedes PSAK No. 50, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Securities", and is applied prospectively for the periods beginning on or after January 1, 2009. Earlier application is permitted and should be disclosed.
 - e. PSAK No. 55 (Revised 2006), "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", establishes the principles for recognising and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities, and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items. This standard provides for the definitions and characteristics of a derivative, the categories of financial instruments, recognition and measurement, hedge accounting and determination of hedging relationships, among others. PSAK No. 55 (Revised 2006) supersedes PSAK No. 55, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", and is applied prospectively for financial statements covering the periods beginning on or after January 1, 2009. Earlier application is permitted and should be disclosed.
 - f. PSAK No. 101-106 regarding Syaria Financial Statements Presentation, Murabahah Accounting, Salam Accounting, Istishna Accounting, Mudharabah Accounting and Musyarakah Accounting, replacing PSAK No. 59 regarding Syaria Banking Accounting that was related to recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of the related topic. The standard is effectice for financial statements period starting and after January 1, 2008.

The Bank and Subsidiaries are still evaluating the effects of these revised PSAKs and have not yet determined the related effects on the consolidated financial statements.

3. CURRENT ACCOUNTS WITH BANK INDONESIA

	2007	2006
Rupiah United States Dollar	26,829,332 1,331,727	20,457,558 1,121,600
	28,161,059	21,579,158

The current accounts with Bank Indonesia are primarily maintained to meet the minimum reserve requirements of Bank Indonesia of 11.00% and 3.00% as of December 31, 2007 (2006: 11.00% and 3.00%) of Rupiah and US Dollar deposits, respectively.

The realization of the minimum reserve requirement ratio of Bank Mandiri for its Rupiah and US Dollar accounts as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, is as follows:

	2007	2006
Rupiah	14.00%	11.73%
United States Dollar	3.01%	3.01%

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

4. CURRENT ACCOUNTS WITH OTHER BANKS

a. By Currency:

	2007	2006
Rupiah	36,067	12,816
Foreign Currency	1,365,915	535,567
Total	1,401,982	548,383
Less: Allowance for Possible Losses	(14,387)	(11,149)
	1,387,595	537,234

b. By Collectibility:

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, all current accounts with other banks were classified as current.

c. By Related Party and Third Party:

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, current accounts with related party were RpNil and Rp70, respectively (Note 47a).

d. Average Interest Rate per Annum:

	2007	2006
Rupiah	0.25%	0.83%
Foreign Currency	3.11%	1.92%

e. Movements of allowance for possible losses on current accounts with other banks:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of year	11,149	7,725
Provision during the year (Note 36)	2,731	4,101
Others *)	507	(677)
Balance at end of year	14,387	11,149

^(*) Includes effect of foreign currency translation.

Management believes that the allowance for possible losses on current accounts with other banks is adequate.

5. PLACEMENTS WITH BANK INDONESIA AND OTHER BANKS

a. By Type, Currency, Maturity and Collectibility:

	Maturity	Current
Rupiah:		
Bank Indonesia	< 1 month	11,199,067
Call Money	< 1 month	20,000
Time Deposits	< 1 month	175,100
Total Rupiah		11,394,167

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

5. PLACEMENTS WITH BANK INDONESIA AND OTHER BANKS (continued)

a. By Type, Currency, Maturity and Collectibility (continued):

2007 (continued)

	Maturity	Current
Foreign Currency:		
Call Money	< 1 month	3,410,630
"Fixed-term" Placements	< 1 month	2,017,616
Time Deposits	≥ 1 month ≤ 3 months > 6 months ≤ 12 months < 1 month	453 41,479 28,179
Total Foreign Currency		5,498,357
Total Less: Allowance for Possible Losses		16,892,524 (59,200
		16,833,324

Current
3,300,000
5,000
212,057 180,053
31,502 7,600 2,600
3,738,812
3,493,497
418
2,278,245
22,550
5,794,710
9,533,522 (97,981)
9,435,541

- b. As of December 31, 2007, placement on time deposits amounted to Rp175,100 including the placement on Bank Sinar Harapan Bali amounting to Rp80,000 (Note 56g).
- c. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, Bank Mandiri has no placements with related party banks.
- d. Average Interest Rate per Annum:

	2007	2006
Rupiah	14.45%	12.09%
Foreign Currency	4.37%	4.33%

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

5. PLACEMENTS WITH BANK INDONESIA AND OTHER BANKS (continued)

- e. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, there was no placement pledged as cash collateral.
- f. Movements of allowance for possible losses on placements with other banks:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of year	97,981	154,871
Reversal during the year (Note 36)	(36,337)	(51,542)
Others *)	(2,444)	(5,348)
Balance at end of year	59,200	97,981

^(*) Includes effect of foreign currency translation.

Management believes that the allowance for possible losses on placements with other banks is adequate.

6. SECURITIES

a. By Purpose and Related and Third Parties:

by Fulpose and Related and Third Faitles.	2007	2006
Related parties (Note 47a):		
Trading	13,532	21,247
Available for sale	14,709	49,000
Held to maturity	_	713
	28,241	70,960
Third parties:		
Trading	23,090,970	13,013,736
Available for sale	1,432,288	2,271,072
Held to maturity	3,808,527	3,342,412
	28,331,785	18,627,220
Total	28,360,026	18,698,180
Less:		
Unamortized premium/(discounts)	(8,833)	1,663
Unrealized gains/(losses) from increase/(decrease)		
in value of securities	79,857	(6,893)
Allowance for possible losses	(1,114,497)	(1,145,838)
	27,316,553	17,547,112

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

6. SECURITIES (continued)

b. By Type, Currency and Collectibility:

	0 "	Unamortized		Fair Value/Book Value **)			
	Cost/ Nominal *)	Premiums/ (Discounts)	Gains/ (Losses)	Current	Substandar	d Loss	Total
Rupiah:							
Trading							
Certificates of Bank Indonesia	22,780,819		73,209	22,854,028	-		22,854,028
Bonds	252,122	-	5,247	257,091	-	278	257,369
Shares	16,782	-	(1,974)	14,808	-	-	14,808
Investments in mutual fund units	13,532	-	1,152	14,684	-	-	14,684
Medium Term Notes	3,900	-	-	3,900	-		3,900
	23,067,155	-	77,634	23,144,511	-	278	23,144,789
Available for sale	070 000			670.000			670.000
Wadiah certificates of Bank Indonesia	670,000	-	4 000	670,000	-	-	670,000
Bonds	439,975	-	1,836	441,811	-	-	441,811
Investments in mutual fund units Medium Term Notes	32,843 30.000	-	-	32,843 30.000	-	-	32,843 30.000
Syariah Mudharabah bonds	6,000	-	-	6,000	-	-	6,000
•	1,178,818	_	1,836	1,180,654			1,180,654
Held to maturity			1,000	1,100,001			
Mandatory convertible bonds	1,018,809	_	_	_	_	1,018,809	1,018,809
Syariah Mudharabah bonds	787,200	(10,840)	_	776,360	_	-	776,360
Export bills	283,934	(.0,0.0)	_	283,934	_	_	283,934
Negotiable Certificates of Deposits	315	-	-	315	-	-	315
	2,090,258	(10,840)	-	1,060,609	-	1,018,809	2,079,418
Total Rupiah	26,336,231	(10,840)	79,470	25,385,774	-	1,019,087	26,404,861
Foreign currency:							
Trading							
Bonds	37,347	-	-	37,347	-	-	37,347
Available for sale							
Export bills	118,356			118,356			118,356
Floating rate notes	66.004	-	(728)	65.276	-	-	65,276
Treasury bills	39,108	_	(720)	39,103	-	_	39,103
Bonds	27,917	-	(636)	27,281	-	-	27,281
Promissory notes	16,794	-	1,756	18,550	-	-	18,550
	268,179		387	268,566			268,566
Held to maturity	200,179		307	200,300			200,500
Export bills	1,309,000			1,249,385	7,403	52,212	1,309,000
Bonds	206,646	2,335	-	208,981	7,403	32,212	208,981
Floating rate notes	103,323	2,335	-	103,321	-	-	103,321
Treasury bills	99,300	(326)		98,974	-	-	98,974
eucary sinc		(020)					
	1,718,269	2,007	-	1,660,661	7,403	52,212	1,720,276
Total foreign currency	2,023,795	2,007	387	1,966,574	7,403	52,212	2,026,189
Total	28,360,026	(8,833)	79,857	27,352,348	7,403	1,071,299	28,431,050
Less: Allowance for possible losses			-	(42,088)	(1,110)	(1,071,299)	(1,114,497)
Net			=	27,310,260	6,293	-	27,316,553
			=				

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

6. SECURITIES (continued)

b. By Type, Currency and Collectibility (continued):

Rupiah: Trading Certificates of Bank Indonesia Bonds Shares Medium Term Notes Investments in mutual fund units	Cost/ Nominal *) 12,622,441 198,937 61,068 54,900 21,247 12,958,593 780,000 614,507 499,500	Premiums/ (Discounts)	Gains/ (Losses) 28,703 (6,913) 2,735 3,144 27,669	Current 12,651,144 191,718 63,803 54,900 24,391 12,985,956	Substandard	d Loss 306	Total 12,651,144 192,024 63,803 54,900
Trading Certificates of Bank Indonesia Bonds Shares Medium Term Notes Investments in mutual fund units	198,937 61,068 54,900 21,247 12,958,593 780,000 614,507	-	(6,913) 2,735 - 3,144	191,718 63,803 54,900 24,391	- - - - -	-	192,024 63,803 54,900
Certificates of Bank Indonesia Bonds Shares Medium Term Notes Investments in mutual fund units	198,937 61,068 54,900 21,247 12,958,593 780,000 614,507	-	(6,913) 2,735 - 3,144	191,718 63,803 54,900 24,391	- - - -	-	192,024 63,803 54,900
Bonds Shares Medium Term Notes Investments in mutual fund units	198,937 61,068 54,900 21,247 12,958,593 780,000 614,507	-	(6,913) 2,735 - 3,144	191,718 63,803 54,900 24,391	- - - -	-	192,024 63,803 54,900
Shares Medium Term Notes Investments in mutual fund units	12,958,593 780,000 614,507	-	2,735 - 3,144	63,803 54,900 24,391	- - -	-	63,803 54,900
Medium Term Notes Investments in mutual fund units	54,900 21,247 12,958,593 780,000 614,507	-	3,144	54,900 24,391	- - -	- - -	54,900
Investments in mutual fund units	21,247 12,958,593 780,000 614,507		•	24,391	-	-	
	12,958,593 780,000 614,507		•	•	-	-	
	780,000 614,507	-	27,669	12,985,956			24,391
	614,507	-			-	306	12,986,262
Available for sale Wadiah certificates of Bank Indonesia	614,507	-		780,000	_		780,000
Bonds		_	(26 100)	578,398	-	10.000	588,398
Syariah Mudharabah bonds	499,500	-	(26,109) (11,230)	488,270	-	10,000	488,270
Sydnan Mudnaraban bonds			,				-
	1,894,007	-	(37,339)	1,846,668	-	10,000	1,856,668
Held to maturity Mandatory convertible bonds	1,018,809					1,018,809	1,018,809
Certificates of Bank Indonesia	900,000	(764)	-	899,236	-	1,010,009	899,236
Export bills	96,454	(764)	-	96,454	-	-	96,454
Investments in mutual fund units	5,000	-	-	5,000	-	-	5,000
Bonds	2,000	-	-	2,000	-	-	2,000
	2,022,263	(764)	-	1,002,690	-	1,018,809	2,021,499
Total Rupiah	16,874,863	(764)	(9,670)	15,835,314	-	1,029,115	16,864,429
Foreign currency:							
Trading							
Bonds	76,390	-	(762)	75,628	-	-	75,628
Available for sale							
Floating rate notes	241,455	_	_	241,455	_	_	241,455
Export bills	137,519	_	_	137,519	_	_	137,519
Promissory notes	37,281	_	3,128	40,409	_	_	40,409
Bonds	9,810	-	411	10,221	-	-	10,221
	426,065	-	3,539	429,604	-	-	429,604
Held to maturity							
Export bills	1,020,247	-	-	985,424	-	34,823	1,020,247
Bonds	171,069	2,513	-	173,582	-	-	173,582
Floating rate notes	99,033	(7)	-	99,026	-	-	99,026
Treasury bills	30,513	(79)	-	30,434	-	-	30,434
	1,320,862	2,427	-	1,288,466	-	34,823	1,323,289
Total foreign currency	1,823,317	2,427	2,777	1,793,698	-	34,823	1,828,521
Total Less: Allowance for possible losses	18,698,180	1,663	(6,893)	17,629,012 (41,900)	-	1,063,938 (1,103,938)	18,692,950 (1,145,838
Net			_	17,587,112	-	(40,000)	17,547,112

^{*)} Held to maturity securities are stated at nominal value.
**) Held to maturity securities are stated at book value.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

6. SECURITIES (continued)

c. By Remaining Period to Maturity:

	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
No maturity date	69,472	92,315
< 1 year	25,008,786	14,608,626
≥ 1 < 5 years	856,687	2,167,580
≥ 5 < 10 years	401,286	6,156
> 10 years		186
Total Rupiah	26,336,231	16,874,863
Foreign currency:		
< 1 year	1,704,920	1,306,415
≥ 1 < 5 years	281,528	484,288
≥ 5 < 10 years	37,347	22,806
> 10 years	<u> </u>	9,808
Total Foreign currency	2,023,795	1,823,317
	28,360,026	18,698,180
Less: Unamortized premium/(discounts)	(8,833)	1,663
Unrealized gains/(losses) from increase/(decrease) in value of securities	79,857	(6,893)
Allowance for possible losses	(1,114,497)	(1,145,838)
	27,316,553	17,547,112
d. By Type of Issuer:		
	2007	2006
Banks	25,431,522	15,921,158
Other companies	2,696,719	2,711,461
Government	231,785	65,561
Total	28,360,026	18,698,180
Less: Unamortized premium/(discounts)	(8,833)	1,663
Unrealized gains/(losses) from increase/(decrease) in value of securities	79,857	(6,893)
Allowance for possible losses	(1,114,497)	(1,145,838)
	27,316,553	17,547,112

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

6. SECURITIES (continued)

e. Details of Bonds by Rating:

		Rating *)	Fair value/Book Value **)		
	Rating Agencies	2007	2006	2007	2006
Rupiah Trading Bonds	Various	Various	Various	257,369	192,024
Available for sale					
Bonds PT Indosat PT Indofood Sukses Makmur Others Syariah Mudharabah bonds	Pefindo Pefindo Various Various	idAA+ idAA+ Various Various	idAA+ idAA Various Various	180,298 149,940 111,573 6,000	49,968 90,828 447,602 488,270
				447,811	1,076,668
Held to maturity Mandatory convertible bonds PT Garuda Indonesia Syariah Mudharabah bonds Bonds	- Various Various	- Various Various	- Various Various	1,018,809 776,360	1,018,809 - 2,000
				1,795,169	1,020,809
Total Rupiah				2,500,349	2,289,501
Foreign currency Trading Bonds	Various	Various	Various	37,347	75,628
Available for sale Bonds	Various	Various	Various	27,281	10,221
Held to maturity Bonds	Various	Various	Various	208,981	173,582
Total foreign currency				273,609	259,431

^{*)} Information on rating of bonds were obtained from Bloomberg, which is based on ratings issued by the rating agencies acknowledged by Bank Indonesia, such as Pemeringkat Efek Indonesia, Standard and Poor's, Moody's and Fitch Ratings.

f. Average Interest Rates per Annum:

	2007	2006
Rupiah	7.76%	10.15%
Foreign currency	8.73%	8.40%

^{**)} Held to maturity securities are stated at book value.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

6. SECURITIES (continued)

g. Movements of Allowance for Possible Losses on Securities:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of year Reversal during the year (Note 36) Others *)	1,145,838 (22,773) (8,568)	1,209,035 (30,839) (32,358)
Balance at end of year	1,114,497	1,145,838

^{*)} Includes effect of foreign exchange translation.

Management believes that the allowance for possible losses on securities is adequate.

7. GOVERNMENT BONDS

Government Bonds consist of bonds issued by the Government acquired from primary and secondary markets with details as follows:

2007

Trading, fair value Available for sale, fair value Held to maturity, at cost	972,392 27,294,443 61,199,482	1,289,480 28,978,475 61,193,915
	89,466,317	91,461,870
Based on maturities, the Government Bonds are as follows:		
	2007	2006
Rupiah		
Trading: Less than 1 year 1 - 5 years 5 - 10 years Over 10 years	9,280 272,954 261,452 409,943	205 158,206 852,595 268,841
	953,629	1,279,847
Available for sale: Less than 1 year 1 - 5 years 5 - 10 years Over 10 years	739,520 348,686 13,366,139 12,761,785	20,112 1,191,215 14,946,600 12,711,782
Hall to make with a	27,216,130	28,869,709
Held to maturity: 1 - 5 years 5 - 10 years Over 10 years	1,350,000 25,810,000 33,934,598	1,350,000 12,388,900 47,355,698
	61,094,598	61,094,598
Total Rupiah	89,264,357	91,244,154

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

7. GOVERNMENT BONDS (continued)

Based on maturities, the Government Bonds are as follows (continued):

9.792	_
8,971	9,633
18,763	9,633
49,321	59,026
28,992	49,740
78,313	108,766
104,884	81,332
-	17,985
104,884	99,317
201,960	217,716
89,466,317	91,461,870
	18,763 49,321 28,992 78,313 104,884

^	^	^	-
7	. 1		•

Nominal 896,832 10,000	14		Fair Value ————————————————————————————————————	Maturity Dates	Frequency of Interest Payment
896,832	per A 2 9 14	nnum 9.00%-		Dates	
10,000	14		943,603	44/00/0000	
	3-mont			11/28/2008- 09/15/2025	6 months
000 00		h SBI	10,026	06/25/2011	3 month
906,83	2		953,629		
	latanasi	t Datas		Makusiku	Francisco of
Nominal			Fair Value	Dates	Frequency of Interest Payment
613,617			674,430	11/15/2010- 02/15/2028	6 months
26,577,428	3 -mont	h SBI	26,541,700	01/25/2008- 07/25/2020	3 months
27,191,04	<u>5</u>		27,216,130		
		Intere	et Pates	Maturity	Frequency of
_	Nominal			Dates	Interest Payment
	1,350,000		13.15%	03/15/2010	6 months
	59,744,598	3-m	onth SBI	12/25/2014- 07/25/2020	3 months
_	61,094,598				
	613,613 26,577,428	Nominal per A 613,617 9 15 26,577,428 3-mont 27,191,045 Nominal 1,350,000 59,744,598	613,617 9.50%- 15.58% 26,577,428 3-month SBI 27,191,045 Nominal Intere per / 1,350,000 59,744,598 3-m	Nominal per Annum Fair Value 613,617 9.50%- 15.58% 674,430 26,577,428 3-month SBI 26,541,700 27,191,045 27,216,130 Nominal Interest Rates per Annum 1,350,000 13.15% 59,744,598 3-month SBI	Nominal per Annum Fair Value Dates 613,617 9.50%- 15.58% 674,430 11/15/2010- 02/15/2028 26,577,428 3-month SBI 26,541,700 01/25/2008- 07/25/2020 27,191,045 27,216,130 Nominal Interest Rates per Annum Maturity Dates 1,350,000 13.15% 03/15/2010 59,744,598 3-month SBI 12/25/2014- 07/25/2020

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

7. GOVERNMENT BONDS (continued)

The details of Government Bonds are as follows (continued):

2007 (continued)

		2007 (0011111)	,		
Foreign Currency Trading					
	Nominal	Interest Rates per Annum	Fair Value	Maturity Dates	Frequency of Interest Payment
Fixed rate bonds	18,786	6.63%- 6.88%	18,763	03/09/2017- 02/17/2037	6 months
Available for sale		Interest Dates		N. A.	F
	Nominal	Interest Rates per Annum	Fair Value	Maturity Dates	Frequency of Interest Payment
Fixed rate bonds	75,144	6.63%- 8.50%	78,313	04/20/2014- 02/17/2037	6 months
Held to maturity		Interes	st Rates	Maturity	Frequency of
	N	ominal per A	Annum	Dates	Interest Payment
Fixed rate bonds	_	104,884	6.75%- 6.88%	10/03/2014- 09/03/2017	6 months
		2006			
<u>Rupiah</u> Trading					
	Nominal	Interest Rates per Annum	Fair Value	Maturity Dates	Frequency of Interest Payment
Fixed rate bonds	1,059,072	9.50%- 15.58%	1,229,848	06/15/2009- 09/15/2025	6 months
Variable rate bonds	50,000	3-month SBI	49,999	06/25/2011	3 months
	1,109,072		1,279,847		
Available for sale		Interest Rates		Maturity	Frequency of
	Nominal	per Annum	Fair Value	Dates	Interest Payment
Fixed rate bonds	1,798,391	9.50%- 15.58%	2,166,476	11/15/2010- 11/15/2020	6 months
Variable rate bonds	26,727,428	3-month SBI	26,703,233	01/25/2008- 07/25/2020	3 months
	28,525,819		28,869,709		

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

7. GOVERNMENT BONDS (continued)

		•••
2006	(contini	ied)

			-			
Held to maturity	_	Nominal		st Rates	Maturity Dates	Frequency of Interest Payment
Fixed rate bonds		1,350,000		13.15%	03/15/2010	6 months
Variable rate bonds		59,744,598	3-mo	onth SBI	12/25/2014- 07/25/2020	3 months
	_	61,094,598				
Foreign Currency Trading						
···uu····g	Nominal		t Rates Innum	Fair Value	Maturity Dates	Frequency of Interest Payment
Fixed rate bonds	9,003	<u> </u>	6.88%	9,633	03/15/2010	6 month
Available for sale		Intoros	t Rates		Maturity	Frequency of
	Nominal		nnum	Fair Value	Dates	Interest Payment
Fixed rate bonds	100,877		6.88%- 8.50%	108,766	04/20/2015- 03/09/2017	6 month
Held to maturity		Nominal		st Rates	Maturity Dates	Frequency of Interest Payment
Fixed rate bonds	=	99,317		6.75%- 6,88%	10/03/2014- 09/03/2017	6 months

Significant information relating to Government Bonds is as follows:

2007

As of December 31, 2007, Government Bonds with a total nominal amount of Rp2,914,343 had been sold to counterparties with agreements to repurchase (Note 22).

The ownership of Government Bonds with an aggregate nominal value of Rp1,926,843 have been legally transferred to counterparty bank related with Callable Parallel Deposits (Note 21) and Callable Zero Coupon Deposits transactions. Because of significant risk and rewards of ownership of Government Bonds that have not been transferred to counterparty bank, the Bank still recognized Government Bonds on its consolidated balance sheet.

The Bank has also entered in two Callable Zero Coupon Deposits transaction with counterparty bank related to transfer contract of Government Bonds. Such contract was initiated when the Bank transferred Government Bonds to counterparty bank and received the fund from the proceeds in Rupiah. A portion of the total transfer proceeds amounting to Rp974,666 was placed back as Callable Zero Coupon Deposits to the counterparty bank.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

7. GOVERNMENT BONDS (continued)

Significant information relating to Government Bonds is as follows (continued):

2007 (continued)

A summary of callable zero coupon deposit contract is as follows:

Deposits	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Beginning Balance	Ending Balance	Effective Interest Rate
Rupiah	July 29, 2004	June 20, 2013	359,666	1,000,000	12.18%
Rupiah	April 8, 2005	December 20, 2013	615,000	1,514,470	10.90%

The deposit was placed from a portion of fund received from transfer proceeds of Government Bonds to counterparty bank.

The interest rate of deposit above is the same with the yield of Government Bonds at the transfer date.

The agreement gives an option right to counterparty bank to early terminate the agreement by early termination/withdrawal of the Rupiah deposit on any of the redemption date each year.

Based on the agreement, counterparty bank has option right to early terminate the agreement in effect of unwind events, which is the Bank failed to pay Rupiah deposit top up as required in the agreement.

If counterparty bank exercised its option right to early terminate the agreement due to unwind events, the Bank has to pay unwind cost to counterparty bank as determined later by the counterparty bank.

In addition counterparty bank has option right to early terminate the transaction if counterparty bank assess the fund received in the form of callable zero coupon deposits has higher interest rate than the market interest rate, as the counterparty bank has executed on May 29, 2007 and June 26, 2007.

On May 29, 2007, counterparty bank terminated the callable zero coupon deposits with beginning balance amounting Rp359,666 and paid cash as settlement of the transaction on settlement date June 20, 2007.

On June 26, 2007, counterparty bank terminated the callable zero coupon deposits with beginning balance amounting Rp615,000 and paid cash as settlement of the transaction on settlement date December 21, 2007.

2006

As of December 31, 2006, Government Bonds with a total nominal amount of Rp1,724,119 had been sold to counterparties with agreements to repurchase (Note 22).

The ownership of Government Bonds with an aggregate nominal value of Rp1.926.843 have been legally transferred to counterparty bank related with Callable Parallel Deposits (Note 21) and Callable Zero Coupon Deposits transactions. Because of significant risk and rewards of ownership of Government Bonds that have not been transferred to counterparty bank, the Bank still recognized Government Bonds on its consolidated balance sheet.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

8. OTHER RECEIVABLES - TRADE TRANSACTIONS

Others 169,052 223,273 Total Ruplah 1,065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: Related parties (Note 47a) Others - 56,878 Third parties Usance UC payable at sight Others 922,818 679,865 1,072,611 679,865 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Foreign Currency 2,868,274 2,770,286 (839,732) (812,247 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 Current Special mention Sub-standard 5,26,261 Sub-standard 6,283 Doubtful 1,546,468 445,518 458,152 46,856 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses 798,492 764,656 2,770,286 (839,732) (812,247 2,028,542 1,958,039 Cc. By Maturity: 2007 2006 Rupiah: Less than 1 month 1 - 3 months 1 - 3 months 3 - 6 months 1 - 3 months 3 - 6 months 1 - 3 months 3 - 6 months 3 - 7,432 3 - 6 months 3 - 6 months 3 - 7,432 4 - 7,436,861 3 - 7,432 4 - 7,436,861 3 - 7,432 4 - 7,436,861 3 - 7,432 4 - 7,436,861 3 - 7,432 4 - 7,436,861 3 - 7,432 4 - 7,436,861 3 - 7,432 4 - 7,436,861 4	a.	By Type, Currency, Related Parties and Third Parties:	2007	2006
Third parties Usance UC payable at sight Others 180,052 223,273 Total Ruplah Foreign Currency: Related parties (Note 47a) Others Third parties Usance UC payable at sight Others Total Foreign Currency Related parties (Note 47a) Others Third parties Usance UC payable at sight Others Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Cass: Allowance for possible losses Expectation of the standard for passible losses Deby Collectibility: 2007 Current Special mention Sub-standard Special mention Sub-standard Doubtful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Expecial mention Sub-standard Special mention Sp		Rupiah:		
Others 188,052 223,273 Total Ruplah 1,065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: Related parties (Note 47a) Others - 56,878 Third parties Usance I/C payable at sight Others 922,818 1,072,811 Others 879,865 663,249 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 Less: Allowance for possible losses 2007 2006 Current Special mention Sub-standard Special mention Sub-standard G,230 Doubtful Loss 1,546,468 45,518 458,152 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses 798,492 764,656 764,656 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 Less: Allowance for possible losses 2,028,542 1,958,039 c. By Maturity: 2007 2006 Rupiah: Less than 1 month 440,254 381,031 4,958,039 c. Less than 1 month 440,254 381,031 4,958,039 c. By Maturity: 2007 2006 20,702,866 4,958,039				
Total Rupiah 1,065,591 977,548		Usance L/C payable at sight		754,275
Foreign Currency: Related parties (Note 47a) Others		Others	189,052	223,273
Related parties (Note 47a) Others Others Third parties Usance L/C payable at sight Others Total Foreign Currency Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Description Current Sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Description Current Sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Description Current Sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Cost and the sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Cost and the sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Cost and the sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Cost and the sub-standard Doubfful Loss Description Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Cost and the sub-standard Doubfful Loss Description		Total Rupiah	1,065,591	977,548
Related parties (Note 47a) Others Others Third parties Usance L/C payable at sight Others Total Foreign Currency Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Description Current Sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Description Current Sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Description Current Sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Cost and the sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Cost and the sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Cost and the sub-standard Doubfful Loss Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Cost and the sub-standard Doubfful Loss Description Total Less: Allowance for possible losses Cost and the sub-standard Doubfful Loss Description		Foreign Currency:		
Others - 56,876 Third parties Usance I/C payable at sight Others 922,818 879,865 632,49 Interpretation of the particular of the particul				
Usance L/C payable at sight Others 922.818 879.865 663.248 Chers 663.249 663.249 Total Foreign Currency 1,802.683 1,792.738 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 2,702.868 274 2,770.286 (812,247 2,028,542 1,958,039 2) b. By Collectibility: 2007 2006 Current Special mention 445,518 458,152 Sub-standard 6,283 1.010 Coubtful 1.005 445,518 458,152 (839,732) (812,247 2,770,286 2,248 2,2770,286 2,248 2,2770,286 2,248 2,2770,286 2,248 2,2770,286 2,248 2,2770,286 2,248 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,288 2,274 2,278 2,27		Others	_	56,878
Others 879,865 663,249 1,802,683 1,735,860 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (812,247 b. By Collectibility: 2007 2006 Current Special mention Special mention 445,518 445,518 445,518 Special mention 445,518 458,152 764,656 Sub-standard 6,283 1,010 1,000 Loss 798,492 764,656 1,000 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 c. By Maturity: 2007 2006 Rupiah: Less than 1 month 440,254 381,031 1 - 3 months 416,551 431,971 3 - 6 months 208,786 164,546 Total Rupiah 1,065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: Less than 1 month 1,047,396 923,311 1 - 3 months 39,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 397,855 392,561 <td></td> <td>Third parties</td> <td></td> <td></td>		Third parties		
Total Foreign Currency 1.802,683 1.735,860 Total Foreign Currency 1.802,683 1.792,738 Less: Allowance for possible losses (639,732) (612,247 2,028,542 1,958,039 b. By Collectibility: 2007 2006 Current 5.902 445,518 458,152 5.002 798,492 764,656 Total 6.283 798,492 764,656 Less: Allowance for possible losses (639,732) (812,247 C. By Maturity: 2007 2006 C. By Maturity: 2007 2006 Rupiah: 1.3 months 440,254 381,031 1.3 months 416,551 431,971 3.6 months 408,786 164,546 Total Rupiah 1.065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: 1.802,683 1,792,738 Less than 1 month 1.047,396 923,331 1.3 months 397,855 392,561 3.6 months 397,855 392,561 3.6 months 397,855 392,561 3.6 months 397,855 392,561 3.6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1.802,683 1,792,738 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)		Usance L/C payable at sight		1,072,611
Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738		Others	879,865	663,249
Total			1,802,683	1,735,860
Total		Total Foreign Currency	1,802,683	1,792,738
Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 2,028,542 1,958,039 b. By Collectibility: 2007 2006				
b. By Collectibility: 2007 2006				
b. By Collectibility: 2007 2006				
Current 1,617,981 1,546,468 Special mention 445,518 458,152 Sub-standard 6,283 1 Doubtful - 1,010 Loss 798,492 764,656 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 Less: Allowance for possible losses 2007 2006 Rupiah: 2007 2006 Rupiah: 440,254 381,031 1 - 3 months 416,551 431,971 3 - 6 months 208,786 164,546 Total Rupiah 1,065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: 2 2 Less than 1 month 1,047,396 923,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,806,863 1,792,738 Total Foreign Currency 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247				1,950,039
Current 1,617,981 1,546,468 Special mention 445,518 458,152 Sub-standard 6,283 - Doubtful 1,010 - Loss 798,492 764,656 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 C. By Maturity: 2007 2006 Rupiah: 2007 2006 Less than 1 month 440,254 381,031 1 - 3 months 416,551 431,971 3 - 6 months 208,786 164,546 Total Rupiah 1,047,396 923,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247	b.	By Collectibility:		
Special mention 445,518 458,152 Sub-standard 6,283 - 1,010 Loss 798,492 764,656 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 2,028,542 1,958,039 Cc. By Maturity: 2007 2006 Rupiah: Less than 1 month 440,254 381,031 1 - 3 months 416,551 431,971 3 - 6 months 208,786 164,546 Total Rupiah 1,065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: Less than 1 month 1,047,396 923,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247		,	2007	2006
Special mention 445,518 458,152 Sub-standard 6,283 - 1,010 Loss 798,492 764,656 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 2,028,542 1,958,039 Cc. By Maturity: 2007 2006 Rupiah: Less than 1 month 440,254 381,031 1 - 3 months 416,551 431,971 3 - 6 months 208,786 164,546 Total Rupiah 1,065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: Less than 1 month 1,047,396 923,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247		Current	1 617 981	1 546 468
Sub-standard Doubtful Loss 6,283 - 1,010 to 1,0				
Loss 798,492 764,656 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 2,028,542 1,958,039 C. By Maturity: 2007 2006 Rupiah:				-
Total		Doubtful	-	1,010
Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 2,028,542 1,958,039 c. By Maturity: 2007 2006 Rupiah: Less than 1 month		Loss	798,492	764,656
Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247 2,028,542 1,958,039 c. By Maturity: 2007 2006 Rupiah: Less than 1 month		Total	2 868 274	2 770 286
C. By Maturity: 2007 2006				(812,247)
Z007 2006 Rupiah: Less than 1 month 440,254 381,031 1 - 3 months 416,551 431,971 3 - 6 months 208,786 164,546 Total Rupiah 1,065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: Less than 1 month 1,047,396 923,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)			2,028,542	1,958,039
Z007 2006 Rupiah: Less than 1 month 440,254 381,031 1 - 3 months 416,551 431,971 3 - 6 months 208,786 164,546 Total Rupiah 1,065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: Less than 1 month 1,047,396 923,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)				
Rupiah: Less than 1 month 1 - 3 months 3 - 6 months Total Rupiah Foreign Currency: Less than 1 month 1 - 3 months Total Rupiah Foreign Currency: Less than 1 month 1 - 3 months 397,855 3 - 6 months Total Foreign Currency 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)	C.	By Maturity:		
Less than 1 month 440,254 381,031 1 - 3 months 416,551 431,971 3 - 6 months 208,786 164,546 Total Rupiah 1,065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: Less than 1 month 1,047,396 923,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)			2007	2006
1 - 3 months 416,551 431,971 3 - 6 months 208,786 164,546 Total Rupiah 1,065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: 208,785 397,855 392,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)		· ·	440.254	201 021
3 - 6 months 208,786 164,546 Total Rupiah 1,065,591 977,548 Foreign Currency: Less than 1 month 1,047,396 923,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)				
Foreign Currency: Less than 1 month 1,047,396 923,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)				164,546
Less than 1 month 1,047,396 923,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)		Total Rupiah	1,065,591	977,548
Less than 1 month 1,047,396 923,331 1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)		Foreign Currency:		
1 - 3 months 397,855 392,561 3 - 6 months 357,432 476,846 Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)			1,047,396	923,331
Total Foreign Currency 1,802,683 1,792,738 Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)		1 - 3 months		392,561
Total 2,868,274 2,770,286 Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247		3 - 6 months	357,432	476,846
Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)		Total Foreign Currency	1,802,683	1,792,738
Less: Allowance for possible losses (839,732) (812,247)		Total	2.868.274	2,770.286
2 028 542 1 958 039				(812,247)
			2,028,542	1,958,039

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

8. OTHER RECEIVABLES - TRADE TRANSACTIONS (continued)

d. Movements of Allowance for Possible Losses on Other Receivables - Trade Transactions:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning year Reversal during the year (Note 36) Others *)	812,247 (5,527) 33.012	1,101,415 (215,583) (73,585)
Balance at end of year	839,732	812,247

^(*) Includes foreign exchange translation effect.

Management believes that the allowance for possible losses on other receivables - trade transactions is adequate.

9. SECURITIES PURCHASED WITH AGREEMENTS TO RESELL

a. A summary of securities purchased with agreements to resell

Rupiah Bonds FR0045 Bonds FR0042 Bonds FR0040, FR0043 and FR0047 Bonds FR0040 Bonds FR0040 Bonds FR0040, FR0043 and FR0047 Bonds FR0040 Bonds FR0040 Bonds FR0040 Bonds FR0040 Bonds FR0040 Bonds FR0040 Bonds FR0044 Bonds FR0044 Bonds FR0044 Bonds FR0044 Bonds FR0044 Bonds FR0034 Bonds FR0043 Bonds FR0043 Bonds FR0043 Bonds FR0044 Bonds FR0044 Bonds FR0044 Bonds FR0047 Bonds FR0048 Bonds FR0049 Bonds FR0049 Bonds FR0049 Bonds FR0040 Bonds FR0044 Bonds FR0045 Bonds FR0045 Bonds FR0045 Bonds FR0045 Bonds FR0045 Bonds FR0045 Bonds FR004		.	Commencement	Maturity	Resell	Unamortized Deferred Interest	
Bonds FR0045		Securities	Date	Date	Value	Income	Net Value
Bonds FR0042	Rupiah	D 1 500015	4.4.00.400.00	0.4.4.0.10.000			
Bonds FR0040, FR0043 and FR0047 12/28/2007 01/14/2008 298,006 151 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25					-,		442,430
FR0047 12/28/2007 01/14/2008 298,006 151 25 Bonds FR0040 12/28/2007 01/17/2008 272,408 814 25 Bonds FR0044 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 269,428 378 26 Bonds FR0034 12/27/2007 01/17/2008 253,526 758 25 Shares 03/26/2007 03/26/2008 171,350 5,017 16 Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 15 Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 15 Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 15 Shares 12/18/2007 03/31/2008 152,859 2,502 15 Bonds FR0043 11/28/2007 01/03/2008 137,431 64 15 Bonds FR0044 12/28/2007 01/17/2008 130,867 391 13 Bonds FR0034 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 130,867 391 13 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 12 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 12 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 117,607 165 17 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 17 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 16 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 6 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9			11/28/2007	01/03/2008	373,148	175	372,973
Bonds FR0044 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 269,428 378 20 Bonds FR0034 12/27/2007 01/17/2008 253,526 758 22 Shares 03/26/2007 04/21/2008 171,350 5,017 10 Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 11 Shares 12/18/2007 03/31/2008 152,859 2,502 11 Bonds FR0043 11/28/2007 01/03/2008 137,431 64 11 Bonds FR0044 12/28/2007 01/17/2008 130,867 391 13 Bonds FR0034 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 11 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 117,607 165 11 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 11 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 11 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 6 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 3,36 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 3,361,201 36,748 3,33							
Bonds FR0044 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 269,428 378 269 Bonds FR0034 12/27/2007 01/17/2008 253,526 758 253 Shares 03/26/2007 03/26/2008 171,350 5,017 11 Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 153 Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 153 Shares 12/18/2007 03/31/2008 152,859 2,502 153 Bonds FR0043 11/28/2007 01/03/2008 137,431 64 153 Bonds FR0044 12/28/2007 01/17/2008 130,867 391 153 Bonds FR0034 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 153 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 117,607 165 153 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 153 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 60 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 3,364 34 Bonds FR0026 32/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,366,204 36,748 3,35					,		297,855
Bonds FR0034 12/27/2007 01/17/2008 253,526 758 28 Shares 03/26/2007 03/26/2008 171,350 5,017 11 Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 18 Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 18 Shares 10/23/2007 03/31/2008 152,859 2,502 18 Bonds FR0043 11/28/2007 01/03/2008 152,859 2,502 18 Bonds FR0044 12/28/2007 01/03/2008 137,431 64 13 Bonds FR0044 12/28/2007 01/17/2008 130,867 391 13 Bonds FR0034 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 13 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 13 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 13 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 13 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 60 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,304 14 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,304 3,36					,		271,594
Shares 03/26/2007 03/26/2008 171,350 5,017 16 Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 15 Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 15 Shares 12/18/2007 03/31/2008 152,859 2,502 15 Bonds FR0043 11/28/2007 01/03/2008 137,431 64 11 Bonds FR0044 12/28/2007 01/117/2008 130,867 391 13 Bonds FR0034 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 11 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 117,607 165 1 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 1 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 6 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 15 Bo					269,428		269,050
Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 18 Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 18 Shares 12/18/2007 03/31/2008 152,859 2,502 18 Bonds FR0043 11/28/2007 01/03/2008 137,431 64 13 Bonds FR0044 12/28/2007 01/117/2008 130,867 391 11 Bonds FR0034 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 11 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 117,607 165 11 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 11 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 11 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 0 Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9		Bonds FR0034	12/27/2007	01/17/2008	253,526	758	252,768
Shares 10/23/2007 04/21/2008 163,952 8,633 18 Shares 12/18/2007 03/31/2008 152,859 2,502 18 Bonds FR0043 11/28/2007 01/03/2008 137,431 64 11 Bonds FR0044 12/28/2007 01/17/2008 130,867 391 13 Bonds FR0034 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 11 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 117,607 165 1 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 1 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 0 Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 1 Bo		Shares	03/26/2007	03/26/2008	171,350	5,017	166,333
Shares 12/18/2007 03/31/2008 152,859 2,502 18 Bonds FR0043 11/28/2007 01/03/2008 137,431 64 1 Bonds FR0044 12/28/2007 01/17/2008 130,867 391 1 Bonds FR0034 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 12 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 117,607 165 1 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 1 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 6 Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 5 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 4 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 4 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 4 Bonds		Shares	10/23/2007	04/21/2008	163,952	8,633	155,319
Bonds FR0043 11/28/2007 01/03/2008 137,431 64 13 Bonds FR0044 12/28/2007 01/17/2008 130,867 391 13 Bonds FR0034 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 13 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 117,607 165 13 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 13 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 13 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 6 Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9 Bonds FR0024 3,361,201 36,748 3,33		Shares	10/23/2007	04/21/2008	163,952	8,633	155,319
Bonds FR0044 12/28/2007 01/17/2008 130,867 391 13 Bonds FR0034 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 13 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 117,607 165 13 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 13 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 60 Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9 Bonds FR0024 3,361,201 36,748 3,33		Shares	12/18/2007	03/31/2008	152,859	2,502	150,357
Bonds FR0034 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 122,614 172 13 Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 117,607 165 13 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 13 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 00 Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9 3,361,201 36,748 3,33		Bonds FR0043	11/28/2007	01/03/2008	137,431	64	137,367
Bonds FR0040 11/28/2007 01/07/2008 117,607 165 1 Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 1 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 6 Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9 3,361,201 36,748 3,33		Bonds FR0044	12/28/2007	01/17/2008	130,867	391	130,476
Shares 03/27/2007 03/27/2008 114,233 3,383 1 Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 6 Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9 9 3,361,201 36,748 3,33		Bonds FR0034	11/28/2007	01/07/2008	122,614	172	122,442
Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 6 Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9 3,361,201 36,748 3,33		Bonds FR0040	11/28/2007	01/07/2008	117,607	165	117,442
Shares 12/07/2007 03/27/2008 105,627 4,410 10 Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 6 Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9 3,361,201 36,748 3,33		Shares	03/27/2007	03/27/2008	114,233	3.383	110,850
Bonds FR0028 11/28/2007 01/10/2008 62,420 131 0 Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9 3,361,201 36,748 3,33		Shares	12/07/2007	03/27/2008		4.410	101,217
Bonds FR0025 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,336 15 Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9 3,361,201 36,748 3,336		Bonds FR0028	11/28/2007	01/10/2008			62,289
Bonds FR0026 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 3,040 14 Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9 3,361,201 36,748 3,33		Bonds FR0025	12/13/2007				3,321
Bonds FR0024 12/13/2007 01/14/2008 2,034 9 3,361,201 36,748 3,33		Bonds FR0026	12/13/2007	01/14/2008		14	3,026
3,361,201 36,748 3,3							2,025
							3,324,453
Allowative for hossine rosses	Allowance	for nossible losses			3,001,201	30,140	(33,600)
Net 3.2:		ioi possible losses				_	
Net 3,2:	Mer					=	3,290,853

	Securities	Commencement Date	Maturity Date	Resell Value	Unamortized Deferred Interest Income	Net Value
Rupiah						
	Bonds VR0017	12/26/2006	01/26/2007	226,711	1,623	225,088
	Bonds VR0017	12/27/2006	01/26/2007	226,648	1,623	225,025
	Shares	10/20/2006	04/18/2007	163,875	8,320	155,555
	Shares	10/20/2006	04/18/2007	54,625	2,773	51,852
	Shares	10/10/2006	04/10/2007	46,141	2,275	43,866
	Shares	11/16/2006	05/15/2007	38,410	2,559	35,851
	Shares	08/23/2006	02/19/2007	30,555	710	29,845
	Shares	12/21/2006	03/21/2007	28,283	1,140	27,143
	Shares	08/24/2006	02/20/2007	27,281	646	26,635
	Shares	10/03/2006	01/03/2007	12,555	-	12,555
	Bonds FR0026	09/25/2006	03/14/2007	2,756	9	2,747

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

9. SECURITIES PURCHASED WITH AGREEMENTS TO RESELL (continued)

a. A summary of securities purchased with agreements to resell (continued)

2006

Securities	Commencement Date	Maturity Date	Resell Value	Unamortized Deferred Interest Income	Net Value
Bonds FR0025	09/25/2006	03/14/2007	2,739	12	2,727
Bonds FR0024	12/22/2006	01/22/2007	2,067	16	2,051
Shares	10/03/2006	01/03/2007	598	20	578
Bonds FR0025	12/22/2006	12/22/2007	474	4	470
		_	863,718	21,730	841,988
Allowance for possible losses					(8,600)
Net				_	833,388

b. Movements of allowance for securities purchased with agreements to resell:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of year	8,600	_
Provision during the year (Note 36)	25,000	8,600
Balance at end of year	33,600	8,600

Management believes that the allowance for possible losses on securities purchased with agreements to resell is adequate.

10. DERIVATIVE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

As of December 31, 2007, a summary of derivative transactions is as follows:

	Transactions	Notional Amount (Contract)	Fair Value (Note 2k)	Derivative Receivables	Derivative Payables
Third	parties				
Foreig	n Exchange Related				
1. F	orward-buy				
	US Dollar	1,608,343	1,609,340	3,919	2,922
	Others	10,515	10,612	97	-
2. F	orward-sell				
	US Dollar	111,639	111,414	477	252
3. S	wap-buy				
	US Dollar	1,185,249	1,185,632	2,548	2,165
4. S	wap - sell				
	US Dollar	4,001,795	3,681,068	332,162	11,435
	Others	81,410	82,479	-	1,069
5. C	ption - buy				
	US Dollar		70	70	-
	Others		1,178	1,178	-
6. C	ption - sell				
	US Dollar		163	-	163
	Others		2,047	-	2,047
	st Rate Related				
1. S	wap - interest rate				
	US Dollar		5,008	-	5,008
	Other		9,287	-	9,287
Total				340,451	34,348
	Allowance for possible losses			(3,800)	-
				336,651	34,348

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

10. DERIVATIVE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (continued)

Interest Rate Swaps

On April 17, 2003 Bank Mandiri entered into interest rate swap agreements with counterparty banks with nominal values amounting to US\$125,000,000 (full amount) and US\$175,000,000 (full amount), respectively. The underlying transaction is the Bank's US\$300,000,000 (full amount) fixed interest rate Medium-Term Note (MTN) issued in April 2003 (Note 24). Under this transaction, the Bank receives semi-annual fixed interest at the rate of 7.00% per annum and pays semi-annual floating interest at the rate of six-month LIBOR + 3.37% per annum until the maturity of the MTN on April 22, 2008. The six-month LIBOR interest is stated in arrears. These transactions qualify as hedging for accounting purposes.

The background and purpose of the issuance of the hedging instruments are related to interest rate risk management, whereby the Bank's positive foreign currency interest rate gap position is exposed to downward trends in interest rates in the following five years. The Bank decided to convert its MTN's fixed interest rate into floating interest rates in order to mitigate the risks of a decrease in net interest margin. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006 losses amounting to (Rp5,008) and (Rp51,512) as a result of the hedging fair value calculation have been off set against the gain from decrease of the MTNs, a hedged item, based on the fair value calculations (Note 24).

Bank Mandiri entered into an interest rate swap agreement with nominal amount of US\$125,000,000 (full amount) with counterparty bank in August 2002. The underlying transaction is the Bank's US\$125,000,000 (full amount) fixed interest rate Subordinated Note issued in 2002 (Note 29). Under the transaction, the Bank receives semi-annual fixed interest at the rate of 10.625% per annum and pays semi-annual floating interest at the rate of six-month LIBOR + 6.19% per annum for a 5-year period. The six-month LIBOR interest is stated in arrears. While the transaction is for the purpose of hedging the fixed rate coupon payments of the Subordinated Note with floating coupon payments, it does not qualify as a hedging transaction for accounting purposes. This agreement expired on August 2, 2007.

Cross Currency Swap

Bank Mandiri has entered into cross currency swap contracts, which are associated with the securities sold with agreements to repurchase with several counterparty banks. The contracts were initiated when Bank Mandiri sold its Government Bonds to the counterparty banks and received Rupiah funds. These funds were used to settle the spot leg of the cross currency swaps and Bank Mandiri will then receive US Dollar funds. On the settlement date, the Bank will receive Rupiah funds and pay US Dollar funds to the counterparty banks. Bank Mandiri is then obliged to use the Rupiah funds to repurchase the Government Bonds previously sold to counterparty banks (Notes 7 and 22).

A summary of the cross currency swap contracts is as follows:

Effective Date	Maturity Date	Type of Transactions	Buy (full amount)	Sell (full amount)
November 3, 2004	November 3, 2009	Spot Forward	US\$25 million Rp285,060 million	Rp285,060 million US\$25 million
November 4, 2004	November 4, 2009	Spot Forward	US\$25 million Rp284,062 million	Rp284,062 million US\$25 million
May 18, 2005	May 18, 2010	Spot Forward	US\$25 million Rp316,356 million	Rp316,356 million US\$25 million
June 7, 2005	January 7, 2008	Spot Forward	US\$50 million Rp617,500 million	Rp617,500 million US\$50 million

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

10. DERIVATIVE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (continued)

As of December 31, 2006, a summary of derivative transactions is as follows:

Transactions	Notional Amount (Contract)	Fair Value (Note 2k)	Derivative Receivables	Derivative Payables
Third parties				
Foreign Exchange Related				
1. Forward - buy				
US Dollar	314,493	308,027	17	6,483
Others	398,874	389,757	4,028	13,145
2. Forward - sell	555,51	,	1,000	,
US Dollar	75,158	74,350	819	11
Others	90,661	91,551	248	1,138
3. Swap - buy	33,33.	01,001		.,
US Dollar	1,179,910	1,173,632	95	6,373
Others	1,069,095	1,080,094	13,319	2,320
4. Swap - sell	1,000,000	1,000,001	10,010	2,020
US Dollar	3,446,550	3,054,153	392,467	70
Others	49,967	49,697	296	26
5. Option - buy	40,007	40,001	200	20
US Dollar		406	406	_
Others		1,218	1,218	_
6. Option - sell		1,210	1,210	
US Dollar		408	_	408
Others		930	_	930
		330		550
Interest Rate Related				
Swap - Interest rate US Dollar		62,095		62,095
		*	-	,
Other		7,411	-	7,411
Forward Rate Agreement		0.407	0.074	440
US Dollar		2,487	2,074	413
Total			414,987	100,823
Less: Allowance for possible losses			(4,260)	· -
,				
			410,727	100,823

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the collectibility of derivative receivables is as follows:

	2007	2006
Current	340,451	414,987
Total Less: Allowance for possible losses	340,451 (3,800)	414,987 (4,260)
Balance at end of year	336,651	410,727

Management believes that the allowance for possible losses on derivative receivables is adequate.

Movements of allowance for possible losses on derivative receivables:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of year (Reversal)/provision during the year (Note 36) Others *)	4,260 (467) 7	3,443 874 (57)
Balance at end of year	3,800	4,260

^(*) Includes effect of foreign exchange translation.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

11. LOANS

A. Details of loans:

a) By Currency and Related Parties and Third Parties:

	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
Related parties (Note 47a)	235,021	121,625
Third parties	96,494,562	82,131,648
Total Rupiah	96,729,583	82,253,273
Foreign Currency:		
Related parties (Note 47a)	548,057	629,047
Third parties	41,275,912	34,875,002
Total Foreign Currency	41,823,969	35,504,049
Total	138,553,552	117,757,322
Less: Deferred income	(23,472)	(86,380)
Total	138,530,080	117,670,942
Less: Allowance for possible losses	(13,041,696)	(14,388,695)
	125,488,384	103,282,247

b) By Type and Collectibility:

	Current	Special Mention	Sub- standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Duniah	Current	WEITHOIT	Staridard	Doubtiui		Total
Rupiah: Working capital	45,495,670	3,744,579	852,535	247.143	1.623.923	51.963.850
Investment	17.205.052	2,626,582	95.397	141.657	1,023,923	21,329,176
Consumer	14.259.902	2,008,299	78,619	80,945	381.814	16,809,579
Export	1,877,506	93,720	7,205	-	143,166	2,121,597
Government Program	1,421,302	254,652	13,476	1,644	159,015	1,850,089
Syndicated	87,193	238,070	-	-	975,634	1,300,897
Employees	1,347,111	3,710	74	104	3,396	1,354,395
Total Rupiah	81,693,736	8,969,612	1,047,306	471,493	4,547,436	96,729,583
Foreign Currency:	10.505.055		400 700		4.040.070	
Working capital	13,507,875	3,892,009	132,799	68,225	1,810,956	19,411,864
Investment	9,749,240	1,972,543	62,664	-	2,910,767	14,695,214
Syndicated	2,931,299	487,036	49	-	43,075	3,461,459
Export Covernment Brearem	1,299,023 130.152	522,602	100,432	-	705,594	2,627,651
Government Program Consumer	83.178	1,691	-	123	-	130,152 84,992
Employees	659	1,091	_	123	_	659
Others	1,259,031	85,758	57,044	7,983	2,162	1,411,978
Total Foreign Currency	28,960,457	6,961,639	352,988	76,331	5,472,554	41,823,969
Total	110,654,193	15,931,251	1,400,294	547,824	10,019,990	138,553,552
Less:						
Deferred income	(1,398)	(22,074)	-	-	-	(23,472)
Total	110,652,795	15,909,177	1,400,294	547,824	10,019,990	138,530,080
Less:						
Allowance for possible losses	(1,239,540)	(1,866,006)	(164,798)	(240,685)	(9,530,667)	(13,041,696)
	109,413,255	14,043,171	1,235,496	307,139	489,323	125,488,384

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

11. LOANS (continued)

- A. Details of loans (continued):
 - b) By Type and Collectibility (continued):

2006

	Current	Special Mention	Sub- standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Rupiah:				Boastiai		
Working capital	36,414,687	2,477,373	1,227,418	428,609	3,499,137	44,047,224
Investment	11,425,360	3,572,387	302,143	99,809	3,015,571	18,415,270
Consumer	9,348,868	1,979,874	87,491	113,629	339,381	11,869,243
Export	2,506,320	44,754	5,370	3,015	260,747	2,820,206
Government Program	1,633,767	316,219	2,682	31,608	208,857	2,193,133
Syndicated	236,229	235,839	-	-	997,274	1,469,342
Employees	1,429,933	4,564	307	267	3,784	1,438,855
Total Rupiah	62,995,164	8,631,010	1,625,411	676,937	8,324,751	82,253,273
Foreign Currency:						
Working capital	7,831,167	3,774,276	182,609	22,577	3,250,873	15,061,502
Investment	7,147,037	2,240,750	229,506	-	3,736,865	13,354,158
Syndicated	591,430	2,479,035	47	-	51,716	3,122,228
Export	1,316,526	407,941	81,822	-	1,036,533	2,842,822
Government Program	100,219	-	-	-		100,219
Consumer	29,977	11,949	-	-	5,422	47,348
Employees	456	-	-	-	-	456
Others	938,458	-	-	-	36,858	975,316
Total Foreign Currency	17,955,270	8,913,951	493,984	22,577	8,118,267	35,504,049
Total Less:	80,950,434	17,544,961	2,119,395	699,514	16,443,018	117,757,322
Deferred income	(9,751)	(43,722)	(1,150)	-	(31,757)	(86,380)
Total	80,940,683	17,501,239	2,118,245	699,514	16,411,261	117,670,942
Less: Allowance for possible						
losses	(836,988)	(1,292,353)	(509,604)	(255,696)	(11,494,054)	(14,388,695)
	80,103,695	16,208,886	1,608,641	443,818	4,917,207	103,282,247

c) By Economic Sector and Collectibility:

	Current	Special Mention	Sub- standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Rupiah:						
Manufacturing	16,548,872	2,032,194	751,380	171,498	2,003,585	21,507,529
Trading, restaurant and						
hotel	12,432,341	1,404,263	95,089	76,201	534,553	14,542,447
Agriculture	8,692,151	1,012,794	15,632	1,847	375,254	10,097,678
Business services	8,902,319	457,097	12,434	5,380	671,262	10,048,492
Construction	6,924,499	1,161,885	77,029	109,907	229,637	8,502,957
Transportation, warehousir	ng					
and communications	5,997,627	587,222	12,379	916	151,920	6,750,064
Social services	1,460,956	121,956	2,936	4,775	13,708	1,604,331
Mining	433,075	128,163	81	18,088	95,566	674,973
Electricity, gas and water	185,356	1,302	-	-	50,657	237,315
Others	20,116,540	2,062,736	80,346	82,881	421,294	22,763,797
Total Rupiah	81,693,736	8,969,612	1,047,306	471,493	4,547,436	96,729,583

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

11. LOANS (continued)

- A. Details of loans (continued):
 - c) By Economic Sector and Collectibility (continued):

	2007 (continued)					
	Current	Special Mention	Sub- standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
Foreign Currency: Manufacturing Mining	8,468,825 9,087,257	5,961,124 375,881	251,335	28,338 37,596	4,247,277 203,090	18,956,899 9,703,824
Trading, restaurant and hotel Agriculture Electricity, gas and water	2,160,438 2,355,570 1,804,566	228,295 38,632 87,082	57,044 42,063	9,805 - -	247,215 28,829 13,135	2,702,797 2,465,094 1,904,783
Transportation, warehousi and communications Construction Business services Social services	1,188,970 995,832 387,597 8,479	29,588 137,372 10,332	985 211 49	- - -	352,246 -	1,219,543 1,133,415 750,224 8,479
Others	2,502,923	93,333	1,301	592	380,762	2,978,911
Total Foreign Currency	28,960,457	6,961,639	352,988	76,331	5,472,554	41,823,969
Total Less: Deferred income	110,654,193 (1,398)	15,931,251 (22,074)	1,400,294	547,824	10,019,990	138,553,552 (23,472)
Total	110,652,795	15,909,177	1,400,294	547,824	10,019,990	138,530,080
Less: Allowance for possible losses	(1,239,540)	(1,866,006)	(164,798)	(240,685)	(9,530,667)	(13,041,696)
	109,413,255	14,043,171	1,235,496	307,139	489,323	125,488,384
				2006		
	Current	Special Mention	Sub- standard	2006 Doubtful	Loss	Total
Rupiah: Manufacturing Trading, restaurant and	Current 16,320,656	•	Sub-		Loss 3,626,984	Total 23,716,475
Manufacturing Trading, restaurant and hotel Agriculture Construction Business services	16,320,656 9,539,620 6,462,667 5,601,453 5,101,521	Mention	Sub- standard	Doubtful		
Manufacturing Trading, restaurant and hotel Agriculture Construction Business services Transportation, warehousi and communications Social services Mining Electricity, gas and water	16,320,656 9,539,620 6,462,667 5,601,453 5,101,521 ng 2,441,585 3,221,266 293,609 115,927	Mention 2,381,695 1,038,261 1,000,235 912,168 347,873 725,700 81,336 120,296 132	Sub- standard 1,096,908 134,001 24,012 133,444 32,398 45,775 4,126 61,082 1,350	Doubtful 290,232 91,748 4,535 70,219 84,565 14,832 2,517	3,626,984 1,217,297 819,809 412,015 852,474 513,792 191,628 86,860 185,264	23,716,475 12,020,927 8,311,258 7,129,299 6,418,831 3,741,684 3,500,873 561,847 302,673
Manufacturing Trading, restaurant and hotel Agriculture Construction Business services Transportation, warehousi and communications Social services Mining	16,320,656 9,539,620 6,462,667 5,601,453 5,101,521 ng 2,441,585 3,221,266 293,609	Mention 2,381,695 1,038,261 1,000,235 912,168 347,873 725,700 81,336 120,296	Sub- standard 1,096,908 134,001 24,012 133,444 32,398 45,775 4,126 61,082	Doubtful 290,232 91,748 4,535 70,219 84,565 14,832	3,626,984 1,217,297 819,809 412,015 852,474 513,792 191,628 86,860	23,716,475 12,020,927 8,311,258 7,129,299 6,418,831 3,741,684 3,500,873 561,847
Manufacturing Trading, restaurant and hotel Agriculture Construction Business services Transportation, warehousi and communications Social services Mining Electricity, gas and water Others	16,320,656 9,539,620 6,462,667 5,601,453 5,101,521 ng 2,441,585 3,221,266 293,609 115,927 13,896,860	Mention 2,381,695 1,038,261 1,000,235 912,168 347,873 725,700 81,336 120,296 132 2,023,314	Sub- standard 1,096,908 134,001 24,012 133,444 32,398 45,775 4,126 61,082 1,350 92,315	Doubtful 290,232 91,748 4,535 70,219 84,565 14,832 2,517 - 118,289	3,626,984 1,217,297 819,809 412,015 852,474 513,792 191,628 86,860 185,264 418,628	23,716,475 12,020,927 8,311,258 7,129,299 6,418,831 3,741,684 3,500,873 561,847 302,673 16,549,406

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

Special

Mention

11. LOANS (continued)

- A. Details of loans (continued):
 - c. By Economic Sector and Collectibility (continued):

Current

Sub- standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total
-	-	91,270	862,33
607	2,385	9,168	384,47
-	-	-	2,0
7,336	1,867	767,992	2,106,5

2006 (continued)

Others	1,253,190	76,180	7,336	1,867	767,992	2,106,565
Total Foreign Currency	17,955,270	8,913,951	493,984	22,577	8,118,267	35,504,049
Total	80,950,434	17,544,961	2,119,395	699,514	16,443,018	117,757,322
Less: Deferred income	(9,751)	(43,722)	(1,150)	-	(31,757)	(86,380)
Total	80,940,683	17,501,239	2,118,245	699,514	16,411,261	117,670,942
Less: Allowance for possible	(020,000)	(4.000.050)	(500,004)	(255,000)	(44,404,054)	(4.4.200.005)
losses	(836,988)	(1,292,353)	(509,604)	(255,696)	(11,494,054)	(14,388,695)
	80,103,695	16,208,886	1,608,641	443,818	4,917,207	103,282,247

d) By Period:

	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
Less than 1 year	15,611,781	13,237,128
1 - 2 years	11,259,366	7,648,357
2 - 5 years	21,726,578	22,146,627
Over 5 years	48,131,858	39,221,161
Total Rupiah	96,729,583	82,253,273
Foreign Currency:		
Less than 1 year	10,054,544	8,859,082
1 - 2 years	4,416,986	1,350,872
2 - 5 years	5,292,872	5,245,373
Over 5 years	22,059,567	20,048,722
Total Foreign Currency	41,823,969	35,504,049
Total	138,553,552	117,757,322
Less: Deferred income	(23,472)	(86,380)
Total	138,530,080	117,670,942
Less: Allowance for possible losses	(13,041,696)	(14,388,695)
	125,488,384	103,282,247

The non-performing loans ratio Bank Mandiri and Subsidiaries (gross basis) before deducting the allowance for possible losses as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, was 7.17% and 16.34%, respectively (Bank Mandiri only 7.33% and 17.08%, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively) while the nonperforming loans ratio Bank Mandiri and Subsidiaries (net basis) as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, was 1.51% and 5.92%, respectively (Bank Mandiri only 1.32% and 6.06%, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively).

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

11. LOANS (continued)

A. Details of loans (continued):

The calculation of non-performing loans ratio as of December 31, 2007 is in accordance with Bank Indonesia Circular Letter No. 7/10/DPNP dated March 30, 2005 regarding the changes in Bank Indonesia Circular Letter No. 3/30/DPNP dated December 14, 2001 regarding Quarterly and Monthly Published Report for Commercial Banks and certain reports to Bank Indonesia, and the non-performing loans ratio is calculated based on total loans excluding loans granted to Banks amounting to Rp1,612,886 and after deducting restructuring losses amounting to Rp2,615,803.

The loans as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 include the loans purchased from IBRA amounting to Rp495,599 and Rp3,050,488, respectively, with an allowance for possible losses of Rp7,299 and Rp379,446, and deferred income of Rp23,472 and Rp86,380, respectively.

B. Significant information related to loans:

a. Included in loans are *syariah* finance receivables amounting to Rp10,161,283 and Rp7,215,491, respectively, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006:

	2007	2006
Receivables	5,297,679	4,291,887
Musyarakah finance receivables	1,997,758	1,554,196
Other syariah finance receivables	2,865,846	1,369,408
	10,161,283	7,215,491
Less: Allowance for possible losses	(334,098)	(261,133)
	9,827,185	6,954,358

b. Average Interest Rates and Range of Profit Sharing Per Annum:

Average interest rates per annum:

	2007	2006
Rupiah	12.27%	15.30%
Foreign Currency	7.11%	9.31%

Range of profit sharing per annum:

	2007	2006
Receivables	12.06% - 14.49%	11.56% -13.46%
Musyarakah finance receivables	10.55% - 13.11%	11.96% -16.45%
Other syariah finance receivables	16.12% - 17.87%	14.70% -17.48%

c. Loan Collateral

Loans are generally collateralized by registered mortgages, powers of attorney to mortgage or sell pledged assets, time deposits or other guarantees acceptable to Bank Mandiri.

d. Government Program Loans

Government program loans consist of investment loans, permanent working capital loans and working capital loans which can be fully funded by the Government.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

11. LOANS (continued)

B. Significant information related to loans (continued):

e. Syndicated Loans

Syndicated loans represent loans provided to customers under syndication agreements with other banks. Bank Mandiri's share as facility agent in syndicated loans ranged from 4.50% to 73.40% and 4.50% to 73.40% of the total syndicated loans as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. Bank Mandiri's total participation in syndicated loans ranged from 0.07% to 73.85% and 0.07% to 95.56%, of the total syndicated loans as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

f. Restructured Loans

Below is the type and amount of restructured loans as of December 31, 2007 and 2006:

	2007	2006
Extension of loan maturity dates	11,366,342	10,831,389
Extension of loan maturity dates and reduction of interest rates	5,176,258	4,483,994
Long-term loans with options to convert debt to equity	1,533,249	1,518,801
Additional loan facilities	31,212	319,187
Extension of loan maturity dates and other restructuring schemes *)	2,537,865	2,528,410
	20,644,926	19,681,781

^{*)} Other restructuring schemes mainly involve one or more of the following: reduction of interest rates, rescheduling of unpaid interest and extension of repayment periods for unpaid interest.

Total restructured loans under non-performing loans (NPL) category as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 amounted to Rp5,448,259 and Rp7,347,389, respectively.

g. Loans to Related Parties (Note 47a)

Loans to related parties amounted to Rp783,078 and Rp750,672 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 or 0.24% and 0.28% of total consolidated assets as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Included in loans to related parties are loans to Bank Mandiri employees. The loans to Bank Mandiri employees consist of interest-bearing loans at 4% per annum which are intended for the acquisition of vehicles and houses, and are repayable within 1 (one) to 15 (fifteen) years through monthly payroll deductions.

h. Legal Lending Limit (LLL)

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, Bank Mandiri had not exceeded the Legal Lending Limit as required by Bank Indonesia Regulations.

i. Bank Mandiri has several loan-channeling agreements with several international financial institutions (Note 54).

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

11. LOANS (continued)

- B. Significant information related to loans (continued):
 - j. Movements of Allowance for Possible Losses on Loans:

The movements of allowance for possible loan losses (excluding allowance for possible losses derived from the difference between loan principal and the purchase price on loans purchased from IBRA) are as follows:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of year	14,388,695	11,823,614
Provision during the year (Note 36)	2,247,854	4,158,551
Loan recoveries	1,546,272	3,422,460
Write-offs	(5,336,005)	(4,492,871)
Others *)	194,880	(523,059)
Balance at end of year	13,041,696	14,388,695

^{*)} Includes effect of foreign currency translation.

As explained in Note 2o, an allowance for possible loan losses is provided based on the review and evaluation of the collectibility and realizable value of the respective loan balances at the balance sheet date. In determining the minimum amount of allowance for possible losses, Bank Mandiri takes into account Bank Indonesia regulations on Allowances for Possible Losses on Earning Assets.

Management believes that the allowance for possible losses on loans is adequate.

k. A summary of non-performing loans based on economic sector before deducting by deferred income and related minimum allowances for possible losses based on Bank Indonesia regulations, is as follows:

	2007	
	Non-performing Loans	Minimum Allowance for Possible Losses
Rupiah:		
Manufacturing	2,926,463	2,200,971
Trading, restaurant and hotel	705,843	499,445
Business services	689,076	526,069
Others	1,744,853	1,243,708
Total Rupiah	6,066,235	4,470,193
Foreign Currency:		
Manufacturing	4,526,950	4,190,100
Trading, restaurant and hotel	314,064	243,216
Business services	352,295	326,013
Others	708,564	630,027
Total Foreign Currency	5,901,873	5,389,356
	11,968,108	9,859,549

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

11. LOANS (continued)

B. Significant information related to loans (continued):

	2006	
	Non-performing Loans	Minimum Allowance for Possible Losses
Rupiah:		
Manufacturing	5,014,124	2,780,627
Trading, restaurant and hotel	1,443,046	777,690
Business services	969,437	507,484
Others	3,200,492	1,763,499
Total Rupiah	10,627,099	5,829,300
Foreign Currency:		
Manufacturing	6,110,508	3,898,487
Trading, restaurant and hotel	778,363	510,556
Business services	12,160	10,277
Others	1,733,797	1,107,871
Total Foreign Currency	8,634,828	5,527,191
	19,261,927	11,356,491

I. Write-offs Loans - Loss Rating

In 2007 and 2006, Bank Mandiri wrote-off loss rated loans amounting to Rp5,118,510 and Rp4,475,753 (Bank only), respectively. The debtors' criteria for loan write-offs are as follows:

- a. Loan facility is classified as loss
- b. Loan facility has been provided with 100% provision from the loan principal
- c. Collection and recovery efforts were performed, but the results were unsuccessful
- d. The debtors' business prospect or performance is bad or they do not have the ability to repay the loan
- e. The write-offs were performed for all their entire loan obligations, including that from non cash loan facilities, so that the write-offs were not partial write-offs.

The loans rated loss written-off are still to be pursued for collection continuously.

m. Bank Mandiri had extra-comptable loans which have been written-off by the Bank and still continue to pursue for collection. These loans are not reflected in the balance sheet of the Bank, but are maintained as off-balance sheet in the Bank's ledger system. A summary of movements of extra-comptable loans for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 is as follows (Bank only):

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of year	24,758,452	22,621,706
Write-offs	5,118,510	4,475,753
Recoveries	(1,531,342)	(3,410,734)
Others *)	512,755	1,071,727
Balance at end of year	28,858,375	24,758,452

^{*)} Includes effect of foreign currency translation.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

11. LOANS (continued)

- B. Significant information related to loans (continued):
 - n. Purchase of Loans from IBRA

Period from January 1, 2007 to December 31, 2007

In addition to the allowance for possible loan losses and deferred income, the Bank had provided an additional allowance for possible losses on IBRA loans amounting to Rp7,299 as of December 31, 2007.

Of the total outstanding principal balance of IBRA loans, Rp495,599 was covered by new credit agreements. Total additional facilities to debtors under loans purchased from IBRA for the years ended December 31, 2007 amounted to RpNil.

Total interest and other income (up-front fees, restructuring and provision fees) received related to loans purchased from IBRA for the year ended December 31, 2007 was Rp497,270.

Based on Bank Indonesia Letter to the Bank No. 9/58/DPNP/IDPnP dated February 16, 2007, the Bank can maintain the loans purchased from IBRA that has been held for five years after puchased, as long as it is classified as current based on business prospect, performance and debtor's ability to repay as stated in Bank Indonesia Regulation related to Earning Assets Quality.

Period from January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006

In addition to the allowance for possible losses and deferred income, the Bank had provided an additional allowance for possible losses on IBRA loans amounting to Rp379,446 as of December 31, 2006.

Of the total outstanding principal balance of Rp3,050,488 was covered by new credit agreements. Total additional facilities to debtors under loans purchased from IBRA for the year ended December 31, 2006 amounted to Rp11,498.

Total interest and other income (up-front fees, restructuring and provision fees) received related to loans purchased from IBRA for the year ended December 31, 2006 was Rp139,010.

Below are the movements of loan principal, allowance for possible losses and deferred income on loans purchased from IBRA for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, which were recorded under loan account:

	2007	2006
<u>Principal loan</u>		
Balance at beginning of year Repayments during the year Loan write-off during the year Foreign currency translation effect - net	3,050,488 (2,086,164) (578,359) 109,634	4,771,405 (639,663) (742,816) (338,438)
Balance at end of year	495,599	3,050,488
Allowance for possible loan losses		
Balance at beginning of year Correction due to receipt over the purchase price Foreign currency translation effect - net	- - -	- - -
Balance at end of year	<u> </u>	-

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

11. LOANS (continued)

- B. Significant information related to loans (continued):
 - n. Purchase of Loans from IBRA (continued)

	2007	2006
<u>Deferred Income</u>		
Balance at beginning of year Correction due to receipt over the purchase price Deferred income utilized for write offs Foreign currency translation effect - net	86,380 (49,776) (13,601) 469	159,858 (18,620) (50,161) (4,697)
Balance at end of year	23,472	86,380

The collectibility of loans purchased from IBRA as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 is as follows:

	2007	2006
Current	315,158	470,689
Special mention	180,441	2,072,669
Sub-standard	-	6,584
Loss	-	500,546
	495,599	3,050,488

- o. On November 28, 2005 Bank Mandiri signed a Memorandum of Understanding with *Direktorat Jenderal Piutang and Lelang Negara* ("DJPLN") No. DIR. MOUIROS regarding the execution of auction of power of attorney to mortgage and sell based on Article 6 *Undang-undang Hak Tanggungan* in order to expedite and optimize the auction based on Article 6 Law No. 4 year 1996 by DJPLN/KP2LN on request from the Bank as the holder of power of attorney to mortgage and sell.
- p. On December 22, 2006, the Bank held Extraordinary Shareholder's General Meeting (RUPS-LB), the shareholders agreed to approve the Directors' actions to accelerate the process of resolving non-performing loans through Bank Mandiri's Loss Rated Loans Settlement Program (PPKM Mandiri), in order to regain the status of well-performing bank as required by Bank Indonesia, by granting the Directors authorization to:
 - Perform transfer including release of right and or sale of problem loans under principal value to investor, with write-off loans limit in the amount of the difference between principal value and transfer value, as determined by the RUPS from time to time.
 - Utilize the write-off limit on loss loan principal written-off as approved by RUPSLB on September 29, 2003 and RUPSLB on December 21, 2005 with total amount of Rp5 trillion, in order to optimize the Bank's assets including loans, by performing loan disposal on loss loan principal and or loan disposal on difference of principal value and transfer value, including PPKM Mandiri.
 - Enter into Management Performance Contract with the Government as the execution of Joint Decree between Coordinating Ministry of the Economy, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of State-Owned Enterprises, Governor of Bank Indonesia regarding Financial Sector Policy Package dated July 5, 2006.

The resolution was documented in the Notarial deed of Minutes of Meeting of Ny. Poerbaningsih Adi Warsito, S.H. No. 64 dated December 22, 2006.

q. Loans channeled through direct financing system (executing) and joint financing as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 were Rp3,498,877 and Rp2,999,542, respectively.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

12. ACCEPTANCES RECEIVABLE

118,195 74,688 192,883 491,475 4,338,877 4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	2006
74,688 192,883 491,475 4,338,877 4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	20,708 290,583 312,060 38,450 3,257,883 3,296,333 3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
74,688 192,883 491,475 4,338,877 4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	20,708 290,583 312,060 38,450 3,257,883 3,296,333 3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
74,688 192,883 491,475 4,338,877 4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	290,583 312,060 38,450 3,257,883 3,296,333 3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
192,883 491,475 4,338,877 4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	312,060 38,450 3,257,883 3,296,333 3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
192,883 491,475 4,338,877 4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	312,060 38,450 3,257,883 3,296,333 3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
491,475 4,338,877 4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	38,450 3,257,883 3,296,333 3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
4,338,877 4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	3,257,883 3,296,333 3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
4,338,877 4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	3,257,883 3,296,333 3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
4,338,877 4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	3,257,883 3,296,333 3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	3,296,333 3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
4,830,352 5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	3,296,333 3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
5,023,235 (69,754) 4,953,481	3,608,393 (155,223) 3,453,170 2006
(69,754) 4,953,481	3,453,170
(69,754) 4,953,481	3,453,170
	2006
2007	
2007	
104,358	88,066
81,246 7,279	164,020 59,974
	
192,883	312,060
1,425,862	790,217
2,000,819	1,448,175
1,021,231 382,440	957,886 93,303
-	6,752
4,830,352	3,296,333
5,023,235	3,608,393
(69,754)	(155,223)
4,953,481	3,453,170
2007	2006
4,557,947	2,968,660
	599,910
,	247 39,576
658	3,608,393
658 423	a nux sus
658	(155,223)
	4,557,947 464,207 658 423

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

12. ACCEPTANCES RECEIVABLE (continued)

d) Movements of Allowance for Possible Losses on Acceptances Receivable:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning year	155,223	429,092
Reversal during the year (Note 36)	(96,805)	(202,701)
Others *)	11,336	(71,168)
Balance at end of year	69,754	155,223

^{*)} Includes effect of foreign currency translation.

Management believes that the allowance for possible losses on acceptances receivable is adequate.

13. INVESTMENTS IN SHARES OF STOCK

a. The details of investments in shares of stock are as follows:

	2007	2006
Equity method of accounting	119,933	79,505
Cost method of accounting	78,915	78,990
Total	198,848	158,495
Less: Allowance for possible losses	(73,943)	(73,625)
	124,905	84,870

The details of investments in shares of stock as of December 31, 2007 are as follows:

Investee Companies	Nature of Business	Percentage of Ownership	Cost	Accumulated Equity in Retained Earnings/ (Accumulated Losses)	Carrying Value
Equity Method of Accounting: PT AXA Mandiri Financial Services PT Sarana Bersama	Insurance	49.00%	16,761	103,172	119,933
Pembiayaan Indonesia	Holding company	34.00%	2,278	(2,278)	-
					119,933
Cost Method of Accounting:					
PT Semen Kupang ^{a)}	Manufacturing	37.39%	45,023		45,023
PT Sri Thai ^{a)} Others (each less than	Manufacturing	1.43%	23,055		23,055
Rp3,889)	Various		10,837		10,837
					78,915
Total					198,848
Less: Allowance for possible los	sses				(73,943)
					124,905

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

13. INVESTMENTS IN SHARES OF STOCK (continued)

a. The details of investments in shares of stock are as follows: (continued)

The details of investments in shares of stock as of December 31, 2006 are as follows:

Investee Companies	Nature of Business	Percentage of Ownership	Cost	Accumulated Equity in Retained Earnings/ (Accumulated Losses)	Carrying Value
Equity Method of Accounting: PT AXA Mandiri Financial Services PT Sarana Bersama	Insurance	49.00%	16,761	62,744	79,505
Pembiayaan Indonesia	Holding company	34.00%	2,278	(2,278)	-
					79,505
Cost Method of Accounting:					·
PT Semen Kupang ^{a)}	Manufacturing	59.70%	45,023		45,023
PT Sri Thai ^{a)} Others (each less than	Manufacturing	21.60%	23,055		23,055
Rp3,889)	Various		10,912		10,912
					78,990
Total					158,495
Less: Allowance for possible los	sses				(73,625)
					84,870

a) These investments represent restructured loans through debt to equity participations (Note 11B.g). Such investments are temporary investments for up to a maximum of five (5) years based on Bank Indonesia regulations. Accordingly, such investments are accounted for using the cost method regardless of the percentage of ownership, effective January 1, 2001.

b. Investments in shares of stocks by collectibility:

	2007	2006
Current	126,168	85,815
Loss	72,680	72,680
Total	198,848	158,495
Less: Allowance for possible losses	(73,943)	(73,625)
	124,905	84,870

c. Movements of allowance for possible losses on investments in shares of stocks:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of year Provision during the year (Note 36)	73,625 318	73,298 327
Balance at end of year	73,943	73,625

Management believes that the allowance for possible losses on investments in shares of stock is adequate.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

14. PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT

The details of premises and equipment are as follows:

Movements from January 1, 2007 to December 31, 2007	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Reclassifications**)	Ending Balance
Cost/Valuation					
Direct ownership Land *) Buildings *)	2,604,103 1,540,552	- 14,926	(628) (3,572)		2,710,520 1,607,835
Furnitures, fixtures, office equipment and computer					
equipment/software Vehicles	3,717,510 73,178	107,876 6,957	(3,037) (2,548)		3,956,361 77,025
Construction in progress	166,570	168,608	(3,722)	(180,553)	150,903
	8,101,913	298,367	(13,507)	115,871	8,502,644
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization (Note 40) Direct ownership Buildings	800,243	86,341	(3,381)	4,069	887,272
Furnitures, fixtures, office equipment and computer					
equipment/software	2,550,474	487,802	(3,197)		3,035,079
Vehicles	41,953	9,734	(2,971)		48,716
	3,392,670	583,877	(9,549)	4,069	3,971,067
Net book value					
Direct ownership Land Buildings Furniture, fixtures, office equipment Vehicles	and computer equipm	ent/software			2,710,520 720,563 921,282 28,309
Construction in progress				- -	4,380,674 150,903
				=	4,531,577
Construction in progress as of D	ecember 31, 2007	' is comprise	ed of:		
Product and license - Core Banking Syst Buildings Others	em				54,013 15,464 81,426
				-	150,903

The construction in progress for Integrated Banking System agreement with PT Silverlake Informatikatama was approximately 96.24% complete whilst with Silverlake Corporation was approximately 73.77% complete as of December 31, 2007.

Certain premises and equipment of Bank Syariah Mandiri, a subsidiary, with net book value as of December 31, 2007 amounting to Rp23,882 have been pledged as collateral to Bank Indonesia in relation to BSM's proposal for the settlement of its Rp32,000 subordinated loan from BI (Note 29).

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

14. PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Movements from January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Reclassifications**)	Ending Balance
Cost/Valuation					_
Direct ownership Land *)	2,824,925	6,725	_	(227,547)	2,604,103
Buildings *) Furnitures, fixtures, office equipment and computer	1,463,485	11,233	(1,226)		1,540,552
equipment/software	3,510,938	107.065	(29,418)	128,925	3,717,510
Vehicles	70,737	4,267	(1,617)		73,178
Construction in progress	272,185	134,557	(47,322)	(192,850)	166,570
	8,142,270	263,847	(79,583)	(224,621)	8,101,913
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization (Note 40) Direct ownership Buildings Furnitures, fixtures, office	737,114	84,805	(348)	(21,328)	800,243
equipment and computer					
equipment/software	2,065,724	513,860	(29,110)	-	2,550,474
Vehicles	34,019	9,693	(1,550)	(209)	41,953
	2,836,857	608,358	(31,008)	(21,537)	3,392,670
Net book value					
Direct ownership					
Land					2,604,103
Buildings					740,309
Furniture, fixtures, office equipment a Vehicles	and computer equipme	ent/software			1,167,036 31,225
				•	4,542,673
Construction in progress					166,570
					4,709,243

^{*)} The premises and equipment was revalued in 1979, 1987 and 2003. The amount includes an increment in value of fixed assets based on revaluation of fixed assets of the merged banks performed by an Independent Appraiser, PT Vigers Hagai Sejahtera, using market values as of July 31, 1999. The revaluation increment was recorded prospectively on June 18, 2003 (Note 14a).

***) Reclassified to abandoned property and construction in progress.

Construction in progress as of December 31, 2006 is comprised of:

Product and license - Core Banking System	79,562
Buildings	30,851
Others	56,157
	166,570

The construction in progress for integrated banking system agreement with PT Silverlake Informatikatama was approximately 96.22% complete whilst with Silverlake Corporation was approximately 31.72% complete as of December 31, 2006.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

14. PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

a. In accordance with the Decrees of the Minister of Finance (KMK) No. 211/KMK.03/2003 dated May 14, 2003 and No. S-206/MK.01/2003 dated May 21, 2003, Bank Mandiri engaged PT Vigers Hagai Sejahtera, a registered appraisal company, to revalue the premises and equipment of the merged banks, BBD, BDN, Bank Exim and Bapindo as of July 31, 1999, in relation to the transfer to Bank Mandiri of tax losses of these taxpayers which transferred assets to Bank Mandiri.

Based on PT Vigers Hagai Sejahtera's Valuation Report No. Ref-020-I/VHS/V/03 dated May 26, 2003, the value of premises and equipment of the Bank and the corresponding increment in value as of July 31, 1999 were as follows:

Fixed Assets	Market Value	Book Value	Increment in Value
Land and buildings	4,427,510	843,414	3,584,096
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	438,086	275,370	162,716
Vehicles	19,604	355	19,249
	4,885,200	1,119,139	3,766,061

PT Vigers Hagai Sejahtera's opinion of the market value was based on "Indonesian Appraisal Standards" issued by the Indonesian Appraisal Companies Association (GAPPI) and the Indonesian Society of Appraisers (MAPPI).

In arriving at the market values, PT Vigers Hagai Sejahtera has taken into consideration the market data approach and cost approach valuation methodologies.

The results of the revaluation have been approved by the Directorate General of Taxation through Kepala Kantor Pelayanan Pajak Perusahaan Negara and Daerah through its Decision Letter No. Kep-01/WPJ.07/KP.0105/2003 dated June 18, 2003.

Bank Mandiri has recorded the results of the revaluation on June 18, 2003, the date of approval from the Directorate General of Taxation, after deducting the relevant accumulated depreciation for the period from August 1, 1999 to June 18, 2003. The net increment of premises and equipment of Rp3,046,936, involved land, buildings, vehicles and office equipment.

The recognition of the premises and equipment revaluation increment did not impact the Bank's tax expense position, as the tax losses used to compensate the premises and equipment revaluation increment had not been recognized as deferred tax assets by the Bank.

b. Bank Mandiri and Subsidiaries have insured their premises and equipment (excluding land) against physical loss; fire, theft and natural disaster with PT Staco Jasapratama, PT Asuransi Raya, PT Asuransi Dharma Bangsa, PT Asuransi Takaful Umum, PT Asuransi Jasindo Takaful and PT Asuransi Jasa Indonesia for total coverage amounts of Rp1,849,743 and US\$140,874,300.65 (full amount) as of December 31, 2007 and Rp3,218,254 and US\$174,357,150.76 (full amount) as of December 31, 2006. Management believes that the insurance coverage is adequate to cover the possibility of losses arising in relation to premises and equipment.

15. OTHER ASSETS

	2007	2006
Accrued income	1,672,638	1,661,130
Others	3,487,895	3,302,295
	5,160,533	4,963,425

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

15. OTHER ASSETS (continued)

Accrued Income

Accrued income primarily comprises accrued interest receivable from placements, securities, Government Bonds, loans, and accrued fees and commissions.

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	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
Receivables from customer transactions	1,050,521	713,357
Abandoned properties - net of accumulated losses arising	,,-	-,
from difference in net realizable value of Rp29,248 and Rp28,762		
as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	304,845	416,167
Prepaid expenses	274,418	303,804
Repossessed assets - net of accumulated losses arising from difference in net realizable value of Rp10,451 and Rp10,451		
as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	186,953	188,094
Interbranch account - net	125,141	201,152
Prepaid taxes	7,043	7,356
Interest receivables from financial institutions	1,186	254,004
Others	972,119	1,630,052
Total Rupiah	2,922,226	3,713,986
Foreign Currency:		
Prepaid expenses	19,800	21,041
Receivables from customer transactions	15,152	16,052
Interest receivables from financial institutions	· -	17.601
Others	1,143,355	528,318
Total Foreign Currency	1,178,307	583,012
Total	4,100,533	4,296,998
Less: Allowance for possible losses	(612,638)	(994,703)
	3,487,895	3,302,295
		-

Receivables from customer transactions primarily consist of securities transactions from PT Mandiri Sekuritas (a Subsidiary).

Prepaid expenses consist of payments made in advance mostly relating to housing rental, building maintenance and prepayment for customer guarantee program to Lembaga Penjamin Simpanan (LPS).

Movement of allowance for possible losses on other assets are as follows:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of year	994,703	427,225
Provision during the year (Note 37)	73,424	53,663
Reversal during the year (Note 37)	(281,496)	-
Reclassification during the year	(133,290)	-
Settlement during the year	(46,513)	-
Write offs during the year	(5,076)	-
Others *)	10,886	513,815
Balance at end of year	612,638	994,703

^{*)} Includes effect of foreign currency translation.

Management believes that the allowance for possible losses is adequate to cover possible losses from other assets.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

16. DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS - DEMAND DEPOSITS

a. By Currency and Related Parties and Third Parties:

by carrolley and related range and rima range.	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
Related parties (Note 47a)	122.420	83,524
Third parties	51,926,055	35,366,597
Total Rupiah	52,048,475	35,450,121
Foreign Currency:		
Related parties (Note 47a)	8,102	249,988
Third parties	14,954,374	13,112,644
Total Foreign Currency	14,962,476	13,362,632
	67,010,951	48,812,753

Included in demand deposits are *wadiah* deposits amounting to Rp1,631,330 and Rp2,058,994 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

b. Average Interest Rates and Range of Bonuses per Annum:

Average interest rates per annum:

, no aga ma atau paramam	2007	2006
Rupiah	2.65%	3.26%
Foreign Currency	1.89%	2.59%
Range of bonuses per annum on wadiah deposits:	2007	2006
Rupiah	0.91% - 1.07%	1.09% -1.42%
Foreign Currency	0.23% - 2.64%	1.24% -1.95%

c. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, demand deposits pledged by borrowers as collateral for bank guarantees, loans and trade finance facilities amounted to Rp575,005 and Rp859,951, respectively.

17. DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS - SAVINGS DEPOSITS

a. By Type and Currency:

2007	2006
81,074,229	57,283,153
3,860,425	2,662,402
424,160	358,006
85,358,814	60,303,561
	81,074,229 3,860,425 424,160

- b. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, Bank Mandiri had saving deposits from related party amounting to Rp42,844 and Rp46,355, respectively, or 0.05% and 0.08% from total saving deposits (Note 47a).
- c. Annual average interest rates of savings deposits for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 were 3.68% and 4.53%, respectively.
- d. Profit sharing for *mudharabah* savings ranged from 0.29% to 6.98% and 2.73% to 7.39% for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

18. DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS - TIME DEPOSITS

a. By Currency:	2007	2006
Rupiah	78,535,764	83,539,150
Foreign Currency	16,449,494	13,052,084

94,985,258

96,591,234

b. By Contract Period:

By Contract I chod.	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
1 month	64,145,362	56,945,785
3 months	9,060,496	12,322,070
6 months	2,492,026	3,569,430
12 months	1,797,559	7,063,403
Over 12 months	1,040,321	3,638,462
Total Rupiah	78,535,764	83,539,150
Foreign Currency:		
1 month	13,686,388	11,364,960
3 months	1,270,383	834,361
6 months	875,805	343,553
12 months	553,542	463,257
Over 12 months	63,376	45,953
Total Foreign Currency	16,449,494	13,052,084
	94,985,258	96,591,234

c. By Remaining Period Until Maturity Date:

	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
1 month	64,145,362	62,419,959
3 months	9,060,496	13,293,095
6 months	2,492,026	2,723,278
12 months	1,797,559	3,226,267
Over 12 months	1,040,321	1,876,551
Total Rupiah	78,535,764	83,539,150
Foreign Currency:		
1 month	13,686,387	11,612,650
3 months	1,273,960	951,699
6 months	870,950	275,116
12 months	554,821	211,658
Over 12 months	63,376	961
Total Foreign Currency	16,449,494	13,052,084
	94,985,258	96,591,234

- d. Included in time deposits are unrestricted *mudharabah* investments amounting to Rp5,171,943 and Rp3,510,184 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.
- e. Average Interest Rates and Range of Profit Sharing per Annum:

Average interest rates per annum:

	2007	2006
Rupiah	7.39%	11.12%
Foreign Currency	3.71%	4.03%

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

18. DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS - TIME DEPOSITS (continued)

e. Average Interest Rates and Range of Profit Sharing per Annum (continued):

Range of profit sharing per annum on *mudharabah* investments:

	2007	2005
Rupiah	6.60% - 8.05%	6.56% - 8.24%
Foreign Currency	2.85% - 3.35%	2.73% - 3.55%

- f. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, time deposits from related parties amounted to Rp181,309 and Rp877,911, respectively, or 0.19% and 0.91% of the total time deposits, respectively (Note 47a).
- g. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, time deposits which are frozen and blocked as collateral for bank guarantees, loans and trade finance facilities amounted to Rp8,330,382 and Rp5,645,389, respectively. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, there are no *Mudharabah* time deposit pledged for *Mudharabah* receivables extended by Bank Syariah Mandiri (BSM).

19. DEPOSITS FROM OTHER BANKS - DEMAND AND SAVINGS DEPOSITS

a. By Currency:

. By cultoney.	2007	2006
Demand Deposits Rupiah Foreign Currency	1,307,562 80,538	505,965 196,155
Total Demand Deposits	1,388,100	702,120
Savings Deposit Rupiah	248,965	584,489
Total Savings Deposit	248,965	584,489
Total Demand and Savings Deposits	1,637,065	1,286,609

Included in deposits from other banks - demand deposits are *wadiah* deposits amounting to Rp2,512 and RpNil as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

b. Average Interest Rates and Range of Bonuses Per Annum:

Average interest rates per annum:

	2007	2006
Demand Deposit	2.65%	3.26%
Rupiah Foreign Currency	1.89%	2.59%
	2007	2006
Saving Deposit Rupiah	3.68%	4.53%
Range of bonuses per annum on wadiah deposits:		
	2007	2006
Rupiah Foreign Currency	0.19% - 1.07% 0.23% - 2.64%	1.09% - 4.26% 0.22% - 1.95%

c. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Bank demand and savings deposits from related party banks amounted to RpNil and Rp138 (Note 47a).

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

19. DEPOSITS FROM OTHER BANKS - DEMAND AND SAVINGS DEPOSITS (continued)

d. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, demand and savings deposits pledged by borrowers as bank guarantees, loan collateral and trade finance facilities amounted to Rp224,286 and Rp1,596, respectively.

20. DEPOSITS FROM OTHER BANKS - INTER-BANK CALL MONEY

a.	By Currency:	2007	2006
	Rupiah Foreign Currency	827,617	1,420,000 479,681
	· ,	827,617	1,899,681
b.	By Remaining Period Until Maturity Date:		
		2007	2006
	Rupiah: Less than 1 month	-	1,420,000
	Foreign Currency: Less than 1 month	827,617	479,681
		827,617	1,899,681
C.	Average Interest Rates Per Annum:		
		2007	2006
	Rupiah Foreign Currency	- 5.42%	8.26% 4.25%

d. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Bank had no inter-bank call money from related party banks.

21. DEPOSITS FROM OTHER BANKS - TIME DEPOSITS

a. By Currency:

	2007	2006
Rupiah	1,724,286	4,203,055
Foreign Currency	1,221,373	799,955
	2,945,659	5,003,010
b. By Contract Period:		
	2007	2006
Rupiah: Less than 1 month	1,703,249	4,152,853
3 months	7,640	43,708
6 months	2,300	4,269
12 months	11,097	2,225
Total Rupiah	1,724,286	4,203,055
Foreign Currency:		
Less than 1 month	1,197,890	799,955
6 months	23,483	
Total Foreign Currency	1,221,373	799,955
	2,945,659	5,003,010

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

21. DEPOSITS FROM OTHER BANKS - TIME DEPOSITS (continued)

b. By Contract Period (continued):

Included in deposits from other banks - time deposits are unrestricted investments - *mudharabah* time deposits amounting to RpNil and Rp5,433 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

c. Average Interest Rates and Range of Profit Sharing Per Annum:

Average interest rates per annum:

	2007	2006
Rupiah Foreign Currency	7.39% 3.71%	11.12% 4.03%
Range of profit sharing per annum on mudharabah time deposits:		
	2007	2006
Rupiah Foreign Currency	6.60% - 8.05% 2.85% - 3.35%	5.58% - 8.53% 1.20% - 3.55%

- d. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Bank had no time deposits from related party banks.
- e. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, time deposits from other banks which are frozen and blocked as bank guarantees, loan collateral and trade finance facilities amounted to Rp42,079 and Rp11,721, respectively.
- f. In the second quarter of year 2005, Bank has entered into two Callable Parallel Deposit transactions with counterparty bank relating to the sale contract of Government Recapitalization Bonds. Such contract was initiated when the Bank transferred Government Recapitalization Bonds to Counterpart Bank and received the fund from the proceeds in Rupiah. A portion of the total transfer proceeds amounting to Rp1,268,000 was placed back as deposit to counterparty bank and then the Bank received US Dollar loan amounting to US\$100 million (full amount).

The details of Callable Parallel Deposits contracts are as follows:

Deposit	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Beginning Balance	Ending Balance	Interest Rate
Rupiah	May 16, 2005	June 20, 2013	634,000	1,493,110 *)	11.17%
United States Dollar	May 17, 2005	June 15, 2013	US\$50 million (full amount)	US\$50 million (full amount)	3 months LIBOR + spread
Rupiah	June 3, 2005	December 20, 2013	634,000	1,540,310 *)	11.00%
United States Dollar	June 8, 2005	December 15, 2013	US\$50 million (full amount)	US\$50 million (full amount)	3 months LIBOR + spread

^{*)} Zero Coupon Deposits

The deposit was funded from a portion of fund received from transfer proceeds of Government Bonds to counterparty bank.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

21. DEPOSITS FROM OTHER BANKS - TIME DEPOSITS (continued)

Based on the agreement counterparty bank has option rights to pre-terminate the transaction by early termination/withdrawal of the Rupiah and US Dollar deposits on any of the redemption date each year. The Agreement requires the Bank to add (top up) Rupiah deposit placement to counterparty bank during the period of transaction based on the movement of Rupiah against US Dollar spot rate.

On June 15, 2006, the Bank has excercised the right to early terminate the facility of US\$50,000,000 (full amount) with effective date May 17, 2005. On December 15, 2006, the Bank also has exercised the right to early terminate the facility of US\$50,000,000 (full amount) with effective date June 8, 2005. In the event that counterparty bank excercise the option then the outstanding placement in Callable Zero Coupon Deposit is not automatically terminated.

Based on the agreement, counterparty bank has option right to early terminate the agreement in effect of unwind events, which is the Bank failed to pay Rupiah deposit top up as required in the agreement.

If counterparty bank exercised their option right to early terminate the agreement due to unwind events, the Bank has to pay unwind cost to counterparty bank as determined later by the counterparty bank.

In addition counterparty bank has option right to early terminate the transaction if counterparty bank assess the fund received in the form of callable zero coupon deposits has higher interest rate than the market interest rate, as the counterparty bank has executed on May 28, 2007 and June 25, 2007.

On May 28, 2007, counterparty bank terminated the callable zero coupon deposits with beginning balance amounting Rp634,000 and paid cash as settlement of the transaction on settlement date June 20, 2007.

On June 25, 2007, counterparty bank terminated the callable zero coupon deposits with beginning balance amounting Rp634,000 and paid cash as settlement of the transaction on settlement date December 21, 2007.

22. SECURITIES SOLD WITH AGREEMENTS TO REPURCHASE

As of December 31, 2007, securities sold with agreements to repurchase are as follows:

		Nominal	Commen- cement	Maturity	Repurchase	Unamortized Prepaid Interest	
	Securities	Value	Date	Date	Value	Expense	Net Value
Government Bonds						•	
Rupiah							
	Bonds VR0013	617,500	06/07/2005	01/07/2008	617,500	-	617,500
	Bonds VR0031	669,000	12/19/2007	01/03/2008	602,746	259	602,487
	Bonds VR0031	446,000	12/19/2007	01/03/2008	401,829	172	401,657
	Bonds VR0019	355,652	05/18/2005	05/18/2010	316,356	-	316,356
	Bonds FR0040, FR0043						
	and FR0047	283,000	12/28/2007	01/28/2008	297,527	34	297,493
	Bonds FR0019	231,028	11/03/2004	11/03/2009	285,060	-	285,060
	Bonds VR0017	289,859	11/04/2004	11/04/2009	284,062	-	284,062
	Bonds FR0020, FR0027	,			,		,
	and FR0033	100,000	12/28/2007	01/11/2008	110,021	293	109,728
Total		2,992,039			2,915,101	758	2,914,343

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

22. SECURITIES SOLD WITH AGREEMENTS TO REPURCHASE (continued)

As of December 31, 2006, securities sold with agreements to repurchase were as follows:

		Commen-			Unamortized Prepaid	
	Nominal	cement	Maturity	Repurchase	Interest	
Securities	Value	Date	Date	Value	Expense	Net Value
Governmnet Bonds					•	
Rupiah						
Bonds VR0013	617,500	06/07/2005	01/07/2008	617,500	-	617,500
Bonds VR0019	355,652	05/18/2005	05/18/2010	316,356	-	316,356
Bonds FR0019	231,028	11/03/2004	11/03/2009	285,060	-	285,060
Bonds VR0017	289,859	11/04/2004	11/04/2009	284,062	-	284,062
Bonds VR0019	111,915	12/28/2006	01/25/2007	100,700	625	100,075
Bonds FR0040 Total	6,000	12/22/2006	06/20/2007	6,545	314	6,231
Total	1,611,954			1,610,223	939	1,609,284
Foreign Currency						
Bonds FR0019, FR0023,						
FR0034	50,588	12/15/2006	01/15/2007	50,828	116	50,712
Bonds FR00038 and						
FR0040	47,725	12/11/2006	01/27/2007	48,054	182	47,872
Bonds FR0034 and	40.000	10/01/0000	0.4.00.000=	40.00=		40.054
FR0040	16,226	12/21/2006	01/22/2007	16,305	54	16,251
Total	114,539			115,187	352	114,835
Total	1,726,493			1,725,410	1,291	1,724,119
Non Government Bonds						
Rupiah						
Bonds	30,000	09/29/2006	09/28/2007	31,994	3,194	28,800
Bonds	27,000	09/29/2006	09/28/2007	26,426	2,396	24,030
Medium Term Notes	21,000	12/22/2006	06/20/2007	22,097	1,097	21,000
Bonds	14,000	09/29/2006	09/28/2007	14,087	1,347	12,740
Medium Term Notes Bonds	10,000	09/29/2006 09/29/2006	09/28/2007 09/28/2007	10,057	822 915	9,235
Bonds	10,000 9.000	12/22/2006	06/20/2007	9,915 9,550	550	9,000 9.000
Bonds	9,000 6,500	12/22/2006	06/20/2007	9,550 7,028	398	9,000 6,630
Bonds	5,000	09/29/2006	09/28/2007	5,304	504	4,800
Bonds	5,000	09/29/2006	09/28/2007	5,001	476	4,525
Bonds	2,000	12/22/2006	06/20/2007	2,125	112	2,013
Bonds	2,000	12/22/2006	06/20/2007	2,111	104	2,007
Bonds	1,900	12/22/2006	06/20/2007	2,004	123	1,881
Total	143,400			147,699	12,038	135,661
Total	1,869,893			1,873,109	13,329	1,859,780

The agreements to repurchase Government Bonds with counterparty banks (serial numbers VR0013, VR0017, FR0019 and serial numbers VR0019) are associated with cross currency swap transactions with the respective counterparties. There is no premium or discount on these contracts.

23. ACCEPTANCES PAYABLE

a. By Currency, Related Parties and Third Parties:

	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
Payable to other banks		
Related parties (Note 47a)	-	322
Third parties	74,688	290,261
Payable to debtors		
Third parties	118,195	21,477
Total Rupiah	192,883	312,060
	- ,	- ,

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

23. ACCEPTANCES PAYABLE (continued)

a. By Currency, Related Parties and Third Parties (continued):

	2007	2006
Foreign Currency:		
Payable to other banks	4,338,877	2 257 002
Third parties Payable to debtors	4,330,077	3,257,883
Related parties (Note 47a)	-	517
Third parties	491,475	37,933
Total Foreign Currency	4,830,352	3,296,333
	5,023,235	3,608,393
b. By Maturity:		
	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
Less than 1 month	104,358	88,066
1 - 3 months	81,246	164,020
3 - 6 months	7,279	59,974
Total Rupiah	192,883	312,060
Foreign Currency:		
Less than 1 month	1,425,862	790,217
1 - 3 months	2,000,819	1,448,175
3 - 6 months	1,021,231	957,886
6 - 12 months	382,440	93,303
Over 12 months		6,752
Total Foreign Currency	4,830,352	3,296,333
	5,023,235	3,608,393

24. SECURITIES ISSUED

By Type and Currency:

	2007	2006
Rupiah :		
Mandiri travelers' cheques	957,107	948,267
Syariah bonds	375,000	200,000
Others	564	564
Total Rupiah	1,332,671	1,148,831
Foreign Currency:		
Medium Term Notes (MTN)	2,718,796	2,558,682
Promissory Notes	_	90,030
Total Foreign Currency	2,718,796	2,648,712
Total	4,051,467	3,797,543
Less: Unamortized discount	(903)	(3,660)
	4,050,564	3,793,883

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

24. SECURITIES ISSUED (continued)

Details of MTN are as follows:

2007

				Interest	Nominal A	mount
Type/ ISIN No	Arranger	Maturity Date	Tenor (months)	Rate Per Annum	US\$ (full amount)	Equivalent Rupiah
MTN (XS0167272375)	Credit Suisse First Boston (Europe) Ltd., London, UBS Hong Kong and PT Mandiri Sekuritas	April 22, 2008	60	7.00%	299,466,824	2,812,892
Less: - Securitie	es issued and held by Bank Mandiri a	nd Subsidiaries			(10,017,641)	(94,096)
- Unamori	zized discount			-	289,449,183 (96,115)	2,718,796 (903)
				=	289,353,068	2,717,893

2006

				Interest	Nominal A	mount
Type/ ISIN No	Arranger	Maturity Date	Tenor (months)	Rate Per Annum	US\$ (full amount)	Equivalent Rupiah
MTN (XS0167272375)	Credit Suisse First Boston (Europe) Ltd., London, UBS Hong Kong and PT Mandiri Sekuritas	April 22, 2008	60	7.00%	294,278,375	2,649,388
Less: - Securitie	es issued and held by Bank Mandiri a	nd Subsidiaries			(10,075,134)	(90,706)
- Unamor	tized discount			•	284,203,241 (406,575)	2,558,682 (3,660)
				-	283,796,666	2,555,022

On October 31, 2003, Bank Syariah Mandiri, a subsidiary, issued five-year *Syariah* Mudharabah bonds amounting to Rp200,000. The profit sharing on such bonds is payable every 3 months with the first payment being made on January 30, 2004 while the maturity of the *Syariah* Mudharabah bonds is on October 31, 2008. The profit on sharing will be taken from the margin revenue of Bank Syariah Mandiri obtained from its quarterly *murabahah* portfolio.

Bank Mandiri issued Senior Notes amounting to US\$300,000,000 (full amount) at 99.482% of nominal value with a coupon of 7.00% per annum, which mature on April 22, 2008. The US\$300,000,000 (full amount) MTNs are hedged with an interest rate swap instrument. The MTNs are recognized at their fair value as adjusted by the hedging transaction, which fair value adjustment as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 decreased by Rp5,008 or equivalent to US\$533,176 (full amount) and Rp51,512 or equivalent to US\$5,721,625 (full amount).

On January 25, 2007 Bank Syariah Mandiri offered and sold on a limited basis Subordinated Notes Syariah Mudharabah 2007 (Subnotes Bank) with maximum nominal value amounting to Rp200,000. The Subnotes Bank's will have term of 10 years with call option on the fifth year after the issuance date. The Subnotes Bank holder's *Nisbah* indication is 21.93% from profit sharing. The Subnotes Bank profit sharing is paid every 3 (three) months since the issuance date. On April 5, 2007 Subnotes Bank has been realized amounting to Rp200,000. The Subordinated Notes Bank will mature in year 2017.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

25. FUND BORROWINGS

	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
Bank Indonesia (a)	392,150	599,426
The Government of Republic of Indonesia (b) (Note 47a)	280,000	350,000
PT Permodalan Nasional Madani (Persero) (c)	326,122	486,159
PT Bank Ekspor Indonesia (Persero) (d)	-	400,000
Others (g)	625,743	75,000
Total Rupiah	1,624,015	1,910,585
Foreign Currency:		
Trade Financing Facilities (e)	6,875,676	154,854
Direct Off-shore Loans (f)	845,370	1,359,453
Total Foreign Currency	7,721,046	1,514,307
Total	9,345,061	3,424,892

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, fund borrowings from related parties amounted to Rp280,000 and Rp350,000, respectively (Note 47a).

(a) Bank Indonesia

This account represents a credit liquidity facility obtained from Bank Indonesia (BI), which was reloaned to Bank Mandiri customers under the Government Credit Program. The management and monitoring of the credit facility are performed by PT Permodalan Nasional Madani (Persero), a state-owned company, based on Law No. 23/1999 dated May 17, 1999 regarding BI, BI Regulation No. 2/3/PBI/2000 dated February 1, 2000 and BI Regulation No. 5/20/PBI/2003 dated September 17, 2003 regarding the Hand-over of Management of Credit Liquidity of Bank Indonesia Under Credit Program. This facility is subject to interest at rates ranging from 3% to 9% per annum and will mature on various dates through 2017. The details of this account are as follows:

	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
Small-Scale Working Capital Loans (KKPA)	285,484	365,407
Small-Scale Investment Loans (KIK)	74,132	121,675
Investment Loans (KI)	32,534	112,344
	392,150	599,426

(b) The Government of Republic of Indonesia

This account represents credit facilities obtained from The Government of Republic of Indonesia based on agreement No. KP-022/DP3/2004 dated May 14, 2004 which was amended with agreement No. AMA-7/KP-022/DP3/2004 dated December 15, 2004 and letter No. 5-662/PB.7/2005 dated May 13, 2005 regarding amendment of Ioan agreement between The Government of Republic of Indonesia and PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk No. KP-022/DP3/2004 dated May 14, 2004. This borrowing is re-loaned by Bank Mandiri to the small and micro businesses which procedures, arrangements and requirements of the relending program are agreed with the Decision Letter of Ministry of Finance No. 40/KMK.06/2003 dated January 29, 2003 regarding Credit Financing Facilities for Small and Micro Businesses and amended with Decision Letter of Ministry of Finance No. 74/KMK.06/2004 dated February 20, 2004. This facility bears interest at 3-month SBI rate which will be determined every three months at March 10, June 10, September 10 and December 10 based on the latest SBI auction rate. The repayment of the borrowing will be made in five (5) installments and the first installment will be due on December 10, 2007. The first installment paid amounted to Rp70,000 in December 2007.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

25. FUND BORROWINGS (continued)

(c) PT Permodalan Nasional Madani (Persero)

This account represents credit facilities obtained from PT Permodalan Nasional Madani (Persero), which borrowings were re-loaned by Bank Mandiri to the members of the Primary Cooperative (Kredit Koperasi Primer kepada Anggotanya [KKPA]). These facilities are subject to interest at 7% per annum. The loan terms and installment payments schedule reflect the terms of the individual loan agreements.

(d) PT Bank Ekspor Indonesia (Persero)

This account represents credit facilities for export working capital obtained from Bank Ekspor Indonesia based on the facility agreement No. 064/PPF/12/2000 dated December 12, 2000 between PT Bank Ekspor Indonesia (Persero) and PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. The agreement was for the period from December 20, 2000 until December 19, 2001, and was extended annually with the latest agreement No. 054/PPF/12/2005 to December 16, 2006. The facilities were re-loaned to direct and indirect exporter customers of Bank Mandiri and bear interest at market rates. The facilities were fully repaid on January 31, 2007.

(e) Trade Financing Facilities

Trade financing facilities represent short-term borrowings with tenors between 129 to 185 days and bear interest at LIBOR or SIBOR plus an applicable margin. These borrowings are guaranteed by letters of credit issued by Bank Mandiri. The details of the borrowings are as follows:

	2007	2006
JP Morgan Chase NA, Singapore	939,300	
Bank of New York, Singapore	751,440	-
Wachovia Bank NA, USA	704,475	-
ABN AMRO, Singapore	610,545	-
ING Bank, Singapore	563,580	-
Standard Chartered Bank, Singapore	469,650	-
Credit Suisse, Singapore	469,650	-
Bank of Nova Scotia, Singapore	469,650	-
Commerzbank AG, Germany	375,720	-
DBS Bank, Ltd., Singapore	281,790	-
AMEX Bank, New York	281,790	-
Overseas Chinese, Singapore	234,825	-
National Bank of Dubai, UAE	234,825	-
Bank of America, San Fransisco	187,860	-
DZ Bank AG, Singapore	159,681	-
Dresdner Bank, AG, Frankfurt	140,895	67,523
Bayerische Landesbank, Munchen	-	67,523
Natexis, Singapore		19,808
	6,875,676	154,854
Direct Off-shore Loans		

(f) Direct Off-shore Loans

The details of direct off-shore loans are as follows:

	2007	2006
Syndicate OCBC, Natixis, Intesa San Paolo SPA,		
DZ Bank AG, Bank Muscat S.A.O.G	563,580	-
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation, Singapore	281,790	270,090
Deutsche Bank AG, Singapore	-	675,225
Bayerische Hypo-Und Vereinsbank AG, Singapore	-	135,045
Natixis, French	-	135,045
Overseas Chinese Banking Corp., Singapore	-	135,045
Bank of New York, Singapore	-	9,003
	845,370	1,359,453

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

25. FUND BORROWINGS (continued)

(f) Direct Off-shore Loans (continued)

Syndication loan from OCBC, Natixis, Intesa San Paolo SPA, DZ Bank AG, Bank Muscat S.A.O.G bear interest at six-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin. Borrowing from Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation, Singapore bear interest at three-month SIBOR plus an applicable margin. Borrowing from Deutsche Bank AG, Singapore bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin. Borrowing from Bayerische Hypo-Und Vereinsbank AG, Singapore bear interest at six-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin. Borrowing from Natixis and Overseas Chinese Banking Corp., Singapore bear interest at three-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin and borrowing from Bank of New York, Singapore bear interest at three-month SIBOR plus an applicable margin. These borrowings will be fully paid on maturity date.

(g) Others

	2007	2006
Rupiah		
PT Bank Permata Tbk.	170,000	50,000
PT Bank Lippo Tbk.	150,000	25,000
PT Bank Internasional Indonesia Tbk.	150,000	-
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd.	130,000	-
PT Bank Panin Tbk.	20,000	-
Bank Indonesia	5,743	-
Total	625,743	75,000

26. ESTIMATED LOSSES ON COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

a. Commitment and contingent transactions in the normal course of Bank Mandiri activities that have credit risk are as follows:

	ordan non are as renewe.	2007	2006
	Rupiah:		
	Bank guarantees issued (Note 45)	6,422,641	3,746,502
	Outstanding irrevocable letters of credit (Note 45)	1,251,848	892,418
	Standby letters of Ccredit (Note 45)	469,000	-
	Total Rupiah	8,143,489	4,638,920
	Foreign Currency:		
	Bank guarantees issued (Note 45)	5,571,489	4,535,248
	Outstanding irrevocable letters of credit (Note 45)	6,174,146	3,024,142
	Standby letters of credit (Note 45)	2,522,294	2,866,448
	Total Foreign Currency	14,267,929	10,425,838
		22,411,418	15,064,758
b.	By Collectibility:		
	,	2007	2006
	Current	21,606,838	14,456,257
	Special mention	709,154	469,192
	Sub-standard	6,783	911
	Doubtful	-	12,425
	Loss	88,643	125,973
	Total	22,411,418	15,064,758
	Less: Estimated losses	(469,508)	(514,399)
	Commitments and Contingencies - net	21,941,910	14,550,359

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

26. ESTIMATED LOSSES ON COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

c. Movements of estimated losses on commitments and contingencies:

	2007	2006
Balance at beginning of year	514,399	594,084
Reversal during the year	(61,409)	(37,670)
Others *)	16,518	(42,015)
Balance at end of year	469,508	514,399

^{*)} includes effect of foreign currency translation.

Management believes that the estimated losses on commitments and contingencies provided for is adequate.

27. TAXATION

a. Taxes payable

	2007	2006
Bank Mandiri		
Income Taxes:		
Employee income tax - Article 21	43,921	21,824
Corporate income tax - Article 25/29	1,022,689	1,345,436
Withholding tax - Article 4 (2)	145,591	175,985
Others	7,204	13,756
	1,219,405	1,557,001
Subsidiaries	60,993	25,799
	1,280,398	1,582,800
b. Tax expense		
	2007	2006
Tax expense - current:		
Bank Mandiri only	2,552,750	1,609,549
Subsidiaries	133,404	65,461
	2,686,154	1,675,010
Tax (benefit)/expense - deferred:		
Bank Mandiri only	(700,116)	(1,266,454)
Subsidiaries	(146)	168
	(700,262)	(1,266,286)
	1,985,892	408,724

As explained in Note 2u, income tax for Bank Mandiri and its Subsidiaries is computed for each company as a separate legal entity (consolidation is not permitted for corporate income tax filing purposes).

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

27. TAXATION (continued)

c. Tax expense - current

The reconciliation between income before tax benefit (expense) as shown in the consolidated statements of income and estimated income tax computations, and the related current tax expense for Bank Mandiri and its Subsidiaries is as follows:

	2007	2006
Consolidated income before tax benefit/(expense) and minority interests	6,333,383	2,831,196
Less: Income before tax expense of Subsidiaries after elimination	(134,525)	(66,696)
Income before tax benefit/(expense) and minority interests - Bank Mandiri only	6,198,858	2,764,500
Add/(deduct) permanent differences:		
Non-deductible expenses	52,436	332,524
Losses from Dili branch	-	4,876
Others	15,126	194,930
Add/(deduct) temporary differences:		
Over provision for loans losses	1,933,422	5,160,826
Over provision for personnel expenses	506,484	264,876
Over provision of abandoned properties	46,110	-
Over provision of repossessed assets	23,838	-
Loss/(gains) on decrease/(increase) in market value of		
securities and Government Bonds	14,464	(87,001)
Difference in net realizable value of abandoned properties	486	(2,303)
Under provision for losses on earning assets		
other than loans	(104,899)	(670,837)
Loan recovery and write back *)	(90,915)	(2,371,131)
Under provision for estimated losses on commitments		
and contingencies	(44,209)	(46,577)
Under provision for losses arising from legal cases	(22,293)	(156,026)
Under depreciation of fixed assets	(19,684)	(23,436)
Estimated taxable income	8,509,224	5,365,221
Estimated tax expense - current		
Bank Mandiri only	2,552,750	1,609,549
Subsidiaries	133,404	65,461
Estimated tax expense - current	2,686,154	1,675,010

^{*)} The amount in 2007 includes the loans recovery amounting to Rp90,915 to which the deferred tax impact were not computed. The amount in 2006 includes the write back amounting to Rp2,336,399 and the loans recovery amounting to Rp34,732 to which the deferred tax impact were not computed.

Under the Indonesian taxation laws, Bank Mandiri and its Subsidiaries submit tax return on the basis of self assessment. The tax authorities may assess or amend taxes within 10 years after the date of the tax filings.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

27. TAXATION (continued)

d. Tax expense - deferred

The reconciliation between estimated income tax expense, calculated using applicable tax rates based on commercial income before tax expense, and estimated income tax as reported in the statements of income for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

	2007	2006
Consolidated income before tax benefit/(expense) and minority interests Less: Income before tax expense of Subsidiaries after elimination	6,333,383 (134,525)	2,831,196 (66,696)
Income before tax bebefit/(expense) and minority interests - Bank Mandiri only	6,198,858	2,764,500
Estimated income tax expense based on standard statutory rates Tax effect of permanent differences:	1,859,640	829,333
Non-deductible expenses	15,731	99,757
Losses from Dili branch	-	1,463
Others	4,537	58,479
Loans write back and recovery	(27,274)	(711,339)
Provision for deferred tax assets	-	65,402
	(7,006)	(486,238)
Tax expense - Bank Mandiri only	1,852,634	343,095
Tax expense - Subsidiaries	133,258	65,629
Tax expense - consolidated	1,985,892	408,724
Less: Current tax expense - consolidated	(2,686,154)	(1,675,010)
Deferred tax benefit - consolidated	(700,262)	(1,266,286)

e. Deferred tax assets

The tax effects from significant temporary differences between commercial and tax bases are as follows:

	2007	2006
Bank Mandiri		
Deferred tax assets:		
Loans write-offs	2,276,445	1,611,806
Allowance for possible losses on earning assets other than loans	659,274	690,742
Provision for personnel expenses	599,122	447,177
Allowance for possible loan losses	429,374	513,987
Estimated losses on commitments and contingencies	140,394	153,657
Allowance for possible losses arising from legal cases - net provision deferred		
tax asset Rp38,926 and Rp65,402 for the years ended		
December 31, 2007 and 2006	22,614	29,302
Provision for abandoned properties	13,833	-
Accumulated losses arising from difference in net realizable value of		
abandoned properties	8,774	8,627
Provision for repossessed assets	7,150	-
Accumulated losses arising from difference in net realizable value of		
repossessed assets	3,135	3,135
Unrealized loss for Securities and Government Bonds		
(available for sale)	1,521	
Deferred tax assets	4,161,636	3,458,433

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

27. TAXATION (continued)

e. Deferred tax assets (continued)

	2007	2006
Deferred tax liabilities: Net book value of premises and equipment Mark to market of securities Unrealized gain for Securities and Government Bonds (available for sale)	(81,161) (7)	(75,256) (4,346) (98,387)
Net deferred tax assets - Bank Mandiri only Net deferred tax assets - Subsidiaries	4,080,468 15,979	3,280,444 15,007
Total deferred tax assets	4,096,447	3,295,451

28. OTHER LIABILITIES

	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
Provision for post-employment benefits (Note 42)	784,938	689,654
Provision for free of service period benefits (Note 42)	655,489	489,650
Accrued bonus, employee incentives, leave and holiday	647,930	399,635
Payable to customer	557,822	664,689
Guarantee deposits	527,347	306,880
Unearned income	351,257	333,089
Provision for possible losses on legal cases (Note 56e)	204,611	301,046
Others	2,681,784	2,248,471
Total Rupiah	6,411,178	5,433,114
Foreign Currency:		
Guarantee deposits	565,340	312,870
Unearned income	199,043	185,487
Inter-branch accounts - net	159,328	69,040
Provision for possible losses on legal cases (Note 56e)	1,131	15,181
Others	2,288,011	954,604
Total Foreign Currency	3,212,853	1,537,182
	9,624,031	6,970,296

Movements of provisions for possible losses on legal cases for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

2007	2006
316,227	471,706
(106,619) (3,866)	(154,427) (1,052)
205,742	316,227
	316,227 (106,619) (3,866)

^{*)} Includes effect of foreign currency translation.

Management believes that the provision for possible losses on legal cases is adequate.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

29. SUBORDINATED LOANS

a.	By Currency:	
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	2007	2006
Rupiah:		
Two-Step Loans (TSL)		
Nordic Investment Bank (NIB) (a)	213,724	246,358
Export-Import Bank of Japan (EBJ) (b)	-	9,765
Asian Development Bank (ADB) (c)	688	1,378
International Bank for Reconstruction		
and Development (IBRD) (d)	-	8,674
ASEAN Japan Development Fund-Overseas Economic Cooperation Fund (AJDF-OECF) (e)	71,506	84,507
ASEAN Japan Development Fund-Export-Import	71,500	04,507
Bank of Japan (AJDF-EBJ) (f)	1,687	2,812
	287,605	353,494
Bank Indonesia	2,423,859	2,448,859
Total Rupiah	2,711,464	2,802,353
Foreign Currency:		
Two-Step Loans - Asian Development Bank (ADB) (c)	203,864	200,797
Two-Step Loans - Kreditanstalt fur Wiederaufbau, Frankfurt (KfW) (g)	19,947	34,192
Others		1,120,018
Total Foreign Currency	223,811	1,355,007
	2,935,275	4,157,360

b. By Type:

	2007	2006
Two-Step Loans (TSL)		
Nordic Investment Bank (NIB) (a)	213,724	246,358
Export-Import Bank of Japan (EBJ) (b)	-	9,765
Asian Development Bank (ADB) (c)	204,552	202,175
International Bank for Reconstruction		
and Development (IBRD) (d)	-	8,674
ASEAN Japan Development Fund-Overseas		
Economic Cooperation Fund (AJDF-OECF) (e)	71,506	84,507
ASEAN Japan Development Fund-Export-Import		
Bank of Japan (AJDF-EBJ) (f)	1,687	2,812
Kreditanstalt fur Wiederaufbau, Frankfurt (KfW) (g)	19,947	34,192
	511,416	588,483
Bank Indonesia	2,423,859	2,448,859
Others	-	1,120,018
	2,935,275	4,157,360
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(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

29. SUBORDINATED LOANS (continued)

Two-Step Loans (TSL)

(a) Nordic Investment Bank (NIB)

This account represents a credit facility obtained from NIB through the Government of the Republic of Indonesia, through the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia, which re-lent the proceeds to participating banks to finance projects in Indonesia. The details of these facilities are as follows:

Credit Facility	Purpose	Repayment Period
Nordic Investment Bank IV	To promote and finance high priority investments in Indonesia, primarily in the private sector, or joint Indonesian and Nordic interests.	April 15, 1997 - February 28, 2017 with the 1 st installment on August 31, 2002.
Nordic Investment Bank III	To promote and finance high priority investments in Indonesia, primarily in the private sector, or joint Indonesian and Nordic interests.	August 4, 1993 - August 15, 2008 with the 1 st installment on February 15, 1999.

The details of credit facilities from Nordic Investment Bank are as follows:

	2007	2006
(a) Nordic Investment Bank IV (NIB IV)(b) Nordic Investment Bank III (NIB III)	202,394 11,330	223,698 22,660
	213,724	246,358

The interest rate on the NIB III and IV facility are based on a variable interest rate as determined by Bank Indonesia based on the prevailing average interest rates for the past six months for three-month Certificates of Bank Indonesia.

(b) Export-Import Bank of Japan (EBJ)

This account represents credit facilities obtained from the EBJ through the Government of the Republic of Indonesia, through the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia, which re-lent the proceeds to participating banks to finance projects in Indonesia. The details of these facilities are as follows:

Credit Facility EBJ-TSL IV	Purpose To finance projects which help to increase investments in the private sector and which are export-oriented.	Repayment Period January 28, 1992 - January 15, 2007 with the 1 st installment on July 15, 1995.	
The details of credit fa	cilities from the EBJ are as follows:	2007	2006
Export-Import Bank of Japa	n IV (EBJ-TSL IV)	-	9,765

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

29. SUBORDINATED LOANS (continued)

Two-Step Loans (TSL) (continued)

(b) Export-Import Bank of Japan (EBJ) (continued)

The interest rate on the credit facilities from EBJ-TSL IV is based on the floating interest rate determined every six months based on the prevailing average interest rate for the past six months for three-month Certificates of Bank Indonesia, which should not be higher than the six-months' average interest rate for three-month time deposits in five (5) state-owned banks. The Bank has fully repaid the credit facilities on January 15, 2007.

(c) Asian Development Bank (ADB)

This account represents credit facilities from the ADB through the Government of the Republic of Indonesia, through the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia, which re-lent the proceeds to participating banks to finance projects in Indonesia. The details of these facilities are as follows:

Credit Facility	Purpose	Repayment Period
ADB 1327-INO (SF)	To finance Micro Credit Projects.	January 15, 2005 - July 15, 2029 with 1 st installment on January 15, 2005.
ADB Perkebunan Nusantara XII and Nescoco Inti	To finance government projects in funding credit for plantation projects.	February 15, 1989 - September 15, 2008 with 1 st installment on March 15, 1995.

The details of credit facilities from Asian Development Bank (ADB) are as follows:

		2007	2006
(a) (b)	ADB Loan 1327 - INO ADB Perkebunan Nusantara XII and Nescoco Inti	203,864 688	200,797 1,378
		204,552	202,175

The Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia had issued letter No. S-596/MK.6/2004 dated July 12, 2004, which approved the transfer of Micro Project Loan of ADB No. 1327-INO (SF) from Bank Indonesia to Bank Mandiri. With the transfer approval, an amendment was made on channeling loan No. SLA-805/DP3/1995 dated April 27, 1995, which was revised by amendment No. AMA-287/SLA-805/DP3/2003 dated April 22, 2003, from the Republic of Indonesia and Bank Indonesia to the Republic of Indonesia and PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk., under No. AMA-298/SLA-805/DP3/2004 dated July 16, 2004.

The ADB Loans for Micro Credit Projects was extended in SDR (Special Drawing Rights) for SDR15,872,600.44 (full amount) which is repayable by Bank Mandiri in SDR to the Government in fifty semi-annual equal installments every January 15 and July 15, with the first installment to be paid on January 15, 2005 and the last on July 15, 2029. The ADB loans are subject to a service charge of 1.50% per annum every January 15 and July 15 starting from the drawdown of the loans.

The annual interest rates on the ADB Perkebunan Nusantara XII and ADB Nescoco Inti facilities are 9.50% per annum and 10.00% per annum, respectively.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

29. SUBORDINATED LOANS (continued)

Two-Step Loans (TSL) (continued)

(d) International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD)

This account represents credit facilities obtained from IBRD through the Government of the Republic of Indonesia, through the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia, which re-lent the proceeds to participating banks to finance projects in Indonesia. The details of these facilities are as follows:

Credit Facility	Purpose	Repayment Period		
Financial Sector Development Project (FSDP)	To finance Financial Sector Development Projects.	February 1, 1993 - September 15, 2007 with 1 st installment on March 15, 1998.		
Agricultural Financing Project (AFP)	To finance production sector projects and agriculture, animal husbandry, fishery and forestry industries.	January 10, 1992 - December 1, 2006 with 1 st installment on June 1, 1995.		

Details of credit facilities from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD) are as follows:

2007

2006

		2007	2006
(a)	Financial Sector Development Project (FSDP)		8,674
(b)	Agricultural Financing Project (AFP)	-	-
		-	8,674

The interest rate on the FSDP credit facility is 0% per annum. Installments for the FSDP credit facility are repayable on March 15 and September 15 of every year. The Bank has fully repaid the credit facility on September 15, 2007.

The interest rate on the AFP facility is computed based on a variable interest rate for a period of six months, at the lower of:

- Six-months' average interest rate for three-month Certificates of Bank Indonesia.
- Six-months' average interest rate for three-month time deposits in five state-owned banks.

The interest rate on the AFP facility shall not be lower than the interest rate charged by IBRD to the Government plus 2% per annum.

The Bank has fully settled AFP facility on December 1, 2006.

(e) ASEAN Japan Development Fund - Overseas Economic Cooperation Fund (AJDF-OECF)

This account represents a credit facility obtained from AJDF-OECF through the Government of the Republic of Indonesia, through the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia, which re-lent the proceeds to participating banks to finance projects in Indonesia. The details of these facilities are as follows:

Credit Facility	Purpose	Repayment Period		
Pollution Abatement Equipment Program (PAE)	To purchase equipment to prevent pollution	August 19, 1993 - August 19, 2013, with 1 st installment on August 15, 1998		
Small Scale Industry (SSI)	To finance small-scale industry	August 19, 1993 - August 19, 2013, with 1 st installment on August 15, 1998		

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

29. SUBORDINATED LOANS (continued)

Two-Step Loans (TSL) (continued)

(e) ASEAN Japan Development Fund - Overseas Economic Cooperation Fund (AJDF-OECF) (continued)

Details of outstanding credit facilities from the International ASEAN Japan Development Fund Overseas Economic Cooperation Fund (AJDF-OECF) are as follows:

		2007	2006
(a)	Pollution Abatement Equipment Program (PAE)	69,218	81,803
(b)	Small Scale Industry (SSI)	2,288	2,704
		71,506	84,507

The drawdowns on the above AJDF-OECF facilities are repayable within twenty years after the first drawdown (inclusive of a 5-year grace period), in thirty semi-annual installments starting August 15, 1998 and ending on February 15, 2013.

The PAE facility is subject to a variable interest rate determined every six months based on the prevailing average interest rate for the past six months of the three-month Certificates of Bank Indonesia, less 5% per annum.

The SSI facility is subject to a variable interest rate determined every six months based on the prevailing average interest rate for the six months of the three-month Certificates of Bank Indonesia, less 2.5% per annum.

(f) ASEAN Japan Development Fund - Export - Import Bank of Japan (AJDF-EBJ)

This account represents a credit facility obtained from the AJDF-EBJ through the Government of the Republic of Indonesia, through the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia, which re-lent the proceeds to participating banks to finance investment projects and working capital requirements of small-scale industries. The credit facility, which amounts to Rp9,560, is repayable in 24 semi-annual installments within fifteen years after the date of the first drawdown (inclusive of a 3-year grace period), with the first installment starting on December 15, 1997.

Total outstanding credit facilities from the International ASEAN Japan Development Fund - Export - Import Bank of Japan (AJDF-EBJ) as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 were Rp1,687 and Rp2,812, respectively.

The facility is subject to an interest rate determined every six months based on the prevailing average interest rate for the past six months for three-month Certificates of Bank Indonesia.

(g) Kreditanstalt fur Wiederaufbau (KfW)

This account represents a credit facility from KfW to the Government of the Republic of Indonesia through Bank Indonesia (BI) and is disbursed by Bank Mandiri to finance export contracts denominated in Deutsche Marks (DM) with a maximum of DM250,000,000 (full amount) for the supply of capital goods, investments in infrastructure projects such as transportation, energy or communications projects, and transfer of new technologies to be concluded between buyers domiciled in Indonesia and exporters domiciled in the Federal Republic of Germany.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

29. SUBORDINATED LOANS (continued)

Two-Step Loans (continued)

(g) Kreditanstalt fur Wiederaufbau (KfW) (continued)

Prior to importing supplies from Germany, the buyer shall sign an Individual Loan Agreement (ILA) with approval from BI, KfW and the Government of the Republic of Indonesia. The financing shall be limited to an amount of up to 85% of the total price in DM of each Export Contract. In the event that the total price shall be reduced during the period of disbursement, KfW shall reduce the individual loans proportionally.

The minimum order value of an Export Contract is DM353,000 (full amount) of which the resulting credit element would be DM300,000 (full amount).

The terms and conditions as set out in the subordinated loan agreement No. 31/1013/UK dated January 21, 1999, between Bank Indonesia and PT Bank Bumi Daya (a legacy bank) are as follows:

- The loan tenor shall be five years, exclusive of a six-month grace period, from the signing date of ILA, which can be renewed for up to eight or ten years depending upon each ILA.
- The loan principal repayment shall be made in ten equal installments on June 15 and December 15 annually starting six months after the grace period of each ILA.
- The interest rate is calculated at 0.75% per annum above the Commercial Interest Reference Rate starting from the date of withdrawal of loans, including Bank Indonesia fees of 0.15%, net of tax, which shall be payable semi-annually every June 15 and December 15.
- A commitment fee of 0.25% per annum is charged on the unused facility from the signing date of each ILA; and
- A penalty of 2% per annum above the interest rate as explained in point three in the event of late payment.

KfW advanced to the Government of Republic of Indonesia through BI and Bank Mandiri an amount of EUR11,777,361 (full amount), of which EUR11,133,645 (full amount) had already been withdrawn by Bank Mandiri through payment of a letter of credit (L/C), in line with the import of equipment for the modernization of a Hot Strip Mill, Roughing Mill Motor and Stand F4 Rear Motor Drivers System and related services from Siemens AG, Erlangan, Germany, to PT Krakatau Steel which has entered into two ILAs with BI and KfW, as follows:

2007

			Baland	ce	
Loan No.	Facility (full amount)	Used Facility (full amount)	Original Currency (full amount)	Rupiah Equivalent	Repayment Period
F3137/1	EUR7,859,450	EUR7,215,734	EUR1,443,147	19,947	January 13, 2000 - December 15, 2006 with 1 st installment on August 30, 2002, which was extended to May 31, 2004. Repayments are due in ten equal installments. Last installment will be on December 15, 2008.
F3137/2	EUR3,917,911	EUR3,917,911	-	-	March 3, 2000 - June 15, 2006 with 1 st installment on December 31, 2001. Repayments are due in ten equal installments.
Total	EUR11,777,361	EUR11,133,645	EUR1,443,147	19,947	

In accordance with the agreement, loan number F3137/2 was settled on June 15, 2006.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

29. SUBORDINATED LOANS (continued)

Two-Step Loans (continued)

(g) Kreditanstalt fur Wiederaufbau (KfW) (continued)

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			Baland	e	
Loan No.	Facility (full amount)	Used Facility (full amount)	Original Currency (full amount)	Rupiah Equivalent	Repayment Period
F3137/1	EUR7,859,450	EUR7,215,734	EUR2,886,294	34,192	January 13, 2000 - December 15, 2006 with 1 st installment on August 30, 2002, which was extended to May 31, 2004. Repayments are due in ten equal installments. Last installment will be on December 15, 2008.
F3137/2	EUR3,917,911	EUR3,917,911	-	-	March 3, 2000 - June 15, 2006 with 1 st installment on December 31, 2001. Repayments are due in ten equal installments.
Total	EUR11.777.361	EUR11.133.645	EUR2.886.294	34,192	-

Bank Indonesia

This account represents loans arising from the conversion of Bank Indonesia liquidity used to improve the capital structure of BDN, Bapindo and PT Bank Syariah Mandiri (a Subsidiary).

Bank Indonesia agreed to the restructuring of the subordinated loans of BDN amounting to Rp736,859 and Bapindo (previously recorded as Loan Capital) amounting to Rp1,755,000 as stated in Bank Indonesia Letter No. 6/360/BKR dated November 23, 2004 regarding the Restructuring of Subordinated Loans. Under the restructuring, the subordinated loans of both ex-legacies are combined into one amount of Rp2,491,859, with a repayment period of eleven years from 2004 until 2014. The restructured loan bears interest at the rate of 0.2% per annum. The restructuring of the subordinated loans was legalized in the notarial deed of Restructuring Agreement of Subordinated Loan No. 4 dated December 7, 2004 by notary Ratih Gondokusumo Siswono, S.H. in Jakarta.

As stated in the letter from Bank Indonesia No. 6/130i/DPbS dated November 26, 2004 regarding the settlement of the subordinated loan to BSM, Bank Indonesia agreed to the proposal from BSM to fully pay the subordinated loan amounting to Rp32,000 on November 30, 2008. For this purpose, BSM pledged premises and equipment as collateral (Note 14). The loan bears interest at the rate of 6% per annum and is to be repaid in quarterly installments.

The details of this facility as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

Bank	Term of Loan	2007 Amount (Rupiah)	2006 Amount (Rupiah)	Interest Rate
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk.	November 30, 2004 - March 31, 2014 with 1 st installment on November 30, 2004	2,391,859	2,416,859	0.2% per annum
PT Bank Syariah Mandiri (BSM)	January 31, 1994 - November 30, 2008 with payment at maturity date	32,000	32,000	Paid quarterly at 6% per annum
		2,423,859	2,448,859	

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

29. SUBORDINATED LOANS (continued)

Others

Subordinated Notes (SNs)

Details of Subordinated Notes (SNs) are as follows:

		2007	2007		
Issuer	Term of Subscription	Original Amount (full amount)	Equivalent Rupiah	Original Amount (full amount)	Equivalent Rupiah
Bank Mandiri	August 2, 2002 - 2012 with Call Option by				
	August 2, 2007	=	-	US\$125,000,000	1,125,375
Less: Unamortized disc	count	-	-	(US\$595,036)	(5,357)
				US\$124,404,964	1,120,018

For purposes of increasing the Bank's Supplementary Capital (Tier II Capital), the Bank sourced financing for maturing subordinated debt obligations and for providing funds for new US Dollar loans. On August 2, 2002 the Bank issued US\$125,000,000 (full amount) Subordinated Notes (the "Notes") through its Cayman Islands Branch. The Notes have been issued at 99.148% of their principal amount and are due on August 2, 2012. The Notes bear interest at the rate of 10.625% per annum from and including August 12, 2007 but excluding August 3, 2007 except that in 2007, interest will accrue from and including February 2, 2007 but excluding August 3, 2007. Unless the Notes are previously redeemed, the interest rate from and including August 3, 2007 but excluding August 2, 2012 will be reset at the US Treasury Rate plus 11.20% per annum. Interest will be paid semi-annually in arrears on February 2 and August 2, starting August 2, 2008.

The Notes are traded on the Singapore Stock Exchange in a minimum board lot size of US\$200,000 (full amount). The Notes are offered and sold outside of the United States to persons that are not U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act) in compliance with Regulation S (the "Unrestricted Notes"). The Notes are initially offered and sold in the United States to qualified institutional buyers (as defined in the Trust Deed) and will originally be represented by a restricted global note certificate in registered form (the "Restricted Global Notes Certificate" and, together with the Unrestricted Global Note Certificate, the "Global Note Certificates" and, either one of them, a "Global Note Certificate") which will be deposited with a common depository for Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. as operator of the Euroclear System (Euroclear) and Clearstream Banking, Societe Anonyme, Luxembourg (Clearstream, Luxembourg).

The issuance and classification of the SNs as Subordinated Loans has been approved by Bank Indonesia (BI), through its letter No. 4/88/DPwB2/PwB23 dated July 12, 2002.

On August 2, 2007, the Bank has fully repaid the loan Subordinated Notes (SNs).

30. MINORITY INTERESTS IN NET ASSETS OF CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES

This account represents minority interests in net assets of subsidiaries as follows:

	2007	2006
Dana Pensiun Bank Bumi Daya	5,126	4,072
Yayasan Dana Pensiun Bank Dagang Negara	1,173	1,058
Koperasi Karyawan - PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk.	47	46
	6,346	5,176

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

31. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

a. Authorized, Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital

The Bank's authorized, issued and fully paid-up capital as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

	2007				
•	Number of	Nominal Value Per Share	Share Value	Percentage Of	
	Shares	(Full Amount)	(Full Amount)	Ownership	
Authorized Capital - Dwiwarna Share A Series	1	500	500	0.00%	
- Common Shares B Series	31,999,999,999	500	15,999,999,999,500	100.00%	
Total Authorized Capital	32,000,000,000	500	16,000,000,000,000	100.00%	
Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital Republic of Indonesia - Dwiwarna Share A Series - Common Shares B Series	1 13,999,999,999	500 500	500 6,999,999,999,500	0.00% 67.47%	
Public (less than 5 % each) - Common Shares B Series Total Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital	6,749,551,742 20,749,551,742	500 500	3,374,775,871,000 10,374,775,871,000	32.53% 100.00%	

Shares ownership by directors were 20,500,281 shares (0.0987987%) as of December 31, 2007.

	2006				
	Number of Shares	Nominal Value Per Share (Full Amount)	Share Value (Full Amount)	Percentage Of Ownership	
Authorized Capital - Dwiwarna Share A Series - Common Shares B Series	1	500	500	0.00%	
	31,999,999,999	500	15,999,999,999,500	100.00%	
Total Authorized Capital	32,000,000,000	500	16,000,000,000,000	100.00%	
Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital Republic of Indonesia - Dwiwarna Share A Series - Common Shares B Series	1	500	500	0.00%	
	13,999,999,999	500	6,999,999,999,500	67.86%	
Public (less than 5 % each) - Common Shares B Series Total Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital	6,631,217,467	500	3,315,608,733,500	32.14%	
	20,631,217,467	500	10,315,608,733,500	100.00%	

Shares ownership by directors were 21,063,890 shares (0.1020972%) as of December 31, 2006.

Based on notarial deed No. 10 of Sutjipto, S.H., dated October 2, 1998, the authorized capital of Bank Mandiri amounts to Rp16,000,000 with a par value of Rp1,000,000 (full amount) per share.

The establishment of issued and fully paid-up capital amounting to Rp4,000,000 by the Republic of Indonesia at the date of establishment of Bank Mandiri was carried out as follows:

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

31. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)

- a. Authorized, Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital (continued)
 - 1. Cash payment through Bank Indonesia amounting to Rp1,600,004.
 - 2. Placements in shares of stocks recorded as investments in shares of the Merged Banks amounting to Rp599,999 each or totaling Rp2,399,996, through the transfer of shares of the Republic of Indonesia in each of the Merged Banks to Bank Mandiri, as resolved during the respective Extraordinary General Meetings of the Merged Banks. Based on the agreement ("inbreng") notarized by deed No. 9 of Sutjipto, S.H. dated October 2, 1998, Bank Mandiri and the Republic of Indonesia, agreed to transfer those shares (inbreng) as payment for new shares to be issued by Bank Mandiri.

Based on the amendments to the Articles of Association of Bank Mandiri covered by notarial deed No. 98 of Sutjipto, S.H. dated July 24, 1999, the shareholder resolved to increase the paid-up capital (share capital) of Bank Mandiri from Rp4,000,000 to Rp4,251,000 to be entirely paid for by the Republic of Indonesia. The increase of Rp251,000 was effected through the conversion of additional paid-in capital to share capital and resulted from the excess of recapitalization bonds under the 1st Recapitalization Program as per Government Regulation No. 52/1999.

Based on an Extraordinary General Shareholder's Meeting resolution dated May 29, 2003, which was amended by notarial deed No. 142 of Sutjipto, S.H., dated May 29, 2003, the shareholder agreed among others the following:

- (i) Initial Public Offering
- (ii) Changes in capital structure
- (iii) Changes in Articles of Association

Following the shareholder decision to change the capital structure, Bank Mandiri increased its issued and fully paid-up capital to Rp10,000,000 and split the share price from Rp1,000,000 (full amount) per share to Rp500 (full amount) per share. Accordingly, the number of authorized shares increased from 16,000,000 shares to 32,000,000,000 shares, and the number of issued and fully paid-up shares increased from 10,000,000 shares with a nominal value of Rp1,000,000 (full amount) to 20,000,000,000 shares with a nominal value of Rp500 the issued and fully paid-up capital consists of 1 Dwiwarna A Series share and 19,999,999,999 Common B Series shares owned by the Republic of Indonesia.

In relation to the change in capital structure, the Extraordinary Shareholder's Meeting also approved the establishment of part of Recapitalization Fund amounting to Rp168,801,314,557,901 (full amount) as Agio.

The above changes in capital structure became effective from May 23, 2003, with the requirement that the Bank should conduct a quasi-reorganization on or before the end of 2003 based on an approval of the Shareholder.

The Dwiwarna A Series share represents a share owned by the Republic of Indonesia, which is not transferable. It provides the Republic of Indonesia with the following privileges:

- 1. General Shareholders Meetings concerning increases in capital should be attended by and approved by the Dwiwarna A Series shareholder.
- 2. General Shareholders Meetings concerning changes in the composition of the Boards of Directors and Commissioners should be attended and approved by the Dwiwarna A Series shareholder.
- 3. General Shareholders Meetings concerning changes in the Articles of Association should be attended and approved by the Dwiwarna A Series shareholder.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

31. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)

- a. Authorized, Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital (continued)
 - 4. General Shareholders Meetings concerning mergers, acquisitions and takeovers should be attended and approved by the Dwiwarna A Series shareholder.
 - 5. General Shareholders Meetings concerning dissolution and liquidation should be attended and approved by the Dwiwarna A Series shareholder.

The changes in the capital structure are based on the Minutes of the Meeting regarding the amendment of the Articles of Association (Pernyataan Keputusan Rapat Perubahan Anggaran Dasar) of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. as notarized by Sutjipto, S.H. No. 2 dated June 1, 2003. The amendment was approved by the Minister of Justice and Human Rights through decree No. C-12783 HT.01.04.TH.2003 dated June 6, 2003 and announced in Appendix No. 6590 of State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No. 63 dated August 8, 2003 (Note 1d).

The increase in paid-up capital of Bank Mandiri from Rp4,251,000 to Rp10,000,000 was made through the following:

- Return of paid-up capital of Rp251,000 to the Government as a part of the return of excess recapitalization of Rp1,412,000 which was retained by Bank Mandiri, and an increase in capital amounting to Rp1,000,000 from the capitalization of reserves, based on Government Regulation (PP) No. 26/2003 dated May 29, 2003, regarding the "Conversion of the Investment of the Republic of Indonesia into the Paid-in Capital of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk.", and Decree of the Minister of State-Owned Enterprises, as the PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk's shareholder at Jakarta, No. KEP-154/M-MBU/2002 dated October 29, 2002.
- 2. Increase in fully paid-up capital of Rp5,000,000 from the capitalization of additional paid-up capital based on the Decree of the Minister of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia ("KMK RI") No. 227/202.02/2003 dated May 23, 2003 regarding "The final amount and implementation of the Government's rights arising from the additional share participation of the Government of the Republic of Indonesia in PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. in connection with the general banking recapitalization program".

Based on the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on May 29, 2003, which was notarized on May 29, 2003 by Sutjipto, S.H., as per notarial deed No. 142 dated May 29, 2003, the shareholder agreed to among others, the introduction of an employee stock ownership plan through an Employee Stock Allocation Program (ESA) and a Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP). The ESA consists of a Bonus Share Plan and a Share Purchase at Discount program. MSOP is directed to directors and senior management at certain levels and based on certain criteria. All costs and discounts related to the ESA program are recognized by Bank through allocation of reserves. The management and execution of the ESA and MSOP programs is performed by the Board of Directors, while the supervision is performed by the Board of Commissioners (Note 32).

On July 14, 2003, the Government of the Republic of Indonesia divested 4,000,000,000 shares representing 20% of its shareholding in Bank Mandiri through an Initial Public Offering (IPO).

Following the Regulation of the Government of the Republic of Indonesia No. 27/2003 dated June 2, 2003, which approved the divestment of the Government ownership in Bank Mandiri of up to 30%, and based on a decision of Tim Kebijakan Privatisasi Badan Usaha Milik Negara No. Kep-05/TKP/01/2004 dated January 19, 2004, the Government of the Republic of Indonesia divested a 10% ownership interest in PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. or 2,000,000,000 shares of Common Shares of Series B on March 11, 2004 through private placement.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

31. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)

a. Authorized, Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital (continued)

On July 14, 2003, the date of the IPO, through MSOP - Stage 1 (Management Stock Option Plan - Stage 1), the Bank issued 378,583,785 share options for the management with an exercise price of Rp742.5 (full amount) per share and a nominal value of Rp500 (full amount) per share. The share options are recorded in the Equity account - Share Options with fair value amounting to Rp69,71 (full amount) per share options. Up to December 31, 2007, MSOP - Stage 1 options exercised totaled 370,530,174 shares, thereby increasing the total issued and fully paid-up capital by Rp183,629 and agio by Rp114,662, including MSOP - Stage 1 exercised for the year ended December 31, 2007 amounting to 43,512,471 shares thereby increasing the total issued and fully paid - up capital by Rp20,120 and agio by Rp12,564 and Funds for Paid - up Capital amounting to Rp2,657. As of December 31, 2007, shares option value still recorded as equity-share option from MSOP - Stage 1 amounting to Rp561.

The General Shareholders' Meeting on May 16, 2005 approved MSOP - Stage 2 amounting to 312,000,000 share options. The exercise price and nominal value for each share is Rp1,190.50 (full amount) for exercise in the first year and Rp2,493 (full amount) for exercise in the second year and the following year. The nominal value per share is Rp500 (full amount). The Bank recorded MSOP - Stage 2 in the Equity account - Share Options with fair value amounting to Rp642.28 (full amount) per share options. Up to December 31, 2007 MSOP - Stage 2 option exercised totaled 304,886,942 shares thereby increasing the total Issued and Fully Paid - up Capital by Rp152,271 and agio by Rp406,335, including MSOP - Stage 2 exercised for the year ended December 31, 2007 amounting to 687,178 shares thereby increasing the Total Issued and Fully Paid - up Capital by Rp172 and Agio by Rp904, respectively, and Funds for Paid - up Capital amounting to Rp1,079. As of December 31, 2007, share option value still recorded as equity-share option from MSOP - Stage 2 amounting to Rp4,569.

The General Shareholders' Meeting on May 22, 2006 approved MSOP - Stage 3 amounting to 309,416,215 share options or 1.55% from total issued and fully paid - up capital at the date of the IPO to purchase new shares B series to be issued. The General Shareholders' Meeting also give authority to the commissioners to determine the execution and monitoring policy of MSOP - Stage 3 including the options implementation and report it in the future general shareholders' meeting.

The MSOP - Stage 3 exercise price for each share is Rp1,495.08 (full amount). The Bank recorded MSOP - Stage 3 in the equity account - Share Options at fair value amounting to Rp593.89 (full amount) per share options. As of December 31, 2007 MSOP - Stage 3 option exercised totaled 137,348,058 shares thereby increasing the total issued and fully paid - up capital by Rp38,875 and agio by Rp123,543 and funds for paid - up capital amounting to Rp123,857. As of December 31, 2007, share option value still recorded as Equity-Share Options from MSOP - Stage 3 amounted to Rp102,190.

Funds for paid - up capital from MSOP-Stage 1, MSOP-Stage 2 and MSOP-Stage 3 exercised during 2007 amounting to Rp2,657, Rp1,079 and Rp123,857, respectively, represent stock option exercised during October 1 - December 31, 2007 not yet recognized as increase of total issued and fully paid-up capital amounting to Rp31,607 and agio amounting to Rp95,986 because these are not yet supported by amended deed of Articles of Association.

Share options exercised from MSOP - Stage 1, MSOP - Stage 2, MSOP - Stage 3 for the year ended December 31, 2007 were 43,512,471 shares, 687,178 shares and 137,348,058 shares, respectively, thereby increasing the total issued and fully paid - up capital by Rp59,167 (Notes 1a and 32).

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

31. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)

a. Authorized, Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital (continued)

Share options exercised from MSOP - Stage 1, MSOP - Stage 2 for the year ended December 31, 2006 were 71,300,339 shares and 304,199,764 shares, respectively, thereby increasing the total issued and fully paid - up capital by Rp187,750 (Notes 1a and 32).

b. Additional Paid-In Capital/Agio

The additional paid-in capital/agio of Rp6,570,959 and Rp6,433,948, as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, represents additional paid-up capital arising from the Recapitalization Program (Note 1c) and share options exercise.

Share options exercised from MSOP - Stage 1, MSOP - Stage 2, MSOP - Stage 3 for the year ended December 31, 2007 were 43,512,471 shares, 687,178 shares and 137,348,058 shares, respectively, thereby increasing the additional paid in capital by Rp137,011 (Notes 1a and 32).

Share options exercised from MSOP - Stage 1 and MSOP Stage 2 for the year ended December 31, 2006 were 71,300,339 shares and 304,199,764 shares, respectively, thereby increasing the additional paid-in capital by Rp427,693 (Notes 1a and 32).

Based on the results of a due diligence review conducted on behalf of the Government dated December 31, 1999 and a Management Contract (IMPA) dated April 8, 2000, it was determined that there was an excess recapitalization amounting to Rp4,069,000. The Bank returned Rp2,657,000 of Government Recapitalization Bonds to the Government on July 7, 2000 pursuant to the management contract. The balance of Rp1,412,000 was returned to the Government on April 25, 2003 as approved by the shareholder during its meeting on October 29, 2002 and the Minister of State-Owned Enterprises Decision Letter No. KEP-154/M-MBU/2002 dated October 29, 2002.

The return of the above excess recapitalization amounting to Rp1,412,000 (Note 47b) includes issued and fully paid-up capital of Rp251,000.

On May 23, 2003, the Minister of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia issued decree ("KMK-RI") No. 227/KMK.02/2003 dated May 23, 2003, which was amended by KMK No. 420/KMK.02/2003 dated September 30, 2003, which provides further guidance on Government Regulations No. 52 year 1999 and No. 97 year 1999 regarding the additional Government participation in Bank Mandiri's capital.

Matters decided under the KMK RI, among others, are as follows:

- a. The final Bank Mandiri recapitalization amount is Rp173,801,314,557,593 (full amount);
- b. Recapitalization of Rp5,000,000,000,000 (full amount) is converted into 5,000,000 new shares issued by Bank Mandiri with a nominal value of Rp1,000,000 (full amount) per share;
- c. The remaining recapitalization amount of Rp168,801,314,557,593 (full amount) is recorded as agio at the capital structure of Bank Mandiri.

Through quasi-reorganization, the Bank's accumulated losses as of April 30, 2003 amounting to Rp162,874,901 were eliminated against additional paid-in capital/agio.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

31. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)

c. Premises and Equipment Revaluation Increment

The premises and equipment revaluation increment amounting to Rp3,046,936 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, represents the revaluation increment of the premises and equipment of the Merged Banks based on an appraisal as of July 31, 1999. This was based on the Decision Letter of the Minister of Finance No. 211/KMK.03/2003 dated May 14, 2003, Bank Mandiri letter No. S-206/MK.01/2003 dated May 21, 2003 and approval of the Directorate General of Taxation, through the Head of State and Regional Offices of Corporate Tax Services Decision Letter No. KEP-01/WPJ.07/KP.0105/2003 dated June 18, 2003.

d. Distribution of Net Income

Based on the resolution of the shareholders during their general meetings held on May 28, 2007 and May 22, 2006, the shareholders approved the distribution of the 2006 and 2005 net income as follows:

	2006	2005
Dividends	1,452,843	301,685
Tantiem *)	4,778	-
Cooperative Development fund program	48,428	-
Community Development fund program	48,428	12,067
	1,554,477	313,752
Appropriated retained earnings: General reserve	36,321	15,084
Specific reserve	-	-
Total reserve	36,321	15,084
Retained earnings	830,607	274,533
	2,421,405	603,369
Dividend per share	Rp70.02 (full amount)	Rp14.85 (full amount)

^{*)} In accordance with the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on May 28, 2007, tantiem is taken from 2006 net income, and was distributed only to Commissioner's of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk.

The dividends from 2006 and 2005 net income were paid to the shareholders on June 29, 2007 and June 30, 2006, respectively. Based on the decision of Shareholder's Annual General Meeting Year 2005 on May 22, 2006, there is no tantiem paid from the 2005 net income. The tantiem from 2006 amounting to Rp4,778 was paid to the Commissioners of the Bank on June 4, 2007. The allocations for Cooperative development fund program and the community development fund program from 2006 and 2005 net income were paid on June 20, 2007 and June 16, 2006, respectively.

e. Difference Arising from Transactions Resulting in Changes in the Equity of Subsidiaries

The account represents the Bank's proportionate interest in the Subsidiaries arising from changes in Subsidiaries' equity which are not derived from transactions with the Bank and are calculated based on the percentage of ownership of the Bank and Subsidiaries. Bank adjusted the unrealized loss from available for sale securities, donated capital and premises and equipment revaluation increment as part of Difference Arising from Transactions Resulting in Changes in the Equity of Subsidiaries because of the related securities held by Subsidiaries.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

32. MANAGEMENT STOCK OPTION PLAN

Based on the Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on May 29, 2003, which was notarized on the same date by Sutjipto, S.H., as per notarial deed No. 142, the shareholders approved the adoption of the Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP).

The purpose of the MSOP program is to achieve long-term objective, of ensuring the continuity of the current or future performance of the Bank by aligning management and shareholders' objectives. The Bank implemented a MSOP program to attract, retain and motivate senior management and other key employees for certain levels and criterias. The bank plans to issue MSOP shares, additional common shares Series B (issued without the priority right to order share), up to maximum 5% from the total of Issued and fully paid-up capital or equal to 1 billion of common shares Series B with par value of Rp500 (full amount) per share.

The share option life is five years from the grant date. The number of stock options that can be exercised (for MSOP - Stage 1) at the end of the first year from the grant date is a maximum of 50% of the total options granted, and the remaining 50% may be exercised at the end of the second year up through the end of the fifth year.

On July 14, 2003, after approval by Extraordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on May 29, 2003, the Bank granted MSOP - Stage 1 amounting to 378,583,785 share options with an exercise price of Rp742.5 (full amount) per share or 110% of the offering price with a vesting period of two years.

The fair value of MSOP - Stage 1 stock options granted as of July 14, 2003 was Rp69.71 (full amount) based on a valuation report issued by PT Watson Wyatt Indonesia dated March 4, 2004.

The General Shareholders' Meeting held on May 16, 2005 approved the MSOP - Stage 2 amounting to 312,000,000 share options. Exercise price for each share is Rp1,190.5 (full amount) for the first year of execution and Rp2,493 (full amount) for the remaing exercised period.

The share option life of MSOP - Stage 2 is five years from the grant date, which was on June 21, 2005. The number of stock options that can be exercised since December 4, 2006 is 100% of the total options granted.

The fair value of MSOP - Stage 2 stock options granted as of May 16, 2005 was Rp642.28 (full amount) based on a valuation report issued by PT Watson Wyatt Indonesia dated February 27, 2006.

The General Shareholders' Meeting held on May 22, 2006 approved the MSOP - Stage 3 amounting to 309,416,215 share options or 1.55% from the issued and fully paid-up capital at the date of IPO to purchase the new common shares Series B to be issued. Exercise price for each share is Rp1,495.08 (full amount) during the options period.

The decision of the stock options allocation and the policy of MSOP - Stage 3 was established by the Commissioners on July 28, 2006. The option life MSOP - Stage 3 is 5 (five) years from the grant date with five exercise periods and was announced on the announcement of Jakarta Stock Exchange No. Peng-989/BEJ-PSJ/P/100-2006 dated October 31, 2006.

Based on letter from Human Capital Group dated October 30, 2007 MSOP - Stage 3 can be exercised on first period (May 7, 2007 and November 5, 2007) for maximum of 50% from total options granted. The remaining 50% can be exercised on the next period (the second period or the next periods).

The fair value of MSOP - Stage 3 stock options granted as of May 22, 2006 was Rp593.89 (full amount) based on a valuation report issued by PT Watson Wyatt Indonesia dated February 22, 2007.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

32. MANAGEMENT STOCK OPTION PLAN (continued)

The fair value of the options stage 1, stage 2 and stage 3 were estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

	MSOP - Stage 1	MSOP - Stage 2	MSOP - Stage 3
Risk free interest rate	8.46%	9.50%	11.65%
Expected period of option	5 years	5 years	5 years
Expected stock's volatility	24.53%	50%	50%
Expected dividend yield	7.63%	7.63%	7.75%
Employee turnover rate	1%	1%	1%

Number of options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2007 totalled 181,547,707 options (Note 1a) which comprised of MSOP - Stage 1, MSOP - Stage 2 and MSOP - Stage 3 of 43,512,471 options, 687,178 options and 137,348,058 options, respectively.

Number of options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2006 totalled 375,500,103 options (Note 1a) which comprised of MSOP - Stage 1 and MSOP - Stage 2 of 71,300,339 options and 304,199,764 options, respectively.

A summary of the Management Stock Option Plan and the movements during the year (full amount):

		2007		
	Number of options	Weighted average fair value of options (full amount)	Weighted average excercise price of options (full amount)	Value of Options
Option outstanding at begining of year	368,782,533	521.62	1,383.41	105,330
Option granted during the year	-	-	-	87,034
Option excercised during the year	(181,547,707)	468.44	1,318.48	(85,044)
Options that can be excercised at the end of the year	187,234,826	573.18	1,500.62	107,320
		2006		
	Number of options	Weighted average fair value of options (full amount)	Weighted average excercise price of options (full amount)	Value of Options
Option outstanding at begining of year	434,866,421	480.51	1,063.92	175,012
Option granted during the year	309,416,215	593.89	1,495.08	130,670
Option excercised during the year	(375,500,103)	533.56	1,105.43	(200,352)
Options that can be excercised at the end of the year	368,782,533	521.62	1,383.41	105,330

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

33. INTEREST INCOME

Interest income was derived from the following:

	2007	2006
Loans	12,629,787	11,319,184
Government Bonds	7,418,237	10,840,987
Securities	1,759,699	1,646,826
Placements with Bank Indonesia and other banks	755,716	1,067,532
Fees and commissions	695,800	603,709
Others	669,310	782,868
	23,928,549	26,261,106

Included in interest income from loans and others is *syariah* income for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 amounting to Rp1,051,145 and Rp825,107, respectively, with details as follows:

2007	2006
553,286	492,689
200,090	189,779
297,769	142,639
1,051,145	825,107
	553,286 200,090 297,769

34. INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense was incurred on the following:

	2007	2006
Time deposits	6,466,082	11,459,892
Savings deposits	2,310,034	2,059,386
Demand deposits	1,251,732	1,325,764
Fund borrowings	332,657	331,809
Securities issued	269,636	251,972
Subordinated loans	162,473	129,704
Others	207,580	218,224
	11,000,194	15,776,751

Included in interest expense from time and savings deposits is *syariah* expense for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 amounting to Rp307,424 and Rp314,493, respectively.

35. OTHER OPERATING INCOME - OTHERS

	2007	2005
Penalty	90,911	3,444
Stamp duty income	42,823	40,643
Safe Deposit Box	18,801	17,201
Others	248,734	290,057
	401,269	351,345

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

36. PROVISION FOR POSSIBLE LOSSES ON EARNING ASSETS

	2007	2006
Provision/(reversal of allowance) for possible losses on:		
Current accounts with other banks (Note 4e)	2,731	4,101
Placements with other banks (Note 5f)	(36,337)	(51,542)
Securities (Note 6g)	(22,773)	(30,839)
Other receivables - trade transactions (Note 8d)	(5,527)	(215,583)
Securities purchased with agreements to resell (Note 9b)	25,000	8,600
Derivative receivables (Note 10)	(467)	874
Loans (Note 11B.i)	2,247,854	4,158,551
Acceptances receivable (Note 12d)	(96,805)	(202,701)
Investments in shares of stock (Note 13c)	318	327
	2,113,994	3,671,788

37. REVERSAL OF ALLOWANCE FOR POSSIBLE LOSSES - OTHERS

	2007	2006
Reversal/(provision) of allowance for:		
Possible losses on legal cases (Note 28)	106,619	154,427
Possible losses on fraud cases	107	51,018
Others assets (Note 15)	208,072	(53,663)
Others	(1,783)	(22,837)
	313,015	128,945

38. GAINS/(LOSSES) FROM INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN VALUE OF SECURITIES AND GOVERNMENT BONDS

	2007	2006
Securities Government Bonds	15,129 (29,190)	8,318 101,063
	(14,061)	109,381

39. GAINS FROM SALE OF SECURITIES AND GOVERNMENT BONDS

	2007	2006
Securities	43,504	94,286
Government Bonds	184,994	43,256
	228,498	137,542

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

40. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	2007	2006
Depreciation and amortization of premises and equipment (Note 14)	583,877	608,358
Rent	466,808	452,025
Promotions	419,835	406,826
Communications	364,257	342,519
Professional fees *)	338,147	281,925
Repairs and maintenance	297,788	312,698
Electricity, water and gas	208,762	191,234
Office supplies	179,641	159,897
Transportations	96,192	82,023
Research and development	6,056	7,114
Others	447,897	406,274
	3,409,260	3,250,893

^{*)} Professional fees included audit services amounting to Rp14,817 and Rp15,775 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

41. SALARIES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

	2007	2006
Salaries, wages, pension and tax allowances	2,155,020	1,727,159
Holidays (THR), leave and related entitlements	378,625	324,168
Provision for post-employment benefit expenses	300,177	303,691
Training and development	250,494	133,087
Employee benefits in kind	216,950	213,459
Compensation expense on stock options (Note 32)	87,034	130,670
Provision for tantiem	50,000	-
Bonuses and others	643,923	185,268
	4,082,223	3,017,502

Total gross salaries, allowances and bonuses of the Boards of Directors and Commissioners, and Executive Officers amounted to Rp84,240 and Rp61,242 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, are as follows:

20	07
711	

	Number of Members/	Calarias	Alloweness	Damusas	Tatal
	Officers	Salaries	Allowances	Bonuses	Total
Board of Commissioners	7	5,257	3,605	4,515	13,377
Board of Directors	11	21,343	10,429	-	31,772
Audit Committee Executive Vice Presidents and	2	755	145	185	1,085
Senior Vice Presidents	47	18,668	10,668	8,670	38,006
	67	46,023	24,847	13,370	84,240

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

41. SALARIES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

	2006				
	Number of Members/ Officers	Salaries	Allowances	Bonuses	Total
Board of Commissioners	7	4,733	2,673	-	7,406
Board of Directors	11	16,552	12,199	-	28,751
Audit Committee	2	635	177	-	812
Executive Vice Presidents and					
Senior Vice President	45	15,668	4,670	3,935	24,273
	65	37,588	19,719	3,935	61,242

42. PENSION AND SEVERANCE

Under the Bank's policy, in addition to salaries, employees are entitled to allowances and benefits, such as: holiday allowance (THR), pre-retirement (MBT) allowance, medical reimbursements, death allowance, leave allowance, functional allowance for certain levels, pension plan for permanent employees, incentives based on employee's and the Bank's performance, and post-employment benefits based on the prevailing Labor Law.

Pension Plan

Bank Mandiri has five pension plans in the form of Employer Pension Plans as follows:

a. One defined contribution pension plan, Dana Pensiun Pemberi Kerja Program Pensiun Iuran Pasti (DPPK-PPIP) or the Bank Mandiri Pension Plan (Dana Pensiun Bank Mandiri (DPBM)) established on August 1, 1999. The DPBM's regulations were legalized based on the decision letter of the Minister of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia No. KEP/300/KM.017/1999 dated July 14, 1999 and was included in the Addendum to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No. 62 dated August 3, 1999 and Bank Mandiri's Directors' Resolution No. 004/KEP.DIR/1999 dated April 26, 1999 and were amended based on the Minister of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia's letter No. KEP-213/KM.5/2005 dated July 22, 2005 and was included in the Addendum to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No. 77 dated September 27, 2005 and Bank Mandiri's Directors' Resolution No. 068/KEP.DIR/2005 dated June 28, 2005.

Bank Mandiri and the employees contribute 10% and 5% of the Base Pension Plan Employee Income, respectively.

The President Director and the members of the Supervisory Board of the DPBM are active employees of Bank Mandiri; therefore, in substance, Bank Mandiri has control over the DPBM. As a consequence, transactions between the DPBM and Bank Mandiri are considered related party transactions. The DPBM invests a part of its financial resources in Bank Mandiri time deposits, which balances as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 were Rp10,000 and Rp30,000, respectively. The interest rates on these time deposits are at arms-length.

The Bank paid pension contributions totaling Rp129,470 and Rp107,566, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

42. PENSION AND SEVERANCE (continued)

Pension Plan (continued)

b. Four employer defined benefit pension plans, *Dana Pensiun Pemberi Kerja Program Pensiun Manfaat Pasti* (DPPK-PPMP) are derived from the respective pension plans of the Merged Banks, namely Dana Pensiun Bank Mandiri Satu or DPBM I (BBD), DPBM II (BDN), DPBM III (Bank Exim) and DPBM IV (Bapindo). The regulations of the respective pension plans were legalized by the Minister of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia in his decision letters No. KEP-394/KM.017/1999, No. KEP-395/KM.017/1999, No. KEP-396/KM.017/1999 and No. KEP-397/KM.017/1999 dated November 15, 1999. Based on the approval of shareholders No. S-923/M-MBU/2003 dated March 6, 2003, Bank Mandiri has adjusted pension benefits for each Pension Fund. Such approval has been incorporated in each of the Pension Fund's Regulations (Peraturan Dana Pensiun (PDP)) which have been approved by the Minister of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia based on his decision letters No. KEP/115/KM.6/2003 for PDP DPBM II, No. KEP/116/KM.6/2003 for PDP DPBM II, No. KEP/116/KM.6/2003 for PDP DPBM II, No. KEP/118/KM.6/2003 for PDP DPBM IV, all dated March 31, 2003.

The members of the defined benefit pension plans originated from the legacy banks who have rendered three or more service years at the time of merger and are comprised of active employees of the Bank, deferred members (those whose employment has been terminated but for whom the beneficial rights were not transferred to other pension plans), and pensioners.

Based on the decision of General Shareholders meeting dated May 28, 2007, Bank Mandiri increased the pension benefit from each Pension Plans. The decision was stated in each Pension Plan Regulation and has been approved by the Ministry of Finance with decision letter No. KEP-144/KM.10/2007 (DPBM I); No.KEP-145/KM.10/2007 (DPBM II); No. KEP-146/KM.10/2007 (DPBM IV) all dated July 20, 2007.

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the calculation of the fair value of plan assets and projected benefit obligation is based on the independent actuarial report of PT Dayamandiri Dharmakonsilindo dated January 31, 2008 and February 23, 2007 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. In its calculation, the actuary used the following assumptions:

	DPBM I	DPBM II	DPBM III	DPBM IV
Discount rate	9.5% per annum (2006: 9.5%)			
Expected rate of return on plan assets	9.5% per annum (2006: 9.5%)			
Working period used	As of July 31, 1999			
Pensionable salary used	As of January 1, 2003, adjusted amount over legacy banks' pensionable salary	As of January 1, 2003, adjusted amount over legacy banks' pensionable salary	As of January 1, 2003, adjusted amount over legacy banks' pensionable salary	As of January 1, 2003, adjusted amount over legacy banks' pensionable salary
Expected rates of pensionable salary increase	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Mortality rate table	CSO-1958	CSO-1958	CSO-1958	CSO-1958

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

42. PENSION AND SEVERANCE (continued)

Pension Plan (continued)

	DPBM I	DPBM II	DPBM III	DPBM IV
Turnover rate	5% up to employees' age of 25 and reducing linearly by 0.25% for each year up to 0% at age 45 and thereafter	5% up to employees' age of 25 and reducing linearly by 0.25% for each year up to 0% at age 45 and thereafter	5% up to employees' age of 25 and reducing linearly by 0.25% for each year up to 0% at age 45 and thereafter	5% up to employees' age of 25 and reducing linearly by 0.25% for each year up to 0% at age 45 and thereafter
Disability rate	10% of mortality rate	10% of mortality rate	10% of mortality rate	10% of mortality rate
Actuarial method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Normal pension age	56 years for all grades	56 years for all grades	56 years for all grades	56 years for all grades
Maximum defined benefit amount	80% of latest gross pensionable salary (PhDP)	80% of latest gross pensionable salary (PhDP)	62.50% of latest gross pensionable salary (PhDP)	75% of latest gross pensionable salary (PhDP)
Expected rate of pension benefit increase	Nil	Nil	Nil	4% every 2 years
Tax rates - average	15% of pension benefit	15% of pension benefit	15% of pension benefit	15% of pension benefit

The projected benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2007 are as follows:

	DPBM I	DPBM II	DPBM III	DPBM IV
Projected Benefit Obligations Fair Value of Plan	1,033,826	1,004,599	542,654	317,468
Assets	1,500,073	1,573,220	709,311	483,169
Funded Status	466,247	568,621	166,657	165,701
Unrecognized Past Service Cost	-	-	-	-
Unrecognized Actuarial Gains	(406,468)	(357,302)	(165,814_)	(87,767)
Surplus Based on PSAK No. 24 (Revised)	59,779	211,319	843	77,934
Asset Ceilling *)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Pension Plan Program Assets recognized in balance sheet **)		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

42. PENSION AND SEVERANCE (continued)

Pension Plan (continued)

The projected benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets as of December 31, 2006 are as follows:

	DPBM I	DPBM II	DPBM III	DPBM IV
Projected Benefit Obligations	900,027	849,484	519,172	294,111
Fair Value of Plan Assets	1,342,620	1,456,766	707,511	450,450
Funded Status	442,593	607,282	188,339	156,339
Unrecognized Past Service Cost	-	-	-	-
Unrecognized Actuarial Gains	(258,648)	(305,567)	(174,902)	(55,305_)
Surplus Based on PSAK No. 24 (Revised)	183,945	301,715	13,437	101,034
Asset Ceilling *)	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Pension Plan Program Assets recognized in balance sheet **)				

^{*)} There are no unrecognized accumulated actuarial loss-net nor unrecognized past service cost and there are no present value of available future refunds or reductions of future contributions.

Labor Law No. 13/2003

On March 25, 2003, the House of Representatives of the Republic of Indonesia and the Government of the Republic of Indonesia approved Labor Law No. 13 Year 2003 (UU No.13/2003), which regulates, among others, the calculation of post-employment benefits, compensation upon termination and gratuity.

Bank Mandiri has implemented an accounting policy for employment benefits (PSAK 24 - Revised 2004) to recognize provision for employee service entitlements. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the Bank recognized a provision for employee service entitlements in accordance with Labor Law No. 13/2003 amounting to Rp784,938 and Rp689,654, respectively, based on independent actuarial reports (Note 28).

Provision for employee service entitlements as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 is based on independent actuarial reports of PT Dayamandiri Dharmakonsilindo dated January 31, 2008 and February 14, 2007 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The assumptions used by the actuary were as follows:

- a. Discount rate is 10% per annum.
- b. Expected rate of annual salary increase is 10%.
- c. Mortality rate table is US 1980 Commissioners' Standard Ordinary Table of Mortality.
- d. Early retirement rate is 5% from age 25 decreasing linearly at 0.25% per year up to 0% at age 45 and thereafter.
- e. Actuarial method is projected unit credit method.
- f. Normal pension age is 56 years.
- g. Disability rate is 10% of mortality rate.

^{**)} There are no plan assets recognized in the Balance Sheets since the requirements under PSAK No. 24 (Revised) are not fulfilled.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

42. PENSION AND SEVERANCE (continued)

Labor Law No. 13/2003 (continued)

Reconciliation between the provision for post employee benefits presented in the balance sheet and its expenses are as follows (Bank Mandiri only):

oxponede are as renewe (Bank Manan emy).	2007	2006
Present value of obligations	700,946	636,267
Unrecognized past service cost	44,227	31,544
Unrecognized actuarial gains	25,484	10,317
Provision for Post Employee Benefits Presented in balance sheet	770,657	678,128
	2007	2006
Current service cost	45,033	26,060
Interest cost	62,432	61,302
Amortization of unrecognized past service cost	(870)	(644)
Amortization of unrecognized actuarial gains	-	(67)
Adjustment from last year tax calculation effect	-	67,697
Recognition of past service cost *)	-	25,015
Cost of Pension benefits	106,595	179,363

^{*)} Represent recognition of cost from changes in benefit received by employees who voluntarily resign in accordance with the new employment agreement

Reconciliation of Provision for Post Employee Benefits are as follows (Bank Mandiri only):

	2007	2006
Beginning Balance of Provision for Post Employee Benefits Expenses during the year	678,128 106,595	508,477 179.363
Payments of benefits	(14,066)	(9,712)
Provision for Post Employee Benefits (Note 28)	770,657	678,128

As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, the provision for post employee benefits in the Subsidiaries amounted to Rp14,281 and 11,526, respectively.

Free of Service Period (MBT)

MBT is a period prior to pension age which frees the employee from their active routine job where the related employee does not come to work but still obtains employee benefits such as: salary, medical facility, religion vacation benefit, annual leave (if in the current year the employee has active working period), special leave (if the special leave is in the MBT period), mourning benefit and mourning facility.

In addition to the above benefits, the MBT facilities are to provide the employee a preparation opportunity before entering pension age.

The pension age, Minimal Working Period and MBT period are as follows:

No.	Pension Age	Minimal Working Period	MBT Period
1.	56 years	12 years	12 months
2.	46 years	9 years	9 months

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

42. PENSION AND SEVERANCE (continued)

Free of Service Period (MBT) (continued)

Assumptions used in the actuarial report for MBT are as follows:

- a. Discount rate is 10% per annum.
- b. Expected rate of annual salary increase is 10%.
- c. Normal pension age 56 years.
- d. Early retirement rate is 5% from age 25 decreasing linearly at 0.25% per year up to 0% at age 45 and thereafter.
- e. Mortality rate table is US 1980 Commissioners' Standard Ordinary Table of Mortality.
- f. Disability rate is 10% of mortality rate.

Based on those assumptions, provision for MBT facilities for years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 amounted to Rp655,489 and Rp489,650, respectively (Note 28).

Reconciliation of Provision for Free of Service Period facilities is as follows:

2007	2006
80,551	67,637
48,045	52,397
-	30,178
60,113	(25,884)
188,709	124,328
2007	2006
489,650	376,340
188,709	124,328
(22,870)	(11,018)
655,489	489,650
	80,551 48,045 60,113 188,709 2007 489,650 188,709 (22,870)

43. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES - OTHERS - NET

	2007	2006
Insurance premiums on customer guarantees (Note 58) Others	430,478 286,116	401,219 192,361
	716,594	593,580

44. NON-OPERATING INCOME - NET

	2007	2006
Rental revenue	84,073	74,571
Gain on sale of premises and equipment	3,444	16,217
Penalties	(2,448)	(16,417)
Others - net	35,397	`45,715 [°]
	120,466	120,086

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

45.	COMMITMENTS	AND CONTINGENCIES
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	2007	2006
COMMITMENTS		
Commitment Payables: Unused loan facilities granted		
Third Parties	25,396,389	20,128,250
	25,396,389	20,128,250
Outstanding irrevocable letters of credit (Note 26): Third Parties Related Parties	7,425,994 -	3,916,516 44
	7,425,994	3,916,560
Commitment Payables	(32,822,383)	(24,044,810)
CONTINGENCIES		
Contingent Receivables: Interest receivable on non-performing assets Guarantees received from other banks Others	6,259,377 2,131,530 32,728	6,913,744 2,479,215 32,741
Total Contingent Receivables	8,423,635	9,425,700
Contingent Payables: Guarantees issued in the form of: Bank guarantees issued (Note 26): Third Parties Related Parties	11,988,327 5,803	8,277,171 4,579
	11,994,130	8,281,750
Standby letters of credit (Note 26) Others	2,991,294 30,873	2,866,448 37,645
Total Contingent Payables	15,016,297	11,185,843
Contingent Payables - Net	(6,592,662)	(1,760,143)
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES PAYABLE - NET	(39,415,045)	(25,804,953)

46. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

Forward and cross currency swap transactions are presented as derivative receivables/payables in the consolidated balance sheet (Note 10).

Details of outstanding spot foreign currency bought and sold transactions as of December 31, 2007 are as follows:

	Spot-Bought		Spot-Sold	
Original Currency	Original Currency (full amount)	Equivalent Rupiah	Original Currency (full amount)	Equivalent Rupiah
United States Dollars Others	394,566,530	3,706,163 2,419,971	256,664,930	2,410,854 3,717,870
		6,126,134		6,128,724

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

46. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Details of outstanding spot foreign currency bought and sold transactions as of December 31, 2006 are as follows:

	Spot-Bought		Spot-Sold	
Original Currency	Original Currency (full amount)	Equivalent Rupiah	Original Currency (full amount)	Equivalent Rupiah
United States Dollars Others	82,950,750	746,806 1,114,716	122,991,590	1,107,293 753,182
		1,861,522		1,860,475

47. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

a. Banking Activities in the Ordinary Course of Business

In the ordinary course of its business, Bank Mandiri engages in significant transactions with the following related parties:

• Related by ownership:

The Government of the Republic of Indonesia

Related by ownership and/or management:

PT Axa Mandiri Financial Services, PT Koexim Mandiri Finance, PT Kustodian Sentral Efek Indonesia, PT Mandiri Management Investasi, PT Sarana Bersama Pembiayaan Indonesia, PT Asuransi Dharma Bangsa, PT Gelora Karya Jasatama, PT Pengelola Investama Mandiri, PT Gelora Karya Jasatama Putera, PT Asuransi Staco Jasapratama, PT Stacomitra Graha, PT Staco Estika Sedaya Finance, PT Mulia Sasmita Bhakti, PT Puri Asri Bhakti Karya, PT Surya Chandra Permai, PT Caraka Mulia, PT Puripariwara, PT Griyawisata HM & C, PT Gedung Bank Exim, PT Wahana Optima Permai, PT Tatapuri Perdana, PT Estika Daya Mandiri, PT Krida Upaya Tunggal, PT Wana Rimba Kencana and PT Great River International.

• Related by management or key personnel Bank Mandiri's employees:

Details of significant transactions with related parties as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

2007	2006
-	70
28,241	70,960
-	56,878
783,078	750,672
<u> </u>	769
811,319	879,349
319,085,590	267,517,192
0.26%	0.32%
	28,241 - 783,078 - 811,319 - 319,085,590

The percentages of Current Accounts with Others Banks, Securities, Other Receivables - Trade Transactions, Loans and Acceptance Receivables compared to the total consolidated assets are as follows:

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

47. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

- a. Banking Activities in the Ordinary Course of Business (continued)
 - Related by management or key personnel Bank Mandiri's employees (continued):

	2007	2006
Current Accounts with Other Banks Securities Other Receivables - Trade transaction	0.01%	0.02% 0.02%
Loans Acceptance Receivables	0.25%	0.28%
Total	0.26%	0.32%
	2007	2006
Liabilities Demand deposits (Note 16a) Savings deposits (Note 17b) Time deposits (Note 18f) Deposits from other banks - demand and savings deposits (Note 19c) Acceptance payables (Note 23) Fund borrowings (Note 25)	130,522 42,844 181,309 - 280,000	333,512 46,355 877,911 138 839 350,000
Total liabilities involving related parties	634,675	1,608,755
Total consolidated liabilities	289,835,512	241,171,346
Percentage of liabilities involving related parties to total consolidated liabilities	0.22%	0.67%

Percentages of demand deposits, savings deposits, time deposits, deposits from other banks - demand and savings deposits, acceptance payables and fund borrowings involving related parties compared to the total consolidated liabilities are as follows:

	2007	2006
Demand deposit	0.05%	0.14%
Savings deposits	0.01%	0.02%
Time deposits	0.06%	0.36%
Deposits from other banks - demand and savings deposits	-	-
Acceptance Payables	-	-
Fund Borrowings	0.10%	0.15%
Total	0.22%	0.67%

Salary, allowances and bonuses of the Boards of Commissioners and Directors and Executive Officers (Note 41) for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 amounted to Rp84,240 and Rp61,242, respectively.

- b. Significant transactions with the Government of the Republic of Indonesia
 - In May 1999, the Government implemented a recapitalization program for Bank Mandiri by issuing Government Bonds (Notes 1c and 7).
 - The Committee on Financial Sector Policy (KKSK) and the Minister of Finance approved and guaranteed the issuance of standby letters of credit and conversion of loans of PT Garuda Indonesia to Mandatory Convertible Bonds.
 - The Bank returned additional paid-in capital of Rp1,412,000 representing a portion of the excess recapitalization (Note 31a).

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

47. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

b. Significant transactions with the Government of the Republic of Indonesia (continued)

Based on the Decree of the Minister of Finance of the Republic of Indonesia No. 227/KMK.02/2003 dated May 23, 2003 and the Decree of the Minister of State - Owned Enterprises, as the Bank's shareholder, No. KEP-154/M-MBU/2002 dated October 29, 2002 the Government converted the Recapitalization Fund amounting to Rp5,000,000 with 5,000,000 shares with nominal Rp1,000,000 (full amount) per share, and with the remaining recapitalization fund amounting to Rp168,801,315 recorded as Agio.

The regulation of the Government of the Republic of Indonesia No. 26 year 2003 dated May 29, 2003 approved the increase in fully issued and paid - up capital of the Bank amounting to Rp1,000,000 from capitalization of partial appropriated reserve.

48. MATURITY PROFILE

This profile as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 is based on the remaining maturity period since those dates. Historically, a significant proportion of deposits are rolled-over on maturity. Also, Government Bonds (trading and available for sale) could be liquidated through sale or used as collateral in the inter-bank market should the need for liquidity arise. The Bank's policy with regards to the maturity gap between the monetary assets and liabilities is to determine a gap limit which is adjusted to the Bank's and Subsidiaries ability to obtain immediate liquidity.

The maturity profile of the Bank's assets and liabilities is as follows:

2007

Description	Total	No Maturity Contract	< 1 mth	1 mth - 3 mth	>3 mth < 6 mth	>6 mth < 12 mth	>12 mth
Assets							
Cash	5,909,369	-	5,909,369	-	-	-	-
Current accounts with							
Bank Indonesia	28,161,059	-	28,161,059	-	-	-	-
Current accounts with							
other banks - net	1,387,595	-	1,387,595	-	-	-	-
Placements with							
Bank Indonesia and							
other banks - net	16,833,324	-	16,791,810	449	-	41,065	
Securities - net	27,316,553	68,650	24,630,935	504,134	448,488		1,550,578
Government Bonds	89,466,317	-	739,520	-	-	9,279	88,717,518
Other receivables-trade							
transactions - net	2,028,542	-	675,144	799,038	554,360	-	
Securities purchased with							
agreements to resell - net	3,290,853	-	2,459,851	374,616	456,386	-	-
Derivative receivables - net	336,651	-	153,427	3,415	563	-	179,246
Loans - net	125,488,384	-	8,887,611	12,601,250	10,539,535	23,100,480	70,359,508
Acceptances receivable - net	4,953,481	-	1,508,123	2,055,124	1,012,096	378,138	-
Investments in shares of							
stock - net	124,905	124,905	-	-	-	-	
Premises and equipment - net	4,531,577	4,531,577	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets - net	4,096,447	4,096,447	-	-	-	-	
Accrued income	1,672,638	-	-	1,672,638	-	-	
Others - net	3,487,895	2,120,961	1,065,673	-	-	301,261	
Total Assets	319,085,590	10,942,540	92,370,117	18,010,664	13,011,428	23,943,991	160,806,850

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

48. MATURITY PROFILE (continued)

2007 (continued)

Description	Total	No Maturity Contract	< 1 mth	1 mth - 3 mth	>3 mth < 6 mth	>6 mth < 12 mth	>12 mth
Liabilities							
Liabilities immediately payable	852,777	-	852,777	-	-	-	-
Demand deposits	67,010,951	-	67,010,951	-	-	-	-
Savings deposits	85,358,814	-	85,358,814	-	-	-	-
Time deposits	94,985,258	-	81,161,887	10,323,002	1,769,144	1,582,590	148,635
Deposits from other banks							
- Demand and saving deposits	1,637,065	-	1,637,065	_	-	-	-
- Inter-bank call money	827,617	-	827,617	_	-	-	-
- Time deposits	2,945,659	-	2,890,864	18,270	27,625	8,900	_
Securities sold with	, ,		, ,	ŕ	,	,	
agreements to repurchase	2,914,343	-	2,028,864	-	-	-	885,479
Derivative payables	34,348	-	14,811	5,092	6,262	-	8,183
Acceptances payables	5,023,235	-	1,530,220	2,082,065	1,028,510	382,440	, <u> </u>
Securities issued	4,050,564	-	957,107	-	2,717,893	200,000	175,564
Fund borrowings	9,345,061	_	99,673	3,799,987	1,790,562	2,746,398	908,441
Estimated losses on commitments and	-,,			-,,	,,	, .,	,
contingencies	469,508	469,508	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued expenses	540,608	· -	540,608	-	-	-	-
Taxes payable	1,280,398	-	· -	1,280,398	-	-	-
Other liabilities	9,624,031	8,982,152	641,879	-	-	-	-
Subordinated loans	2,935,275	-	2,852	23,162	10,536	93,550	2,805,175
Total liabilities	289,835,512	9,451,660	245,555,989	17,531,976	7,350,532	5,013,878	4,931,477
Net assets (liabilities)	29,250,078	1,490,880	(153,185,872)	478,688	5,660,896	18,930,113	155,875,373

2006

Description	Total	No Maturity Contract	< 1 mth	1 mth - 3 mth	>3 mth < 6 mth	>6 mth < 12 mth	>12 mth
Assets							
Cash	3,965,717	-	3,965,717	-	-	-	-
Current accounts with							
Bank Indonesia	21,579,158	-	21,579,158	-	-	-	-
Current accounts with							
other banks - net	537,234	-	537,234	-	-	-	-
Placements with							
Bank Indonesia and							
other banks - net	9,435,541	-	9,031,890	12.888	212,511	178,252	-
Securities - net	17,547,112	92,262	15,286,420	259,586	182,750	128,910	1,597,184
Government Bonds	91,461,870	- , · <u>-</u>	-	-	168,869	-	91,293,001
Other receivables-trade	, , , , , ,				,		,,
transactions - net	1,958,039	-	526,842	802,434	628.763	-	_
Securities purchased with	,,		,-	, ,	,		
agreements to resell - net	833,388	-	460.929	88,206	284,253	-	-
Derivative receivables - net	410,727	_	13.059	17,929	2.697	3,093	373.949
Loans - net	103.282.247	_	10,760,612	9,538,657	7,892,524	18,682,463	56,407,991
Acceptances receivable - net	3,453,170	_	805,629	1,551,088	999,879	89,889	6,685
Investments in shares of	2,,		,	.,,	,	,	-,
stock - net	84.870	84.870	_	_	_	_	_
Premises and equipment - net	4,709,243	4,709,243	_	_	_	_	_
Deferred tax assets - net	3,295,451	3,295,451	_	_	_	_	_
Accrued income	1,661,130	-,_50,.0.	-	1,661,130	-	_	-
Others - net	3,302,295	2,240,593	729,409	-	-	332,293	-
Total Assets	267,517,192	10,422,419	63,696,899	13,931,918	10,372,246	19,414,900	149,678,810

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

48. MATURITY PROFILE (continued)

2006 (continued)

Description	Total	No Maturity Contract	< 1 mth	1 mth - 3 mth	>3 mth < 6 mth	>6 mth < 12 mth	>12 mth
Liabilities							
Liabilities immediately payable	671,339	-	671,339	-	-	-	-
Demand deposits	48,812,753	-	48,812,753	-	-	-	-
Savings deposits	60,303,561	-	60,303,561	-	-	-	-
Time deposits Deposits from other banks	96,591,234	-	74,032,609	14,244,794	2,998,394	3,437,925	1,877,512
- Demand and saving deposits	1,286,609	-	1,286,609	-	-	-	-
- Inter-bank call money	1,899,681	-	1,899,681	-	-	-	-
- Time deposits Securities sold with	5,003,010	-	4,952,808	43,708	4,269	2,225	-
agreements to repurchase	1,859,780	_	214,909	_	141,893	_	1,502,978
Derivative payables	100,823	_	15,235	14,196	1,474		55,239
Acceptances payables	3.608.393	_	878,285	1,612,195	1,017,859		6,752
Securities issued	3,793,883	_	070,200	1,012,100	1,017,000	50,002	3,793,883
Fund borrowings	3,424,892	_	_	_	_	_	3,424,892
Estimated losses on commitments and	0, 12 1,002						0, 12 1,002
contingencies	514,399	514,399	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued expenses	590,533	-	590,533	-	-	-	-
Taxes payable	1,582,800	-	-	-	-	-	1,582,800
Other liabilities	6,970,296	6,970,296	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated loans	4,157,360	-	9,765	27,499	563	53,063	4,066,470
Total liabilities	241,171,346	7,484,695	193,668,087	15,942,392	4,164,452	3,601,194	16,310,526
Net assets (liabilities)	26,345,846	2,937,724	(129,971,188)	(2,010,474)	6,207,794	15,813,706	133,368,284

49. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Bank considers the nature of business as the primary segment, and geographical areas as the secondary segment. The business activities of the Bank and its Subsidiaries and its geographical locations are as follows:

Name of Company	Nature of Business	Location
Parent		
PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk.	Commercial Banking	Indonesia, Singapore, Hong Kong, Grand Cayman and Timor Leste
 Subsidiaries 		•
PT Bank Syariah Mandiri	Syariah Banking	Indonesia
Bank Mandiri (Europe) Limited	Commercial Banking	United Kingdom
PT Mandiri Sekuritas	Securities	Indonesia
PT Bumi Daya Plaza		
and its Subsidiaries	Others	Indonesia
PT Usaha Gedung Bank Dagang Negara		
and its Subsidiaries	Others	Indonesia

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

49. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Primary Segment Information for the year ended December 31, 2007

	Banking	'Syariah' Banking	Securities	Others	Elimination	Consolidated
Operating income Inter-segment operating income	25,447,880 310,755	1,407,193	426,058 9,953	22,061	(320,708)	27,303,192
Operating income including inter-segment operating income	25,758,635	1,407,193	436,011	22,061	(320,708)	27,303,192
Operating expenses Inter-segment operating expenses	19,499,195 21,428	1,239,725	271,858 -	79,497 -	(21,428)	21,090,275
Operating expenses including inter-segment operating expenses	19,520,623	1,239,725	271,858	79,497	(21,428)	21,090,275
Income from operations	6,238,012	167,468	164,153	(57,436)	(299,280)	6,212,917
Net income	4,389,064	115,455	108,391	34,339	(301,025)	4,346,224
Total assets	306,090,346	12,885,378	2,721,589	345,967	(2,957,690)	319,085,590
Total assets (as a percentage of total consolidated assets prior to elimination)	95.05%	4.00%	0.85%	0.11%		

Secondary Segment Information for the year ended December 31, 2007

	Indonesia	Asia	West Europe	Pacific (Cayman)	Elimination	Consolidated
Operating income Inter-segment operating income	26,587,334 320,708	298,933	206,341	210,584	(320,708)	27,303,192
Operating income including inter-segment operating income	26,908,042	298,933	206,341	210,584	(320,708)	27,303,192
Operating expenses Inter-segment operating expenses	20,349,520 21,428	184,005	144,040	412,710	(21,428)	21,090,275
Operating expenses including inter-segment operating expenses	20,370,948	184,005	144,040	412,710	(21,428)	21,090,275
Income from operations	6,537,094	114,928	62,301	(202,126)	(299,280)	6,212,917
Net income	4,299,212	102,884	44,107	201,046	(301,025)	4,346,224
Total assets	306,354,573	3,658,886	2,654,475	9,375,346	(2,957,690)	319,085,590
Total assets (as a percentage of total consolidated assets prior to elimination)	95.13%	1.14%	0.82%	2.91%		

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

49. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Primary Segment Information for the year ended December 31, 2006

	Banking	'Syariah' Banking	Securities	Others	Elimination	Consolidated
Operating income Inter-segment operating income	27,679,726 201,370	1,079,546	219,439 -	15,417 -	- (201,370)	28,994,128
Operating income including inter-segment operating income	27,881,096	1,079,546	219,439	15,417	(201,370)	28,994,128
Operating expenses Inter-segment operating expenses	25,052,651 33,028	978,714 -	158,118 -	93,535	(33,028)	26,283,018
Operating expenses including inter-segment operating expenses	25,085,679	978,714	158,118	93,535	(33,028)	26,283,018
Income from operations	2,795,417	100,832	61,321	(78,118)	(168,342)	2,711,110
Net income	2,479,433	65,480	42,635	20,945	(187,088)	2,421,405
Total assets	258,211,155	9,554,967	2,320,022	314,660	(2,883,612)	267,517,192
Total assets (as a percentage of total consolidated assets prior to elimination)	95.49%	3.53%	0.86%	0.12%		

Secondary Segment Information for the year ended December 31, 2006

	Indonesia	Asia	West Europe	Pacific (Cayman)	Elimination	Consolidated
Operating income Inter-segment operating income	28,285,022 194,715	336,121	159,571 6,655	213,414	(201,370)	28,994,128
Operating income including inter-segment operating income	28,479,737	336,121	166,226	213,414	(201,370)	28,994,128
Operating expenses Inter-segment operating expenses	25,591,972 25,400	170,382	112,974 7,628	407,690	(33,028)	26,283,018
Operating expenses including inter-segment operating expenses	25,617,372	170,382	120,602	407,690	(33,028)	26,283,018
Income from operations	2,862,365	165,739	45,624	(194,276)	(168,342)	2,711,110
Net income	2,253,097	107,306	59,094	188,996	(187,088)	2,421,405
Total assets	261,340,622	1,977,521	1,999,938	5,082,723	(2,883,612)	267,517,192
Total assets (as a percentage of total consolidated assets prior to elimination)	96.65%	0.73%	0.74%	1.88%		

50. CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

The Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) is the ratio of the Bank's capital over its Risk-Weighted Assets (RWA). Under Bank Indonesia regulations, total capital includes core (Tier I) capital and supplementary capital (Tier II) less investments in Subsidiaries. To calculate the market risk exposure, the Bank could include the supplementary capital (Tier III). Supplementary capital for taking account of market risk (Tier III) is short-term subordinated loans which meet the criteria as capital components. The CAR of Bank Mandiri only as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 was 21.11% and 25.30% for CAR with credit risk and 20.75% and 24.62% for CAR with credit risk and market risk, respectively, and calculated as follows:

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

50. CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO (continued)

	2007	2006
Capital: Tier I *) Tier II	23,194,122 7,624,716	22,011,986 8,564,284
Total Tier I and Tier II Less: Investments in subsidiaries	30,818,838 (2,535,000)	30,576,270 (2,210,393)
Total capital for credit risk (Note 51) Tier III	28,283,838	28,365,877
Total capital for credit risk and market risk	28,283,838	28,365,877
Credit RWA Market RWA	133,960,413 2,355,524	112,138,825 3,057,992
Total Risk-Weighted Assets for credit and market risk	136,315,937	115,196,817

^{*)} Excludes the impact of deferred tax assets of Rp700,262 and Rp1,266,286 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 and unrealized gains/(losses) of Securities and Government Bonds available for sale of (Rp5,097) and Rp327,960 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006. On April 30, 2003, Bank Mandiri undertook a quasi-reorganization which resulted in the accumulated losses of Rp162,874,901 being eliminated against additional paid-in capital.

	2007	2006
CAR for credit risk CAR for credit risk and market risk	21.11% 20.75%	25.30% 24.62%
Minimum CAR	8%	8%

51. NET OPEN POSITION

Net Open Position calculation as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 based on Bank Indonesia's Regulation No. 7/37/PBI/2005 dated September 30, 2005. Based on the related regulation, banks are required to maintain aggregate and balance sheet net open position of a maximum of 20% of total capital. In accordance with Bank Indonesia guidelines, the aggregate net open position ratio is the sum of the absolute values of the net difference between assets and liabilities denominated in each foreign currency which are stated in Rupiah plus the net difference of receivables and payables of both commitments and contingencies recorded in the administrative accounts denominated in each foreign currency, which are stated in Rupiah. The Net Open Position for balance sheets is the net difference between total assets and total liabilities in the balance sheets denominated in each foreign currency, which are stated in Rupiah.

The NOP by currency of Bank Mandiri as of December 31, 2007 was as follows:

Currency	Assets	Liabilities	Net Open Position
AGGREGATE (ON & OFF BALANCE SI	HEET)		
United States Dollar	54,175,402	55,037,509	862,107
Euro	1,003,792	929,991	73,801
Hong Kong Dollar	350,233	102,891	247,342
Singapore Dollar	295,974	221,501	74,473
Japanese Yen	227,332	177,165	50,167
Great Britain Poundsterling	161,183	(19,435)	180,618
Australian Dollar	118,508	`65,045 [´]	53,463
Others	46,460	22,229	31,179*)
Total		=	1,573,150

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

51. NET OPEN POSITION (continued)

The NOP by currency of Bank Mandiri as of December 31, 2007 was as follows (continued):

Currency	Assets	Liabilities	Net Open Position
ON-BALANCE SHEET			
United States Dollar	48,996,492	49,949,573	(953,081)
Euro	997,020	904,992	92,028
Singapore Dollar	289,937	201,024	88,913
Hong Kong Dollar	239,622	102,891	136,731
Japanese Yen	171,041	134,694	36,347
Great Britain Poundsterling	123,005	12,983	110,022
Australian Dollar	110,137	29,792	80,345
Others	41,713	7,885	33,828
Total			374,867
Total Tier I and II Capital less investments in subsidiaries (Note 50)			28,283,838
,			
NOP Ratio (On-Balance Sheet)			1.33%
NOP Ratio (Aggregate)			5.56%

NOP Ratios based on the total capital as of November 2007 (unaudited) are as follows:

Total Capital November 2007	28,204,492
NOP Ratio (On-Balance Sheet)	1.33%
NOP Ratio (Aggregate)	5.58%

^{*)} Sum of the absolute values of difference between assets and liabilities from other foreign currency

The Net Open Position by currency of Bank Mandiri as of December 31, 2006 is as follows:

Currency	Assets	Liabilities	Net Open Position
AGGREGATE (ON & OFF BALANCE SHEET)			
United Stated Dolar	41,030,408	40,248,117	782,291
Japanese Yen	766,483	694,392	72,091
Euro	674,356	489,332	185,024
Singapore Dollar	240,952	232,290	8,662
Hong Kong Dollar	234,456	116,265	118,191
Great Britain Poundsterling	145,491	103,108	42,383
Australian Dollar	80,941	27,316	53,625
Others	28,129	6,951	28,084 *)
Total			1,290,351
ON-BALANCE SHEET			
United Stated Dollar	39,795,789	36,153,929	3,641,860
Singapore Dollar	231,935	220,868	11,067
Euro	218,275	513,025	(294,750)
Hong Kong Dollar	200,761	116,265	84,496
Japanese Yen	191,539	413,525	(221,986)
Great Britain Poundsterling	70,622	10,623	59,999
Australian Dollar	40,013	20,198	19,815
Others	23,610	6,951	16,659
Total			3,317,160
Total Tier I and II Capital			
less investments in subsidiaries (Note 50)			28,365,877
NOP Ratio (On-Balance Sheet)			11.69%
NOP Ratio (Aggregate)			4.55%
(33 - 3)			

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

51. NET OPEN POSITION (continued)

NOP Ratios based on the total capital as of November 2006 (unaudited) are as follows:

Total Capital November 2006 28,276,345
NOP Ratio (On-Balance Sheet) 11.73%
NOP Ratio (Aggregate) 4.56%

52. NON-PERFORMING EARNING ASSETS RATIO, TOTAL ALLOWANCE FOR POSSIBLE LOSSES ON EARNING ASSETS RATIO, SMALL-SCALE LOANS RATIO AND LEGAL LENDING LIMIT

Non-performing earning assets to total earning assets Bank Mandiri only, was 4.52% and 8.25% as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The Non-Performing Loan (NPL) ratio (Bank Mandiri only) before being deducted by the allowance for possible losses (gross basis) was 7.33% and 17.08% as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively (Note 11A.d).

The total allowance for possible losses on earning assets provided by Bank Mandiri compared to the minimum allowance for possible losses on earning assets under the guidelines prescribed by Bank Indonesia were 104.22% and 107.83% as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

The small-scale loans to total loans ratio was 3.31% and 4.15% as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Legal Lending Limit (BMPK) as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 did not exceed the BMPK regulation for related parties and third parties. BMPK is calculated in accordance with Bank Indonesia Regulation - PBI No. 7/3/PBI/2005 dated January 20, 2005 as revised with PBI No. 8/13/PBI/2006 regarding Changes on PBI No. 7/3/PBI/2005 regarding Legal Lending Limit Commercial Bank.

53. CUSTODIAL AND TRUST OPERATIONS

Custodial Operations

Bank Mandiri started rendering custodial services in 1995. The operating license for custodial services was renewed and re-issued based on Bapepam Decision Letter No. KEP.01/PM/Kstd/1999 dated October 4, 1999. Bank Mandiri's Custodial, which is part of the Securities Services Department (SSD) of Bank Mandiri, provides a full range of custodial services such as:

- a. Settlement and handling services for script and scriptless trading transactions.
- b. Safekeeping and administration of securities and other valuable assets.
- c. Corporate action services related to the rights on the securities.
- d. Proxy services for its customers' shareholders' meetings and obligation holders' meetings.
- e. Generate reports and informations regarding customers' securities kept and administrated by custody.

In order to fulfill the investors needs in investing in various securities instruments, Bank Mandiri's Custodial facilitates by acting as:

- a. General custodial which provides services for the investors in investing in the Indonesia capital market:
- b. Local custodial for American Depository Receipts (ADRs) and Global Depository Receipts (GDR) which is needed by the investors in converting the companies' shares listed in local and overseas stock exchange (dual/multi listing);
- c. Sub-registry services for settlement of government bonds (SUN) and SBIs transactions;
- d. Custodial for mutual fund issued and managed by investment manager;

^{*)} Sum of the absolute values of difference between assets and liabilities from other foreign currecy.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

53. CUSTODIAL AND TRUST OPERATIONS (continued)

Custodial Operations (continued)

- e. As direct participant of Euroclear for customer who is conducting investment and securities transactions settlement listed in overseas market and recorded in Euroclear Operations Centre, Brussels;
- f. Securities lending as services for customers who want to maximize their investment return by lending their securities to securities companies through intermediary and guarantee by PT Kliring Penjaminan Efek Indonesia.

Bank Mandiri has 370 and 337 custodial customers as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The customers are primarily pension funds, insurance companies, banks, institution, securities companies, mutual funds and other private companies with a total portfolio value as of December 31, 2007 of Rp90,072,761, JPY672,222,222 (full amount) and US\$439,473,200 (full amount) and as of December 31, 2006 of Rp73,596,884 and US\$395,383,869.08 (full amount).

Bank Mandiri carries insurance on custodial services against safekeeping and transit loss in accordance with Capital Market Supervisory Agency and financial institutions' regulation.

Trust Operations

Bank Mandiri had been rendering trustee services since 1983. The operating license for trustee services was renewed and re-registered with Bapepam as stipulated in Decision Letter No. 17/STTD-WA/PM/1999 dated October 27, 1999. The Trustee Services Business (TSB) provides a full range of the following services:

- a. Trustee for bonds & MTN
- b. Escrow Account Agent
- c. Paying Agent
- d. Initial Public Offering/IPO Receiving Bank
- e. Security Agent

Bank Mandiri as Trustee has 37 and 30 trustee customers as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 with the total value of bonds and MTN issued amounted to Rp13,686,607 and US\$100,000,000 (full amount) and Rp9,852,386 and US\$100,000,000 (full amount), respectively. While the sinking fund, escrow account and third party fund managed amounted to Rp448,816 on behalf of 17 customers and Rp50,461 on behalf of 8 customers as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

Both Bank Mandiri Trust and Custodial Services have received Quality Certification ISO 9001:2000.

54. CHANNELING LOANS

Channeling loans based on sources of funds and economic sectors are as follows:

	2007	2006
Government:		
Electricity, gas and water	7,602,067	8,349,541
Transportation and communications	3,915,733	4,185,230
Agriculture	1,249,057	1,307,609
Manufacturing	742,653	769,286
Mining	12,612	36,266
Construction	11,394	14,084
Others	95,338	102,055
	13,628,854	14,764,071

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

54. CHANNELING LOANS (continued)

Bank Mandiri has been appointed to administer channeling loans in various foreign currencies received by the Government of Indonesia from various bilateral and multilateral financing institutions for financing government projects through BUMN, BUMD and Pemda, such as, Overseas Economic Cooperation Fund, Protocol France, International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, Asian Development Bank, The Swiss Confederation 30.09.1985, Kreditanstalt Fur Wiederaufbau, Banque Paribas, IGGI, Nederland Urban Sector Loan & De Nederlanse Inveseringsbank voor Ontwikkelingslanden NV, Swiss Government, Banque Français & Credit National, US EXPORT IMPORT BANK, RYOSIN INT'L LTD, HKG, AUSTRIA, Swiss Banks Consortium 16.12.1994, The European Investment Bank, West Merchant Bank Ltd, Sumisho, Fuyo, LTCB, Orix & Sinco, Export Finance And Insurance Corporation (EFIC) Australia, Japan Bank for International Cooperation, Calyon & BNP Paribas, BNP Paribas & CAI, BELGIA, MEESPIERSON N.V. Netherland 14.07.1994, French Government.

Channeling loans are not recognized in the consolidated balance sheets as the credit risk is not borne by the Bank or its Subsidiaries. Bank Mandiri's responsibilities under the above arrangements include, among others, collections from borrowers and payments to the Government of principal, interest and other charges and the maintenance of loan documentation. As compensation, Bank Mandiri receives bank fee which varies from 0.15% - 0.40% of the interest paid from the borrowers and 0.50% from the average loan balance in one year.

55. RISK MANAGEMENT

The risk management is designed for the Bank to be able to take corrective actions and adjust the risk appetite. Risk management involves portfolio composition management with balanced risk and return that is performed to cope the rapid banking industry development showed by the increasing banking business activities risk complexity.

The Bank's risk management is conducted based on Bank Indonesia's Regulations regarding the Implementation of Risk Management for Commercial Banking No. 5/8/PBI/2003 dated May 19, 2003 and Circular Letter No. 5/21/DPNP dated September 29, 2003 regarding Implementation of Risk Management for Banks.

The Bank Indonesia's regulation is intended for the Basel II Accord implementation requirement so that banks in Indonesia are able to implement Basel II requirement in 2011. The Bank is implementing Basel II and related regulations in stages, starting with basic approach till complex approach implemented comprehensively on three major banking risk: credit risk, market risk and operational risk. The implementation of Basel II - Pillar 1 regarding minimum capital including market risk, credit risk and operational risk with basic approach is estimated to be implemented in the end of 2008. Whilst Pillar 2, for the other risks, is planned to be implemented in the early 2009 and Pillar 3 in the mid 2011.

The ideal risk management implementation including risk management activities (identification - measurement - mitigation - monitoring) on all levels till transactions level is in align with Basel II which is also require internal risk management development on each transactions. Referring to the Basel II, the Bank finally performed risk management frame work systematically and repetitively so that risks managed by the Bank were well monitored, thus risk management should also contributed as business enabler so that the business grows within the prudential banking corridor.

Both Basel II and Bank Indonesia's regulation require active supervisory review from Bank management on risk management activities. In compliance with the requirement, the Bank has established Risk Management Committee and Risk Management Unit which is intended to support integrated, measurable and controlled risk management.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

55. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The committee is included in Risk and Capital Committee (RCC) that was established on October 10, 2001. RCC is responsible for establishing Bank-wide risk management policies, such as reviewing internal limits, establishing funding and loan related interest rate policies, loan policies, new product launching and monitoring the implementation of established policies and procedures to identify, measure and mitigate risk.

The scope of responsibility and function of the committee has undergone several changes. The latest changes which were implemented in the first half year of 2006 were to focus the RCC into three sub committees, which are: Asset & Liability Committee, Risk Management Committee and Capital & Investment Committee. With the improvements, the scope of control and responsibility over each risk has become more focused and more effective. Each committee is supported by working group whose members are consisting of groups directly related to the risk problems included in the committee's scope.

The Bank has established an organizational structure that is able to support risk management in a more comprehensive, centralized, measurable and controllable way, by establishing the Risk Management Working Unit that is under Risk Management Directorate. The Risk Management Directorate is responsible for managing/coordinating all risks encountered by the Bank, such as credit risk, market risk, operational risk, liquidity risk, legal risk, reputation risk, strategic risk and compliance risk, including defining risk management guidance and policies.

The Risk Management Directorate is led by a Director who reports to the Board of Directors and also a voting member in the Risk and Capital Committee. The Risk Management Directorate is divided into 2 (two) main functions: 1) Credit Approval as a part of the four-eye principle, and 2) Independent Risk Management which is divided into several groups in relation with credit and portfolio risk, operational risk and market risk.

Risk management implementation frame work is stated in the Bank Mandiri Risk Management Policy (KMRBM) which is the guidance for specific risk management such as Bank Mandiri Loan Policy, Trading Policy and Asset & Liability Management Policy.

One of the risk management implementation is producing quarterly Bank's risk profile that is reported to Bank Indonesia in accordance with Bank Indonesia schedule. The risk profile describes Bank's business activities inherent risk including risk control system for each risk type. Other than quarterly report to Bank Indonesia, the Bank internally produced risk profile (especially monitoring of action plan implementation) with shorter period such as monthly basis in order to detect risk earlier and more accurate.

For the risk management system integratation; Bank Indonesia's regulation and Basel II compliance and action plan of Basel II Compliance Committee establishment, the Bank is developing Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) in alignment with the Bank's strategic and operasional need.

ERM is a comprehensive and bank-wide integrated risk management system, so that the risk management become an embedded process in the Bank's business process and contribute a value added to the Bank and stakeholders especially related to the implementation of Strategic Business Unit (SBU) organization and Risk Based Performance.

The ERM inisiative that was started since 2004 as the early stage of comprehensive risk management has arrived to producing the datamart and procurement ERM system stage. With ERM, it is estimated that the market, credit and operational risk management can be performed better, not only as compliance with regulation and reporting to Bank Indonesia, but becoming an integrated part of Bank's daily business decision making.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

55. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Credit Risk

The Bank's credit risk management mainly concentrated on balancing the performing loans expansion and prudential loans management in order to prevent collectibility downgrade or Non Performing Loan (NPL) and optimize capital utilization allocated for credit risk.

To support this matter, Bank has established policies and written guidelines regarding loans disbursement, which includes the Bank Mandiri Credit Policy (KPBM), Credit Manual (PPK), and Temporary Memorandum Credit Policy and Procedures that has not been accommodated in the KPBM and PPK. The purpose of those guidelines are to provide a comprehensive loan management manual related to loan application, analysis process, approval process, documentation, monitoring and restructuring processes, including risk analysis and assessment.

In order to ensure prudential loan process, the Bank reviews and improves its credit policies periodically to fit with the current business. In alignment with the Strategic Business Unit (SBU) implementation, the Bank produced Policies and Standard Loans Procedures (SPK) for each business segment in order to have better focus on capturing the business need by each business segment. Currently the completed SPK are SPK of Corporate segment, SPK for Commercial segment, SPK for Small segment, SPK for Micro and Consumer segment.

In principles, credit risk management is implemented on both transactional and portfolio level. On transactional level, the Bank has implemented four-eye principle whereby every loan approval will involve Business Unit and Risk Management Unit independently to obtain an objective decision. Four-eye principle process is conducted through the Credit Committee within the authority limit and credit decision process are made through Credit Committee. The holder of credit decision authorization as credit committee member has competence, abilities and integrity. Therefore, the loan process becomes more comprehensive and more prudent.

As part of prudential banking practice, the party with authority in deciding loan disbursement beside using the Loan Analysis form and financial spread sheet, the Loan Analysis form (NAK) also using Tools Rating (BMRS) and Scoring Tools (MBSS & SMESS) to perform credit risk assessment more accurate and interest rate risk based pricing. The Bank has Credit Rating and Credit Scoring Model Design and Development Guidance, which is a complete guidance for the Bank to create credit rating and credit scoring model. Those models are implemented into the Credit Risk Tools as one of the credit decision tools. To monitor the performance of credit rating and credit scoring model, the scoring and rating result performed by Business Units was reviewed periodically. Performance of rating model validation provides current performance model condition. As monitoring, rating & scoring managed in the database, the Bank produced Credit Scoring Review and Rating Outlook issued quarterly and semi annually. Those reports also stated information regarding attribute/parameter scoring established by economic sectors. It is valuable for Business Unit especially as guidance in setting targeted customer with performing classification in order to support prudential loan expansion.

Scoring and rating tools also intended to provide more objective assessment to the debtors so that lower risk debtors will get different treatment then the higher risk debtors.

To increase the Turn Around Time of loan disbursement, the Bank performed initiatives such as enhancement of Credit Memo for Corporate, Commercial, Small Business, Financial Institution and Overseas Office that are more oriented with comprehensive risk analysis in order to support quick and accurate prudential banking based credit decision. Other than that, in order to prevent non-performing loans, the Bank has developed and implemented Loan Monitoring System process and Early Warning Analysis for performing debtors to identify debtors who have high potential to be downgraded to NPL so that the Management could immediately decide the account strategy and early action to obtain optimal result in order to minimize the Bank's NPL growth.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

55. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Credit Risk (continued)

Non-performing loans were managed by special unit (Credit Recovery Group) so that the settlements were managed comprehensively and Business Units could focus on managing the current debtors and loan expansion.

At the portfolio level the Bank has Portfolio Guideline (PG) directing the loan expansion to maintain optimum portfolio composition based on economic, industry, business segment and product sectors. Optimum portfolio allocation prevents the Bank from taking risk over the Bank's risk appetite. PG including various variables (lagging, coincidence & leading) that basically assess three major items such as attractiveness of an economic/industry/business segment sector (supply & demand, industry structure, profitability and regulation), the Bank's expertise in the related sector and diversification factor.

In order to test the accuracy level of PG, the Bank performed back testing periodically so that the predictive value of PG stays at the acceptable level. Besides back testing, PG also equip with Risk Acceptance Criteria (RAC) by industry currently developed. RAC provides financial and non-financial description at the industry level, that become benchmark for Business Unit in determining the target customer in each industry sectors in order to get better credit decision.

Portfolio analysis is performed periodically (monthly and semi annually) in order to monitor the changes in economic and sector (industrial) variables which influence the optimum allocation and to make the anticipative actions both tactical and strategic (portfolio rebalancing).

At the portfolio level, stress testing is performed routine and ad hoc in order to test the portfolio quality elasticity (NPL and profit and loss) over economic variable changes both individually by debtors or portfolio. With stress testing, the Bank could anticipate early portfolio management actions and optimal solution determination. Stress testing also provides description regarding long term strategy most suitable for the Bank's portfolio condition and the economic environment.

In accordance with the implementation of risk assessment tools and as supporting analysis in business risk management, the Bank uses risk based Customer Profitability Analysis, which shows the economical value added to the shareholders on loans activities performed by the Bank. The Bank will continue to increase the credit risk assessment tools in order to obtain lower economic capital allocation incentive when the New Basel II Capital Accord is implemented in the future.

The Bank has also implemented risk based interest rate pricing and required yield as minimum rate of return in determining loans interest rate.

Market and Liquidity Risk

a. Liquidity Risk Management

Liquidity represents the Bank ability to meet all financial liabilities as they come due in normal condition. Bank's liquidity is influenced by the funding structure, asset liquidity, liabilities to the counterparty and loans commitment to the debtors. Liquidity risk is caused by the inability of the Bank to provide liquidity at normal price that effects the profitability and Bank's capital. To mitigate potential liquidity risk, the Bank manages its liquidity risk in order to be able to meet any financial obligation as it comes due, and to maintain an optimum level of liquidity. These objectives are achieved by setting and implementing a liquidity risk management policy that designates an optimum liquidity reserve, measures and sets limits for liquidity risk, outlines scenario analyses and contingency plan, and designs a funding strategy as well as preserves access to the market. The liquidity risk management policy is aligned with the business activities performed by business unit.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

55. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Market and Liquidity Risk (continued)

a. Liquidity Risk Management (continued)

The liquidity level of the Bank is measured through primary reserve and secondary reserve levels. The Bank maintains primary reserve and secondary reserve to meet its daily operational funding requirements and to create a liquidity buffer to meet unexpected fund withdrawals as well as to provide funding for asset expansion.

Primary reserves, in respect of the Minimum Reserve Requirements (Giro Wajib Minimum, or GWM) are held at Bank Indonesia, and as cash in Bank's branches. In accordance with Bank Indonesia regulations, the Bank is required to maintain a daily GWM at a minimum of 11% of third party Rupiah funds (applicable to any bank with third party funds exceeding Rp50 trillion and a loan to deposit ratio between 50%-60%) and at a minimum of 3% of third party foreign currency funds. As of December 31, 2007, Bank Mandiri maintained a GWM of 14.00% (Rupiah) and 3.01% (foreign currency). During 2007, average GWM were 11.24% (Rupiah) and 3.01% (foreign currency), that showed primary reserve has been efficiently managed by the Treasury.

Secondary reserves may be in the form of central bank certificates (*Sertifikat Bank Indonesia*, or SBI), Bank Indonesia deposits facility or FASBI, interbank placements and marketable securities (trading and available-for-sale portfolios). The Bank establishes internal limit for secondary reserves at a minimum of 5% of its third party funds. As of December 31, 2007, the Bank held Rp39,163,369 in secondary reserves, or 16.38% of its Rp239,092,880 in third party funds.

The Bank's potential liquidity risk is assessed and monitored through liquidity gap analysis, which is a projection of surplus or deficit built around the Bank's asset and liability maturity profile as well as any business expansion needs. Based on the Bank's 2008 plan (*Rencana Kerja and Anggaran Perusahaan*, or RKAP), the Bank's liquidity is projected to be in a surplus position over the next 12 months. Each funding deficit projection is monitored through Maximum Cumulative Outflow (MCO) limit.

Bank's ability to handle of differing liquidity pressures is assessed by running a range of liquidity scenarios that covers both normal and unusual situations. These also include scenarios for extreme or crisis conditions (stress testing), which then generates contingency plans.

According to the contingency funding plan, Bank may source its funding needs through different funding channels available other than third party funding. These may include repurchase agreement, bilateral funding, collateralised facility agreement, foreign exchange swap, and selling marketable securities such as government bond.

Funding cost and the Bank's funding ability is directly influenced by its credit rating. Bank Mandiri current ratings are is as follow:

	Long Term Domestic Currency	Long Term Foreign Currency
Standard & Poor's	BB-	BB-
Fitch, Inc.	BB-	BB-
Moody's	Baa2	B1/Ba2

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

55. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Market and Liquidity Risk (continued)

b. Interest Rate Risk Management

Interest Rate Risk represents risk that influences financial value (increase/decrease) of Bank's assets and liabilities because of change in interest rate that will effect on Bank's profit and capital. Interest rate risk is mostly due to difference in time pricing between Rate Sensitive Assets (RSA) and Rate Sensitive Liabilities (RSL). Bank's Assets sensitive to interest rate are dominated with government bond and loans, and Liability sensitive to interest rate are dominated with Third Party Fund (demand deposits, savings deposits and time deposits).

The Bank manages its interest rate risk through the use of repricing gap analysis, duration gap analysis and simulation. To describe the amount of the interest rate risk exposure, the Bank used repricing gap approach, whilst to measure the revenue sensitivity (NII Sensitivity) and Economic Value of Equity, EVE) in effect of interest rate change, the Bank performed simulation with interest rate shock (increase/decrease) scenario.

The Bank measured NII (Net Interest Income) and economic value of equity by assuming a gradual parallel shift (ramp) up and down in the term structure of interest rate amounting to 100 bps. The sensitivity analysis result showed that a gradual parallel shift in the term structure of interest rate by 100 bps Rupiah and Foreign Currency will potentially decreased the 12 months targeted NII amounting to 0.75% (unaudited) and decreased the EVE by 1.18% (unaudited) from Equity. In addition to sensitivity analysis, the Bank also uses statistical approach to assess the impact of interest rate volatility on earning (Earning at Risk, EaR) and equity (Capital at Risk, CaR). As of December 31, 2007, Bank's EaR and CaR were simulated at 0.45% (unaudited) and 2.12% (unaudited) of equity, respectively.

The Bank also regularly conducts sensitivity analyses on extreme scenarios (stress testing) to see the impact of significant changes in interest rate on the Bank's NII and equity value.

As an early warning indicator of interest rate risk, the Bank applies a set of monitoring tools called Interest Rate Risk Red Flags, which consist of Repricing Gap, NII Sensitivity and Economic Value of Equity Sensitivity, Earning at Risk and Capital at Risk. The Bank monitors and manages its interest rate risk by establishing limits on interest rate risk indicators. Breach of the limits will be mitigated through assets-liabilities restructuring or hedging strategies. To certain degree, Bank uses derivative instruments to hedge its exposure to interest rate change, mostly in the form of interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements.

c. Pricing Management

Pricing Management is one of the strategies performed in order to support the Bank in taking control the market share revenue by maximizing Net Interest Margin (NIM) especially through third party fund and loans pricing.

In determining the third party fund pricing, the Bank considers internal and external factors. Internal factors such as: funding cost, structure and funding target. External factors such as: market liquidity, market interest rate and guarantee interest rate. By considering the internal and external factors, the Bank implemented the aggressive or defensive strategy.

To determine loans pricing, the Bank established the interest rate based on risk (risk based pricing). Loan interest rate structure consists of Cost of Funds, Overhead Cost, Cost of Allocated Capital and Risk Premium. The Bank established Required Yield which is the Bank's minimum rate of return.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

55. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Market and Liquidity Risk (continued)

d. Market Risk Management

Bank performed market risk management by monitoring the trading activities performed by Treasury. As guidelines, the Bank has established trading risk limits in the form of Value at Risk (VaR), dealer nominal limits and dealer loss limit. The results were stated in the Trading Risk Profile report for periods such as daily, weekly and monthly basis. Different with other reports, the Monthly Report describes comprehensively the market risk management including Stress Testing/Scenario Analysis calculation to quantify the abnormal market movement. In addition, the reports also states back testing result to assess the VaR measurement's effectiveness and the methodology's accuracy.

The development of financial products was utilized by the Treasury Group to increase the fee based income through derivative and Structured Product transactions, such as FX Digital Option, Single Range Accrual and other products. To accommodate the risk management on the complex derivative and structured product transactions, the Bank developed the derivative system that is estimated to be completed in the beginning of Semester II – 2008.

In accordance with Bank Indonesia regulations, the Bank has considered market risk using Standard Model in allocating its capital. The minimum capital adequacy required which has considered market risk as of December 31, 2007 was Rp221,039.39, therefore the CAR which has considered market risk and credit risk is 20.75%.

The Bank reviews and improves the implementation of market risk management with the regulation requirements, up to date condition and best practice.

e. Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Bank measured and managed the structural foreign exchange risk to know the impact of the exchange rate movement on the Bank's revenue and capital. The Bank's foreign exchange position is primarily US Dollar-denominated. Most of the assets are in the form of inter-bank placements, marketable securities and loans, whilst most of the liabilities are in the form of third party funds and borrowing.

In order to manage and mitigate the foreign exchange risk, foreign currency loans and placements were funded mostly with the same currency and to hedge significant foreign exchange open position, the Bank used derivative instruments such as FX forward, swap and option.

Bank Mandiri complied with Bank Indonesia's regulation that requires the net open position in all foreign currencies for on balance sheet and aggregate to be no more than 20% of the capital (core capital and supplementary capital). For prudential principles, the Bank has established internal limit to be no more than 10% of the capital. As of December 31, 2007, the Bank's NOP aggregate (absolute) was 5.56% from the capital (Note 51).

Operational Risk

Proactive operational risk management will help the Bank in achieving its targets and increasing the Bank's image whilst still take into account the prudential principles in the Bank's business activities. Through operational risk management implementation:

- Every Business Unit has a frame work and identifies potential operational risk, the cause and how to mitigate the related risk.
- Bank periodically evaluates action plans as mitigation actions to decrease potential operational risk loss.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

55. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Operational Risk (continued)

The Bank performed operational risk management proactively to achieve the business target and increase the Bank's image whilst still in the prudential principles in every Bank's business activities. The Bank has several tools in implementing the operational risk management:

- Mandiri Loss Event Database (MLED) is the tools used in documenting previous losses from operational risk. MLED is useful in providing the Bank's operational loss (including cause factors) and supporting the operational risk identification process (as one of the supporting data in RCSA tools)
- Key Risk Indicator (KRI) is the tools for monitoring changes in operational risk parameter changes. Through KRI monitoring, Business Units can identify process with potential losses (as early warning signal).
- Risk & Control Self Assessment (RCSA) and Key Opertional Risk Control (KORC) is the tools used in assessing risk potential and control quality in the future. By using RCSA and KORC, business unit could identify and assess existing risk and plan to mitigate the risk.
- New Product & Activity is the process in anticipating and managing the risk inherent with a new product or business activity.
- Business Continuity Planning (BCP) is the tools that require the Bank to generate/has comprehensive plan containing actions to be taken before, during and after a documented emergency event, tested to ensure the Bank's operational going concern in the form of Business Continuity Plan (BCP) Policy. As implementation of BCP, each Business Unit is required to have Disaster Recovery Plan (DRP) so that in the extreme events such as earth quake, in a short time the Bank can operate to serve the customer. BCP plays a bigger role considering more natural disaster happening in Indonesia.

Currently the Bank is in the operational risk management implementation stage at all Business Units in Head Office and Regional Office. For the implementation, the Bank conducted socialization as awareness and implementation technical explanation tools for the Business Units in the Regional and Head Office. As required by Bank Indonesia, the Bank enhanced the policy and tools that will be used by the Business Units as guidelines in operational risk management process. To anticipate the issuance of Bank Indonesia's regulation regarding capital requirement for operational risk, internally the Bank has performed simulation to calculate the capital requirement based on Basic Indicator Approach, that will be followed by consolidation with the subsidiaries.

To support the Bank's target in becoming the Regional Champion Bank and to further improve the Bank's operational risk management's capability to the international best practice, the Bank entered into agreement with ABN AMRO Bank for Risk Advisory Service. Under the agreement, the Bank plans to increase the competency of the operational risk management unit and implement up-to-date operational risk management procedures in order to minimize operational loss, efficient capital adequacy reserve calculation for operational risk as well as increasing the Bank's service image.

To increase the Bank's competency in operational risk management, the Bank has enrolled their personnel in the risk management certification as required by Bank Indonesia. Bank also sent their personnel to enhance their operational risk management knowledge and practice through training both local and overseas, and performed comparison study with regional banks and with overseas correspondent banks.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

56. SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS, COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

a. Integrated Banking System Agreement with PT Silverlake Informatikama and Silverlake Corporation

On July 21, 2001, Bank Mandiri entered into an agreement with PT Silverlake Informatikama for the procurement of software and installation services for a total integrated banking system which is called eMAS (Enterprise Mandiri Advanced System), for a total contract value of US\$43,213,658 (full amount) excluding 10% VAT. Additional projects have been contracted involving a value of US\$18,606,562 (full amount) on April 23, 2002, US\$420,000 (full amount) on August 28, 2003, US\$922,131.10 (full amount) on April 12, 2004, US\$40,000 (full amount) on July 4, 2005 and US\$40,000 (full amount) on March 30, 2007. Payment realized until December 31, 2007 amounting US\$65,882,961.68 (full amount) (after VAT) was recorded as construction in progress amounting to US\$2,480,337.35 (full amount) and as premises and equipment amounting to US\$63,402,624.32 (full amount). The estimated percentage of completion of the contract as of December 31, 2007 is 96.24%.

On August 1, 2006, the Bank entered into an agreement to enhance the eMAS feature with Silverlake Corporation for a total contract value of 3,705 mandays (US\$720/mandays) before VAT 10%. The payments realization until December 31, 2007 amounting to US\$1,575,893.20 (full amount) (after VAT 10%) was recorded as construction in progress amounting to US\$377,017.74 (full amount) and as fixed assets amounting to US\$1,162,458.02 (full amount). The estimated percentage of completion as of December 31, 2007 was 73.77%.

b. Agreement with PT Suprima Nusantara (SNP)

On December 16, 2004, Bank Mandiri has entered into an agreement with SNP which has then been amended with 2 (two) addendums. Based on the addendum agreement:

- 1. Bank Mandiri has an option to become a 20% shareholder of SNP if Bank Mandiri disburses a financing facility to SNP and/or its consumers, either directly or indirectly, of up to Rp1,000,000 or effective 4 (four) years after the signing date of such agreement dated December 16, 2004 that is on December 16, 2008, whichever is earlier.
- 2. Bank Mandiri has an option for 51% SNP shares after execution of 20% shareholder option right until December 16, 2009.

The agreement was notarized under Deed No. 37 by N.M. Dipo Nusantara PUA UPA, S.H., dated December 16, 2004. Addendum 1 was reported to the notary, Harun Kamil, in Jakarta dated March 28, 2006 No. 001/WAR/N/III/06, whilst Addendum 2 - Deed No. 3 by N.M. Dipo Nusantara PUA UPA, S.H., dated April 11, 2007.

c. Agreement on development of Operational Risk Management with ABN AMRO Bank N.V.

On February 25, 2005, Bank Mandiri and ABN AMRO Bank N.V. entered into an agreement to develop Operational Risk Management to assist the Bank in operational risk management implementation process and has been revised with an addendum. The agreement was meant as a means for transfer of knowledge to increase the Bank and the employees' capability in operational risk management and to increase the capability to measure and calculate capital allocation in accordance with Basel II standard. Based on the agreement, ABN AMRO Bank N.V. will support the development of Bank Mandiri's internal capability in operational risk management. The capability development will be conducted through nine action tracks in the form of transfer of knowledge and advisory. The agreement's value is USD 1,200,000 (full amount) and planned to be completed on June 30, 2007. The agreement expiry date was extended until mid 2008.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

56. SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS, COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

d. Additional BI's regulation related with Prudential Supervision Principles

Based on Bank Indonesia letter No. 9/561/DPB1 dated September 4, 2007 regarding Monitoring Status of Bank Mandiri, Bank Indonesia stated that with regards of improvement in Bank Mandiri's performance and Non Performing Loan ratio under 5% from total loans portfolio, Bank Mandiri was taken out of Intensive Monitoring Criteria since September 4, 2007.

e. Legal Matters

Bank Mandiri received a request from a customer to liquidate its current account and time deposit since the Directorate General of Taxes has taken off the blockage and confiscation. Due to several conditions, the request cannot be executed directly since Bank Mandiri has to clarify it first to IBRA.

In the process, Bank Mandiri received admonition from the customer directly via the High Court to disburse as soon as possible the above mentioned accounts. Receiving the admonition, Bank Mandiri took steps by proposing a request to consign the funds to the High Court.

When transferring the customer funds to the High Court account, Bank Mandiri received an order from the Minister of State Owned Enterprises as the Deputy of Clearance Team of IBRA to freeze the fund transfer. Bank Mandiri also received a letter from the Minister of Finance as the Chief of Clearance Team of IBRA confirming that Bank Mandiri not to execute the disbursement of that customer funds.

Minister of Finance as the Chief of Clearance Team of IBRA in his letter dated November 15, 2005 instructed the Coordinator of Execution Clearance Team of IBRA to ask Bank Mandiri to set off the customer's demand deposit and time deposit, and follow up the letter of the Minister of Finance, Coordinator of Execution Clearance Team of IBRA in its letter dated November 25, 2005 informing the Bank to immediately transfer the customer's demand deposit and time deposit to the government account in Bank Indonesia.

The Bank replied the letter on December 28, 2005 stating that in accordance with the procedures and regulation the liquidation of customers' demand deposit and time deposit requires liquidation letter from the customer and the time deposit certificate.

On June 7, 2006, the customer filed a lawsuit against the Bank as First Defendant and the Minister of Finance as Second Defendant at South Jakarta High Court. The lawsuit was decided by the judge of South Jakarta High Court on November 21, 2006 granting several customer claims. The Bank and Minister of Finance have filed an appeal on the verdict. The Jakarta High Court has examined the appeal and the decision No. 123/PDT/2007/PT DKI dated June 14, 2007 has declined all the customer lawsuit.

The Jakarta High Court's decision has no final legal binding power because the customer as the lost party has filed an appeal to the Republic of Indonesia Supreme Court on January 3, 2008. Bank Mandiri has submitted counter's appeal and is still waiting for the Supreme Court decision.

Aside from the above legal case, Bank Mandiri has also received a letter from a customer (giran) dated January 27, 2005 regarding the customer's plan to include in its balance sheets, receivables from Bank Mandiri amounting to US\$10,000,000 (full amount) and request to the Bank to credit in its account the amount of US\$10,000,000 (full amount).

That customer request is related to the foreign exchange transaction conducted by the customer through Bank Mandiri, which was later on checked by the investigators and proposed to the court at Central Jakarta High Court. In the litigation process, it is determined that the accused and the defendant is the customer's employee/official.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

56. SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS, COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

e. Legal Matters (continued)

In this matter, Bank Mandiri has an opinion that the Bank does not have the obligation to fulfill the customer's request and decides not to pay the customer, since not one of Bank Mandiri's employees/officials have been named as the accused/defendant, and there is no court verdict obliging Bank Mandiri to pay to the customer.

Furthermore, Bank Mandiri has an opinion that in relation to the content of the above letter, there is no liability that should be acknowledged or adjustment that should be made in the financial statement of PT Bank Mandiri (Persero) Tbk. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2007.

The Bank's total potential exposure arising from outstanding lawsuits as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 amounts to Rp2,529,424 and Rp2,331,607, respectively. As of December 31, 2007 and 2006, Bank Mandiri has provided a provision (included in "Other Liabilities") for a number of lawsuits involving Bank Mandiri amounting to Rp205,742 and Rp316,277, respectively (Note 28). Management believes that the provision is adequate to cover possible losses arising from pending litigation, or litigation cases currently in progress.

f. Value Added Tax (VAT) on Bank Syariah Mandiri Murabahah Transaction

There is a different way of looking at Tax on murabahah transaction between Directorate General Taxes (DGT) Tax Audit Team with Bank Syariah Mandiri (BSM).

The DGT Tax Audit Team conclude that murabahah transaction is an object of VAT according to Law No. 8, 1983 regarding Value Added Tax on Goods and Services and Sales Tax on Luxury Goods and the latest revision No. 18 year 2000 article 1A paragraph (1). In connection with this, the tax office issued an under payment tax assessment letter (SKPKB) No. 00032/207/02/073/04 on December 13, 2004 of Rp25,542 from the VAT tax year 2003 pertaining to murabahah transaction conducted by BSM.

BSM conclude that murabahah is a banking transaction which is excluded from VAT, according to Law No. 8, 1983 regarding Value Added Tax on Goods and Services and Sales Tax on Luxury Goods and the latest revision No. 18 year 2000 article 4A paragraph (3) point (d), stated that banking transaction is not a VAT object and this is also in accordance with Government Regulation No. 144 year 2000 article 5 point (d).

On January 10, 2005, BSM submitted an objection for such SKPKB. Referring to the objection, on December 1, 2005 DGT issued a refusal decision letter No. Kep-277/PJ.54/2005.

The Association of Bank Syariah Indonesia (ASBISINDO) agree with BSM and on August 3, 2005 ASBISINDO submitted a letter No. 58/KU-DPP/08.05 to DGT and requested that VAT should not be imposed on financing with murabahah scheme by syariah banking.

In an attempt to solve the problem regarding the difference of VAT on murabahah transaction, BSM has arranged a meeting with ASBISINDO, Bank Indonesia and other related institute, but until now it still being discussed and no decision yet. Therefore, BSM has not made any provision for the under payment of VAT as stated in under payment tax assessment letter (SKPKB) No. 00032/207/02/073/04 from the 2003 VAT of Rp25,542 or any obligation related to the Value Added Tax (VAT) on Murabahah Transaction.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

56. SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS, COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

g. Conditional Sale and Purchase Agreement (CSPA) Bank Sinar Harapan Bali

On December 3, 2007, the Bank and Bank Sinar Harapan Bali's (BSHB) shareholders entered into Conditional Sale and Purchase Agreement (CSPA) which will be the basis of 80% (eighty percent) BSHB shares ownership by the Bank. For the CSPA to become effective, there are several requirements to be completed as agreed by both parties among others, obtaining necessary approval in accordance with the regulations in the Republic of Indonesia.

In accordance with CSPA, it is agreed that before the Bank acquire BSHB, the previous shareholders should increase BSHB paid in capital from Rp19,387,876,000 (full amount) to Rp20,000,000,000 (full amount). Then the Bank will perform the acquisition of BSHB by:

- 1. Acquiring 50% shares issued by BSHB or amounting to 20,000,000 shares with par value amounting to Rp500 (full amount) per share.
- 2. Increasing BSHB paid in capital through additional capital injection so that BSHB total paid in capital will increase from Rp20,000,000,000 (full amount) to Rp100,000,000,000 (full amount).

On December 5, 2007, the Bank placed to BSHB the amount of Rp80,000 (Note 5b) to fulfill the acquisition plan requirement.

57. ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

During 2007, several macro economic indicators have shown better performance compared to prior year. Economic practitioners' expectation on various macro economic indicators seems to be realized. Inflation rate at the end of 2007 of around 6.6% showed that the inflation target from the monetary authority amounting to 6.0% plus minus 1.0% could be achieved. These conditions opened the possibility for SBI interest rate to decrease at 8.0% level at the end of 2007.

On the other hand, foreign exchange rate has shown depreciation indication at the end of year that was driven by global sentiment. The rupiah against dollar exchange rate at the end of 2007 was closed around IDR/USD 9,400. Economic practitioners still expected the Indonesian economy to grow around 6.2% - 6.3% in the 2007. The high economic growth was supported by low inflation and decreasing interest rate that in the end drove the general buying power of the people. Thus, fiscal driver through government consumption was still one of the economic growth factor.

The improvements in the condition of macro economy were estimated to support the banking business performance. The recovery of people buying power could support the business sector, especially in funding and loans disbursement both from and into the people.

In addition, the policy of monetary authority to create strong Indonesian Banking Architecture has become a driver for banks to improve their performance and condition. This is reflected by some banks' actions to increase the banking capital in accordance with the regulation. This matter gave a positive image of banking institution to the people.

General banking performance during 2007 has shown several improvement indicators. Outstanding loans as of December 2007 showed high growth. From (December 2006 - December 2007), the loans could grow to 26.4 percent. This condition was also supported by improvement at the loan to deposit ratio that showed increase to 66.32% in December 2007 compared to 60.55 percent at the beginning of 2007. In addition, several banking issues indicator also improved which could be seen in decreasing non performing loan of general banks in December 2007 at 4.07 percent compared to 6.19% at the beginning of 2007. These conditions will be a start for better banking performance in the future.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

57. ECONOMIC CONDITIONS (continued)

The consolidated financial statements included the impact of economic condition to the extent they can be determined and estimated. The economic recovery to a healthy and stable condition depends largely on fiscal and monetary policies that the government of Republic of Indonesia continues to make an effort to, actions which are beyond the control of the Bank and Subsidiaries. Therefore, it is not possible to determine the future impact of the economic condition on the liquidity and earnings of Bank Mandiri and Subsidiaries and realization of assets, including influence from customers, creditors, shareholders and other stakeholders. The effect of the uncertainty on the assets and liabilities reported in the current balance sheet can not be estimated. The effect will be reported in the consolidated financial statements when it can be identified and estimated.

58. GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE OF OBLIGATIONS OF LOCALLY INCORPORATED BANKS

Based on the Decree of the Minister of Finance of Republic Indonesia No. 26/KMK.017/1998 dated January 28, 1998, which was replaced by the Decree of the Minister of Finance No. 179/KMK.017/2000 dated May 26, 2000, the Government of the Republic of Indonesia is guaranteeing certain obligations of locally incorporated banks namely demand deposits, savings, time deposits and deposits on call, bonds, marketable securities, inter-bank placements, fund borrowings, currency swaps and contingent liabilities such as bank guarantees, standby letters of credit and other liabilities, excluding subordinated loans and amounts due to directors, commissioners and related parties.

Based on Joint Decrees of the Directors of Bank Indonesia and Head of IBRA No. 32/46/KEP/DIR and No. 181/BPPN/0599 dated May 14, 1999, the guarantee period is automatically extended, unless otherwise that within six months from the maturity of this guarantee, IBRA decides not to extend its maturity. In 2001, the Joint Decrees of the Directors of Bank Indonesia and the Head of IBRA were replaced by BI regulation No. 3/7/PBI/2001 and the Decree of the Head of IBRA No. 1035/BPPN/0401.

The Head of IBRA issued Decree No. SK-1036/BPPN/0401 in 2001 that provides for specific operational guidance in respect of the Government of the Republic of Indonesia's Guarantee of obligations of locally incorporated banks.

The Government charges a premium in respect of its guarantee program in accordance with prevailing regulations (Note 43).

Based on Presidential Decree No. 15/2004 dated February 27, 2004 in relation to the termination of IBRA's duties and its dissolution, and Decree of the Minister of Finance No. 84/KMK.06/2004 dated February 27, 2004, the Government of the Republic of Indonesia established *Unit Pelaksana Penjaminan Pemerintah*, a new institution replacing IBRA, to continue the Government Guarantee Program for Obligations of Locally Incorporated Banks.

Based on Ministry of Finance Decree No. 17/PMK.05/2005 dated March 3, 2005, effective as of April 18, 2005, the Government Guarantee Program covers the demand deposits, savings, time deposits and deposits from other banks from Money Market Inter-Bank transactions.

Government Guarantee Program through Unit Pelaksana Penjamin Pemerintah (UP3) was ended on September 22, 2005, as stated in Ministry of Finance Decree No. 68/PMK.05/2005 dated August 10, 2005 regarding Calculation and Payment of Bank Liability on Government Guarantee Program Premium For Period July 1 until September 21, 2005. The Government replaced UP3 with an independent institution, Lembaga Penjamin Simpanan (LPS) based on Republic of Indonesia Decree No. 24 year 2004 dated September 22, 2004 regarding Lembaga Penjamin Simpanan (LPS), which LPS guarantee third party fund including placement from other bank in the form of current account, time deposit, certificate of deposit, savings and other form that is equivalent to them.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

58. GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE OF OBLIGATIONS OF LOCALLY INCORPORATED BANKS (continued)

Based on the Lembaga Penjaminan Simpanan Regulation No. 1/PLPS/2006 dated March 9, 2006 regarding the Deposit Guarantee Program, the amounts guaranteed for each of the customer in one bank is a maximum of Rp100 million.

59. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES FOLLOWED BY THE BANK ("INDONESIAN GAAP") AND INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRS")

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indonesian GAAP, which varies in certain significant respects from IFRS. The significant differences relate to the items in the following paragraphs:

a. Allowance for Possible Losses on Earning Assets

Under Indonesian GAAP, the Bank records allowances for possible losses on earning assets using general and specific allowances based on management's estimates and using the guidelines prescribed by Bank Indonesia (BI).

Under IAS No. 39 - "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", the Bank calculates allowances for possible losses on earning assets based on the difference between the carrying amount of the impaired earning asset and the net present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the earning asset's original effective interest rate. An earning asset is considered impaired when it becomes probable that the Bank will be unable to collect all amounts due according to contractual terms. In addition, the Bank also recognizes allowances for possible losses on unimpaired loans in accordance with BI minimum provision.

b. Allowance for Possible Losses on Commitments and Contingencies

Under Indonesian GAAP, the Bank records allowances for possible losses on commitments and contingencies using general and specific allowances based on management's estimates and using the guidelines prescribed by BI.

Under IFRS, the Bank recognizes certain of the allowances for possible losses on commitments and contingencies in accordance with the provisions of IAS No. 37 - "Estimated Liabilities, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets". In accordance with IAS No. 37 - "Estimated Liabilities, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" the allowances for possible losses on commitments and contingencies is recognized only (a) the Company has current liabilities (both legally and constructively) resulting from past event; (b) it is probable the settlement of the liabilities resulting in the resources outflow; and (c) reliable estimate can be made on the amount of the liabilities.

c. Loans Purchased from IBRA

Under Indonesian GAAP, the difference between the outstanding loan principal and purchase price is booked as deferred income if the Bank enters into a new credit agreement with the borrower, and as an allowance for possible losses if the Bank does not enter into a new credit agreement with the borrower. The allowance for loan losses or deferred income is only adjusted once the Bank has recovered the original purchase price.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

59. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES FOLLOWED BY THE BANK ("INDONESIAN GAAP") AND INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("IFRS") (continued)

c. Loans Purchased from IBRA (continued)

Under IFRS, the difference between outstanding loan principal and purchase price is booked as deferred income for all loans purchased from IBRA. For performing loans, the deferred income is accreted into income over the life of the loan using the effective interest rate method in accordance with IAS No. 39 - "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". For non-performing loans, the deferred income is only adjusted once the Bank has recovered the original purchase price.

d. Premises and Equipment

Under Indonesian GAAP, premises and equipment are stated at cost, except for certain premises and equipment used in operations that were revalued in 1979, 1987 and 2003 in accordance with Government regulations, less accumulated depreciation and amortization.

In accordance with IAS 16 - "Property, Plant and Equipment", company could choose cost method or revaluation method as the accounting policy for fixed assets and has to implement the policy to all fixed assets. In the cost method, after recognition of assets, an assets is carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, if any. In the revaluation method, after recognition of assets, a fixed assets that has a reliable fair value could be reported at the revalued amount, that is the fair value on the revaluation date less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment, if any. The revaluation should be sufficient regularity to ensure book value does not materially different with the fair value on the balance sheet date.

For IFRS, the Bank has chosen to adopt cost method on all fixed assets, and therefore, presented the fixed assets at cost less any accumulated depreciation, and did not include the revaluation value, because of IAS 16 requirement for sufficient regularity on fixed assets revaluation.

e. Land Rights

Under Indonesian GAAP, the costs of acquired land-rights (including incidental costs) are capitalized. It also provides that the main acquisition costs of land-rights are generally not subject to amortization. However, the incidental costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of the land-rights or renewal or extension of the legal titles should be deferred and presented separately from the main acquisition costs, and amortized over the period of the land-use rights or the land-rights estimated useful lives, whichever is shorter.

Under IFRS, if the title of land is not expected to pass to the lessee by the end of the lease term, the lessee normally does not receive substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership, in which case the lease of land will be classified as an operating lease. A payment made on entering into or acquiring a leasehold that is accounted for as an operating lease represents prepaid lease payments that are amortized over the lease term in accordance with the pattern of benefits provided.

f. Deferred Income Taxes

The impact on deferred income taxes of the IFRS adjustments has been recognized in accordance with IAS 12 - "Income Taxes". An effective tax rate of 30% has been applied.

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

60. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME TO THE AMOUNTS DETERMINED UNDER IFRS

The following is a summary of the adjustments to consolidated shareholders' equity as of December 31, 2007 and 2006 and consolidated net income for the years then ended, which would be required if IFRS had been applied by Bank Mandiri instead of Indonesian GAAP in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

	December 31, 2007	December 31, 2006
Shareholders' equity as reported in the consolidated financial statements prepared under Indonesian GAAP	29,243,732	26,340,670
IFRS adjustments - increase/(decrease) due to: Allowance for possible losses on earning assets Allowance for possible losses on commitments and contingencies Accretion of deferred income arising from the purchase of loans from IBRA De-recognition of revaluation of premises and equipment Amortization of land rights Deferred income taxes	2,362,038 379,847 20,760 (2,689,914) (123,654) (21,820)	427,432 382,076 60,554 (2,716,844) (136,937) 554,035
Net decrease in reported shareholders' equity	(72,743)	(1,429,684)
Shareholders' equity in accordance with IFRS	29,170,989	24,910,986
	For the year ended December 31, 2007	For the year ended December 31, 2006
Net income as reported in the consolidated financial statements prepared under Indonesian GAAP	4,346,224	2,421,405
IFRS adjustments - increase/(decrease) due to: Allowance for possible losses on earning assets Allowance for possible losses on commitments and contingencies Accretion of deferred income arising from the purchase of loans from IBRA De-recognition of revaluation of premises and equipment Amortization of land rights Deferred income taxes	1,934,607 (2,229) (17,599) 26,930 (7,851) (582,513)	1,598,223 43,669 4,457 30,337 (136,937) (503,006)
Net increase in reported net income	1,351,345	1,036,743
Net income in accordance with IFRS	5,697,569	3,458,148
Net earnings per share Basic (full amount) Diluted (full amount)	275.01 273.09	170.06 168.28

61. COMPLETION OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of the Bank is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements which were completed on March 4, 2008.

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. AND SUBSIDIARIES INDEX TO ADDITIONAL INFORMATION December 31, 2007 and 2006

Balance Sheets - Parent Company Only	Appendix 1
Statements of Income - Parent Company Only	Appendix 2
Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity - Parent Company Only	Appendix 3
Statements of Cash Flows - Parent Company Only	Appendix 4
Quality of Earnings Assets - Parent Company Only	Appendix 5

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. BALANCE SHEETS - PARENT COMPANY ONLY December 31, 2007 and 2006

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	2007	2006
ASSETS		
Cash	5,707,807	3,828,154
Current Accounts with Bank Indonesia	27,449,153	21,119,659
Current Accounts with Other Banks - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp14,383 and Rp11,146 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	1,341,924	478,291
Placements with Bank Indonesia and Other Banks - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp55,903 and Rp96,559 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	16,207,791	9,291,949
Securities		40.740
Related parties Third parties	26,225,476	49,713 16,462,753
Less: Unamortized discounts,	26,225,476	16,512,466
unrealized (losses)/gains from (decrease)/increase in value of securities and		
allowance for possible losses	(1,027,628)	(1,136,101)
	25,197,848	15,376,365
Government Bonds	89,329,712	91,313,144
Other Receivables - Trade Transactions - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp839,732 and Rp812,112 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2,011,516	1,944,675
Securities Purchased with Agreements to Resell - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp33,600 and Rp8,600 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2,145,230	441,512
Derivative Receivables - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp3,800 and Rp4,260 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	336,651	405,973
Loans Related parties Third parties	651,079 126,198,838	648,335 108,817,768
Total loans Less: Deferred income	126,849,917 (23,472)	109,466,103 (86,380)
Total loans after deferred income Less: Allowance for possible losses	126,826,445 (12,694,900)	109,379,723 (14,084,689)
Loans - net	114,131,545	95,295,034
Acceptances Receivable - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp69,754 and Rp155,223 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	4,953,481	3,450,924
Investments in Shares of Stock - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp73,943 and Rp73,625 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	2,533,683	2,209,393

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. BALANCE SHEETS - PARENT COMPANY ONLY (continued) December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	2007	2006
ASSETS (continued)		
Premises and Equipment - net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of Rp3,651,045 and Rp3,116,028 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	4,361,764	4,541,005
Deferred Tax Assets - net	4,080,468	3,280,444
Other Assets - net of allowance for possible losses of Rp612,638 and Rp994,703 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	3,647,297	3,234,695
TOTAL ASSETS	303,435,870	256,211,217

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. BALANCE SHEETS - PARENT COMPANY ONLY (continued) December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	2007	2006
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Liabilities Immediately Payable	806,874	571,484
Deposits from Customers		
Demand deposits Related parties	142,439	376,148
Third parties	64,767,067	46,420,248
Sovingo doposito	64,909,506	46,796,396
Savings deposits Related parties	76,480	44,131
Third parties	81,458,220	57,569,471
Time deposits	81,534,700	57,613,602
Time deposits Related parties	258,078	1,019,937
Third parties	89,100,109	92,008,326
	89,358,187	93,028,263
Total Deposits from Customers	235,802,393	197,438,261
Deposits from Other Banks		
Demand and Saving deposits Inter-bank call money	1,648,377 827,617	1,340,674 1,899,681
Time deposits	1,642,110	4,251,380
Total Deposits from Other Banks	4,118,104	7,491,735
Securities Sold with Agreements to Repurchase	2,507,123	1,603,053
Derivative Payables	33,279	100,246
Acceptances Payable	5,023,235	3,606,147
Securities Issued - net of unamortized discount		
of Rp903 and Rp3,660 as of December 31, 2007 and 2006	3,769,660	3,594,560
Fund Borrowings	8,725,061	3,361,447
Estimated Losses on Commitments		
and Contingencies	467,979	512,189
Accrued Expenses	460,206	516,201
Taxes Payable	1,219,405	1,557,001
Other Liabilities	8,355,544	5,392,863
Subordinated Loans	2,903,275	4,125,360
TOTAL LIABILITIES	274,192,138	229,870,547

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. BALANCE SHEETS - PARENT COMPANY ONLY (continued) December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	2007	2006
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (continued)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share Capital - Rp500 (full amount) par value per share Authorized capital - 1 share Dwiwarna Series A and 31,999,999,999 common shares Series B Issued and fully paid-up capital - 1 share Dwiwarna Series A and 20,749,551,741 common shares Series B as of December 31, 2007 (1 share Dwiwarna Series A and 20,631,217,466 common shares Series B as of December 31, 2006)	10,374,776	10,315,609
Funds for Paid - up Capital	127,593	-
Additional Paid-in Capital/Agio	6,570,959	6,433,948
Differences Arising from Translation of Foreign Currency Financial Statements	113,447	86,867
Unrealized Gains/(Losses) on Availables-for-Sale Securities and Government Bonds - net of deferred tax	(3,568)	229,572
Premises and Equipment Revaluation Increment	3,046,936	3,046,936
Difference Arising from Transactions Resulting in Changes in the Equity of Subsidiaries	1,432	9,318
Share Options	107,320	105,330
Retained Earnings (accumulated losses of Rp162,874,901 were eliminated against additional paid-in capital/agio in connection with the quasi-reorganization as of April 30, 2003) Appropriated Unappropriated	2,611,690 6,293,147	2,575,369 3,537,721
Total Retained Earnings	8,904,837	6,113,090
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	29,243,732	26,340,670
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	303,435,870	256,211,217

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. STATEMENTS OF INCOME - PARENT COMPANY ONLY Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

		2006
INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONS		
Interest Income Interest income Fees and commissions on loan facilities	21,678,821 654,290	24,495,146 593,407
Total Interest Income	22,333,111	25,088,553
Interest Expense Interest expense Other financing expenses	(10,303,692) (142,434)	(15,214,295) (139,119)
Total Interest Expense	(10,446,126)	(15,353,414)
NET INTEREST INCOME	11,886,985	9,735,139
Other Operating Income Other fees and commissions Foreign exchange gains - net Others	2,093,160 298,529 688,921	1,546,280 378,147 511,661
Total Other Operating Income	3,080,610	2,436,088
Provision for Possible Losses on Earning Assets	(1,867,235)	(3,535,647)
Reversal of Estimated Losses on Commitments and Contingencies	61,307	20,203
Reversal of Allowance for Possible Losses - Others	313,015	128,945
Gains/(losses) from Increase/(decrease) in Value of Securities and Government Bonds	(12,848)	89,995
Gains from Sale of Securities and Government Bonds	157,474	105,031
Other Operating Expenses Salaries and employee benefits General and administrative expenses Others - net	(3,711,714) (3,060,982) (670,901)	(2,739,083) (2,948,611) (555,760)
Total Other Operating Expenses	(7,443,597)	(6,243,454)
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	6,175,711	2,736,300
Non-operating Income - Net	23,147	28,200
INCOME BEFORE TAX BENEFIT (EXPENSE)	6,198,858	2,764,500
Tax Benefit (Expense) Current Deferred	(2,552,750) 700,116	(1,609,549) 1,266,454
Tax Expense, Net	(1,852,634)	(343,095)
NET INCOME	4,346,224	2,421,405

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY - PARENT COMPANY ONLY Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

				Differences Arising from	Unrealized Gains/(Losses) on Available- for-Sale Securities	Premises	Difference Arising from Transactions					
	Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital	Additional Paid-in Capital/Agio	Funds for Paid - up Capital	Translation of Foreign Currency Financial Statements	and Government Bonds-net of Deferred Tax	and Equipment Revaluation Increment	Resulting in Changes in the Equity of Subsidiaries	Share Options	Appropriated	Retained Earnings *) Unappropriated	Total	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2005	10,127,859	6,006,255	-	108,923	(241,961)	3,046,936	(14,063)	175,012	2,560,285	1,445,152	4,005,437	23,214,398
General and specific reserve allocated from 2005 net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,084	(15,084)	-	-
Dividends allocated from 2005 net income	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(301,685)	(301,685)	(301,685)
Community development fund program allocated from 2005 net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	(12,067)	(12,067)	(12,067)
Execution of shares options from Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP)	187,750	427,693	-	=	-	-	=	(200,352)	=	=	=	415,091
Differences arising from translation of foreign currency financial statements	-	=	-	(22,056)	-	-	=	-	=	=	=	(22,056)
Unrealized gains on available for sale Securities and Government Bonds - net of deferred tax	=	=	-	=	471,533	-	=	-	-	=	=	471,533
Differrence arising from transactions resulting in changes in the equity of subsidiaries	=	=	-	=	-	-	23,381	-	-	=	=	23,381
Recognition of share options from Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP)	-	=	-	=	-	-	=	130,670	=	=	=	130,670
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2006	=	-	=	Ē	-	=	-	-	-	2,421,405	2,421,405	2,421,405
Balance as of December 31, 2006	10,315,609	6,433,948	-	86,867	229,572	3,046,936	9,318	105,330	2,575,369	3,537,721	6,113,090	26,340,670

^{*)} Accumulated losses of Rp162,874,901 have been eliminated with additional paid-in capital/agio in connection with the quasi reorganization as of April 30, 2003

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY - PARENT COMPANY ONLY (continued) Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

				Differences Arising from	Unrealized Gains/(Losses) on Available- for-Sale Securities	Premises	Difference Arising from Transactions					
	Issued and Fully Paid-up Capital	Additional Paid-in Capital/Agio	Funds for Paid - up Capital	Translation of Foreign Currency Financial Statements	and Government y Bonds-net of Deferred Tax	and Equipment Revaluation Increment	Resulting in Changes in the Equity of Subsidiaries	Share Options	Appropriated	Retained Earnings *) Unappropriated	Total	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2006	10,315,609	6,433,948	-	86,867	229,572	3,046,936	9,318	105,330	2,575,369	3,537,721	6,113,090	26,340,670
General and specific reserve allocated from 2006 net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,321	(36,321)	-	-
Dividends allocated from 2006 net income	=	-	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	(1,452,843)	(1,452,843)	(1,452,843)
Tantiem, Cooperative development fund program and community development fund program allocated from 2006 net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(101,634)	(101,634)	(101,634)
Execution of shares options from Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP)	59,167	137,011	127,593	-	-	-	-	(85,044)	-	-	-	238,727
Differences arising from translation of foreign currency financial statements	=	=	=	26,580	=	-	-	-	=	-	=	26,580
Unrealized losses on avalable for sale Securities and Government Bonds - net of deferred tax	-	-	-	-	(233,140)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(233,140)
Recognition of share options from Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87,034	-	-	-	87,034
Differrence arising from transactions resulting in changes in the equity of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,886)	-	-	-	-	(7,886)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2007	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	4,346,224	4,346,224	4,346,224
Balance as of December 31, 2007	10,374,776	6,570,959	127,593	113,447	(3,568)	3,046,936	1,432	107,320	2,611,690	6,293,147	8,904,837	29,243,732

^{*)} Accumulated losses of Rp162,874,901 have been eliminated with additional paid-in capital/agio in connection with the quasi reorganization as of April 30, 2003

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - PARENT COMPANY ONLY Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

Receipts from interest income 21,694,274 24,615,371 Receipts from interest income 21,694,274 24,615,371 24,6		2007	2006
Receipts from interest income 21,894,274 24,615,371 Receipts from flees and commissions 2,74,7445 2,139,687 Payments of interest expense (10,356,933) (15,374,335) Payments of other financing expenses (10,356,933) (15,374,335) Payments of other financing expenses (142,434) (139,119) Receipts from the sale of securities and Government bonds 25,762,599 3,253,360 Acquisition of Government bonds - trading portfolio (25,549,223) (1,445,117) Foreign exchange gains - net 433,539 641,454 Operating gexpenses - others 430,699 (555,758) Salaries and employee benefits (2,523,401) (2,566,586) General and administrative expenses (25,23,767) (2,384,911) Non-operating (expenses)/income - others (86,529) 155,177 Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 9,370,860 8,498,366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets (6,875,186) 14,130,673 Securities and Government Bonds - trading portfolio (10,161,195) (294,163) Other receivables - trade transactions <	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIONAL ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from fees and commissions 2,747,445 2,139,887 Payments of interest expenses (10,366 933) (15,374,335) Payments of other financing expenses (142,434) (139,119) Receipts from the sale of securities and Government bonds 25,762,599 3,253,360 Acquisition of Government bonds - trading portfolio 225,549,223) (1,845,117) Foreign exchange gains - net 324,975 559,203 Operating income - others 433,539 641,454 Operating expenses - others (409,695) (555,758) Salaries and employee benefits (2,523,401) (2,566,586) General and administrative expenses (2,523,401) (2,566,586) General and administrative expenses (2523,757) (2,384,911) Non-operating expenses in operating assets (86,529) 155,117 Income before changes in operating assets (87,5186) 14,130,673 Securities and Government Bonds - trading portfolio (10,161,981) (294,163) Other receivables - trade transactions (94,461) 1,069,357 Loans (20,671,839) (13,914,912)		21 694 274	24 615 371
Payments of interest expense (10,356)333 (15,374)335 (14,2434) (139,119) Receipts from the sale of securities and Government bonds 25,762,599 3,253,300 Acquisition of Government bonds - rading portfolio (25,549,223) (1,845,1177) Foreign exchange gains - net (25,549,233) (2,845,177) (2,845,177) (2,956,575) (2,934,177) (2,956,575) (2,934,177) (2,956,575) (2,934,177) (2,956,575) (2,934,177) (2,956,575) (2,956,57			
Payments of other financing expenses (14, 244) (139,119) Receipts from the sale of securities and Government bonds 25,762,599 3,253,302 Acquisition of Government bonds - trading portfolio (25,549,223) (1,845,117) Foreign exchange gains - net 324,975 559,203 Operating income - others (409,695) (555,758) Salaries and employee benefits (2,523,401) (2,568,655,758) Salaries and employee benefits (2,523,407) (2,384,911) Non-operating (expenses)/income - others (86,529) 155,117 Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 9,370,860 8,498,366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets. (86,529) 155,117 Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 9,370,860 8,498,366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets (86,529) 155,117 Increase)/decrease in operating assets (86,529) 155,117 Securities and Government Bonds - trading portfolio (10,161,195) (294,163) Other receivables - trade transactions (20,671,839) 13,914,012 Loans 1,600,903	· ·		
Receipts from the sale of securities and Government bonds 25, 762, 599 3, 253, 360 Acquisition of Government bonds - trading portfolio (25, 549, 223) (1, 845, 117) Foreign exchange gains - net 324, 975 559, 203 Operating income - others (409, 695) 5555, 758 Salaries and employee benefits (2, 523, 757) (2, 384, 911) Non-operating (expenses)/income - others (86, 529) 155, 117 Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 9, 370, 860 8, 498, 366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets and liabilities 9, 370, 860 8, 498, 366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets and liabilities 9, 370, 860 8, 498, 366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets and liabilities 9, 370, 860 8, 498, 366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets are adjust of the position of the position of earning assets already written-off 10, 161, 195 (294, 163) Other receivables - trade transactions (20, 571, 83) 13, 140, 12 Deroceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off 1, 360, 091 1, 074, 335 Other assets 17, 611, 093 3, 891, 292 Saving d			
Acquisition of Government bonds - trading portfolio (25.549.223) (1,845.117) Foreign exchange gains - net 324.975 559.203 Operating expenses - others 433,539 841,454 Operating expenses - others (2,523,401) (2,566,586) Salaries and employee benefits (2,523,401) (2,566,586) General and administrative expenses (2,523,407) (2,384,911) Non-operating (expenses)/income - others (86,529) 155,117 Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 9,370,860 8,498,366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets: (6,875,186) 14,130,673 Securities and Covernment Bonds - trading portfolio (10,161,195) (294,163) Other receivables - trade transactions (20,671,839) (13,914,012) Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off 1,360,091 1,074,335 Other receivables - trade transactions (20,671,839) (13,914,012) Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities: 17,611,093 3,891,292 Increase/(decrease) in operating activities 24,129,446 12,448,900 Time deposits		` ' '	, ,
Poreign exchange gains - net			
Operating incomie - others 433,539 641,454 Operating expenses - others (409,695) (555,758) Salaries and employee benefits (2,523,401) (2,566,586) General and administrative expenses (26,523,757) (2,384,911) Non-operating (expensessy)income - others (86,529) 155,117 Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 9,370,860 8,498,366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets: *** *** Placements with Bank Indonesia and other banks (6,875,186) 14,130,673 Securities and Government Bonds - trading portfolio (10,161,195) (294,163) Other receivables - trade transactions (94,461) 1,069,357 Loans (20,671,839) (13,914,012) Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off 1,360,091 1,74,335 Other assets (17,611,093) 3,891,292 Saving deposits 17,611,093 3,891,292 Saving deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 Inter-bank call money (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money			
Operating expenses - others (409,695) (555,758) Salaries and employee benefits (2,523,401) (2,566,586) General and administrative expenses (2,523,757) (2,384,911) Non-operating (expenses)/income - others (86,529) 155,117 Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 9,370,860 8,498,366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets: *** *** Placements with Bank Indonesia and other banks (8,875,186) 14,130,673 Securities and Government Bonds - trading portfolio (10,161,195) (294,163) Other receivables - trade transactions (94,461) 1,069,357 Loans (20,4163) (13,914,012) Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off (1,360,091) 1,074,335 Other assets (2,614,614) 1,061,662 Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities: 17,611,093 3,891,292 Saving deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 Time deposits (6,940,878) (1,522,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,044) 1,661,662 Liabilities imme			,
Salaries and employee benefits (2,523,401) (2,566,586) General and administrative expenses (2,523,757) (2,384,911) Non-operating (expenses)/income - others (86,529) 155,117 Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 9,370,860 8,498,366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets: (6,875,186) 14,130,673 Securities and Government Bonds - trading portfolio (10,161,195) (294,163) Other receivables - trade transactions (94,461) 1,069,357 Loans (20,671,839) (13,914,012) Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off 1,360,091 1,074,335 Other assets (536,985) 483,996 Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities: 17,611,093 3,891,292 Saving deposits 17,611,093 3,891,292 Saving deposits (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,064) 1,061,662 Liabilities immediately payable 235,391 23,144 Taxes payable (2,890,345) (33,971) Net cash provided by operating activit			
General and administrative expenses Non-operating (expenses)/income - others (2,523,757) (86,529) (2,384,911) 155,117 Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 9,370,860 8,498,366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets: *** Placements with Bank Indonesia and other banks (6,875,186) 14,130,673 Securities and Government Bonds - trading portfolio (10,161,195) (294,163) Other receivables - trade transactions (94,461) 1,069,357 Loans (20,671,839) (13,914,012) Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off 1,360,091 1,074,335 Other assets (536,985) 483,996 Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities: ** 17,611,093 3,891,292 Saving deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 11,003 3,891,292 Saving deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 11,003 3,891,292 Saving deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 1,004,602 1,004,602 1,004,602 1,004,602 1,004,602 1,004,602 1,004,602 1,004,603 1,004,602 1,004,602 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Non-operating (expenses)/income - others (86,529) 155,117 Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 9,370,860 8,498,366 (Increase)/decrease in operating assets: *** Placements with Bank Indonesia and other banks (6,875,186) 14,130,673 Securities and Government Bonds - trading portfolio (10,161,195) (294,163) Other receivables - trade transactions (94,461) 1,069,357 Loans (20,671,839) (13,914,012) Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off 1,360,091 1,074,335 Other assets (536,985) 483,996 Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities: ** ** Demand deposits 17,611,093 3,891,292 Saving deposits 17,611,093 3,891,292 Saving deposits (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,064) 1,061,662 Liabilities immediately payable 235,391 23,144 Taxes payable (2,890,345) (303,918) Other liabilities \$* ** CA			
Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities 9,370,860 8,498,366			
(Increase)/decrease in operating assets: Placements with Bank Indonesia and other banks Securities and Government Bonds - trading portfolio Other receivables - trade transactions Other receivables - trade transactions (94,461) Loans (20,671,839) (13,914,012) Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off Other assets (536,985) (536,985) (483,996) Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities: Demand deposits Demand deposits Saving deposits (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,064) (1,072,064) (1,072,064) (2,890,345) Other liabilities Net cash provided by operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Derease/(increase) in securities - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Acquisition of premises and equipment Acquisition of premises and equipment (247,041) (226,060) Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell			<u> </u>
Placements with Bank Indonesia and other banks (6,875,186) 14,130,673 Securities and Government Bonds - trading portfolio (10,161,195) (294,163) Other receivables - trade transactions (94,461) 1,069,357 Loans (20,671,839) (13,914,012) Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off 1,360,091 1,074,335 Other assets (536,985) 483,996 Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities: 17,611,093 3,891,292 Demand deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 Time deposits (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,064) 1,061,662 Liabilities immediately payable 235,391 23,144 Taxes payable (2,890,345) (303,918) Other liabilities 1,921,265 (33,971) Net cash provided by operating activities 5,385,193 12,812,765 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in Securities - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase)	Income before changes in operating assets and liabilities	9,370,860	8,498,366
Securities and Government Bonds - trading portfolio (10,161,195) (294,163) Other receivables - trade transactions (94,461) 1,069,357 Loans (20,671,839) (13,914,012) Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off 1,360,091 1,074,335 Other assets (536,985) 483,996 Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities: 17,611,093 3,891,292 Demand deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 Saving deposits (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,064) 1,061,662 Liabilities immediately payable 235,391 23,144 Taxes payable (2,890,345) (303,918) Other liabilities 1,921,265 (33,971) Net cash provided by operating activities 5,385,193 12,812,765 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock 44,034 (401,841) Decrease/(in			
Other receivables - trade transactions (94,461) 1,069,357 Loans (20,671,839) (13,914,012) Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off 1,360,091 1,074,335 Other assets (536,985) 483,996 Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities: 17,611,093 3,891,292 Saving deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 Time deposits (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,064) 1,061,662 Liabilities immediately payable 235,391 23,144 Taxes payable (2,890,345) (303,918) Other liabilities 1,921,265 (33,971) Net cash provided by operating activities 5,385,193 12,812,765 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in securities - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 1,625,841 (401,841) Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock 44,034 (140,531)			, ,
Loans		(10,161,195)	
Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off Other assets	Other receivables - trade transactions	(94,461)	
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities: Demand deposits 17,611,093 3,891,292 Saving deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 Time deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 Time deposits (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,064) 1,061,662 Liabilities immediately payable 235,391 23,144 Taxes payable (2,890,345) (303,918) Other liabilities (2,890,34	Loans	(20,671,839)	(13,914,012)
Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities: Demand deposits	Proceeds from collection of earning assets already written-off	1,360,091	1,074,335
Demand deposits 17,611,093 3,891,292 Saving deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 Time deposits (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,064) 1,061,662 Liabilities immediately payable (2,890,345) (303,918) Other liabilities 1,921,265 (33,971) Net cash provided by operating activities 5,385,193 12,812,765 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 277,996 (7,325,280) Derease/(increase) in securities - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 1,625,841 (401,841) Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock 44,034 (140,531) Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment 3,444 64,189 Acquisition of premises and equipment (247,041) (226,060) Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (1,728,718) (450,112)	Other assets	(536,985)	483,996
Demand deposits 17,611,093 3,891,292 Saving deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 Time deposits (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,064) 1,061,662 Liabilities immediately payable (2,890,345) (303,918) Other liabilities 1,921,265 (33,971) Net cash provided by operating activities 5,385,193 12,812,765 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 277,996 (7,325,280) Derease/(increase) in securities - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 1,625,841 (401,841) Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock 44,034 (140,531) Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment 3,444 64,189 Acquisition of premises and equipment (247,041) (226,060) Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (1,728,718) (450,112)	Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Saving deposits 24,129,446 12,448,900 Time deposits (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,064) 1,061,662 Liabilities immediately payable 235,391 231,44 Taxes payable (2,890,345) (303,918) Other liabilities 1,921,265 (33,971) Net cash provided by operating activities 5,385,193 12,812,765 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in securities - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 1,625,841 (401,841) Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock 44,034 (140,531) Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment 3,444 64,189 Acquisition of premises and equipment (247,041) (226,060) Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (1,728,718) (450,112)		17.611.093	3.891.292
Time deposits (6,940,878) (15,322,896) Inter-bank call money (1,072,064) 1,061,662 Liabilities immediately payable 235,391 23,144 Taxes payable (2,890,345) (303,918) Other liabilities 1,921,265 (33,971) Net cash provided by operating activities 5,385,193 12,812,765 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Derease/(increase) in securities - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 1,625,841 (401,841) Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock 44,034 (140,531) Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment 3,444 64,189 Acquisition of premises and equipment (247,041) (226,060) Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (1,728,718) (450,112)			
Inter-bank call money Liabilities immediately payable Liabilities Liab		the state of the s	
Liabilities immediately payable Taxes payable Other liabilities Other liabilities Other liabilities Taxes payable Taxes payable Taxes payable (2,890,345) Taxes payable Taxes payable (2,890,345) Taxes payable Ta		,	,
Taxes payable Other liabilities 1,921,265 (33,971) Net cash provided by operating activities 5,385,193 12,812,765 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Derease/(increase) in securities - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 1,625,841 (401,841) Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock 44,034 (140,531) Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment 3,444 64,189 Acquisition of premises and equipment (247,041) (226,060) Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (1,728,718) (450,112)			, ,
Other liabilities 1,921,265 (33,971) Net cash provided by operating activities 5,385,193 12,812,765 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Derease/(increase) in securities - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 1,625,841 (401,841) Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock 44,034 (140,531) Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment 3,444 64,189 Acquisition of premises and equipment (247,041) (226,060) Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (1,728,718) (450,112)	, , ,		*
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Derease/(increase) in securities - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 277,996 (7,325,280) Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio 1,625,841 (401,841) Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock 44,034 (140,531) Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment 3,444 64,189 Acquisition of premises and equipment (247,041) (226,060) Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (1,728,718) (450,112)			, , ,
Derease/(increase) in securities - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Acquisition of premises and equipment Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (1,728,718) (7,325,280) (401,841) (401	Net cash provided by operating activities	5,385,193	12,812,765
and held-to-maturity portfolio Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Acquisition of premises and equipment Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (7,325,280) (401,841) (401,841) (401,841) (401,531) (440,531) (440,531) (440,531) (450,112)	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
and held-to-maturity portfolio Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Acquisition of premises and equipment Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (7,325,280) (401,841) (401,841) (401,841) (401,531) (440,531) (440,531) (440,531) (450,112)	Deregge//ingresses) in accurities available for calc		
Decrease/(increase) in Government Bonds - available for sale and held-to-maturity portfolio Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Acquisition of premises and equipment Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell 1,625,841 (401,841) 44,034 (140,531) 64,189 (247,041) (226,060) (1,728,718) (450,112)		277 006	(7.335.300)
and held-to-maturity portfolio Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Acquisition of premises and equipment Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (401,841) (401,841) (401,841) (401,841) (440,531) (440,531) (440,531) (440,531) (440,531) (440,531) (440,531) (450,112)		277,996	(7,325,280)
Decrease/(increase) in investment in shares of stock Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Acquisition of premises and equipment Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (140,531) (140,531) (247,041) (226,060) (1,728,718) (450,112)		4 005 044	(404.044)
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment 3,444 64,189 Acquisition of premises and equipment (247,041) (226,060) Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (1,728,718) (450,112)			, , ,
Acquisition of premises and equipment (247,041) (226,060) Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (1,728,718) (450,112)			, , ,
Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell (1,728,718) (450,112)		•	,
		` ' '	, ,
Net cash used in investing activities (24,444) (8,479,635)	Increase in securities purchased with agreement to resell	(1,728,718)	(450,112)
	Net cash used in investing activities	(24,444)	(8,479,635)

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - PARENT COMPANY ONLY (continued) Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 (Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

	2007	2006
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-
Increase/(decrease) in securities issued	8.843	(214,663)
Increase/(decrease) in fund borrowings	5,351,914	(1,280,778)
Decrease in subordinated loans	(1,233,809)	(244,906)
Increase/(decrease) in securities sold with agreements to repurchase Payment of dividends, cooperative development fund program,	904,070	(307,224)
community development fund program and tantiem	(1,554,477)	(313,752)
Execution of shares option	238,727	415,091
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	3,715,268	(1,946,232)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	9,076,017	2,386,898
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	25,437,250	23,050,352
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	34,513,267	25,437,250
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year consist of:		
Cash	5,707,807	3,828,154
Current accounts with Bank Indonesia	27,449,153	21,119,659
Current accounts with other banks	1,356,307	489,437
Total cash and cash equivalents	34,513,267	25,437,250
Supplemental Non-Cash Flows Information Activities not affecting cash flows:		
Unrealized (losses)/gains on Securities and Government Bonds available for sale	(233,140)	471,533
Unrealized (losses)/gains on Securities and Government Bonds trading	(12,848)	89,995
Recognition of shares options from Management Stock Option Plan (MSOP)	(87,034)	(130,670)

PT BANK MANDIRI (PERSERO) TBK. - PARENT COMPANY QUALITY OF EARNING ASSETS *) As of December 31, 2007 and 2006

(Expressed in millions of Rupiah, unless otherwise stated)

							BANK							
				Decembe	er 31, 2007		DAIN	December 31, 2006						
No.	ACCOUNT	CURRENT	SPECIAL MENTION	SUB STANDARD	DOUBTFUL	LOSS	TOTAL	CURRENT	SPECIAL MENTION	SUB STANDARD	DOUBTFUL	LOSS	TOTAL	
ı	Related Parties													
Α	Earning Assets													
1	Placements with Other Banks	167,092	-	_		-	167,092	188,850	-		-	_	188,850	
2	Securities	-	-	_		-	-	713	-	-	_	10,163	10,876	
3	Loans to third parties	651,079	-	_		-	651,079	447,436	-	-	_	200,899	648,335	
	a. Small scale business credit (Kredit Usaha Kecil ("KUK")) b. Property Loans	- 677	-	-	-	-	677	736	-	-	-	-	736	
	i. Restructured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	ii. Unrestructured c. Other restructured loans	677 219,515	-	-	-	-	677 219,515	736	-	-	-	-	736	
	d. Others	430,887	-	-	-	-	430,887	446,700	-	-	-	200,899	647,599	
4	Investments in Shares of Stock to third parties	2,535,001	-	-	-	-	2,535,001	2,210,393	-	-	-	-	2,210,393	
	a. In bank financial institutions b. In non-bank financial institutions	1,436,733 910,346	-	-	-	-	1,436,733 910,346	1,248,906 799,839	-	-	-	-	1,248,906 799,839	
	c. Due to loan restructuring	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	d. Others	187,922	-	-	-	-	187,922	161,648	-	-	-	-	161,648	
	Other Receivables to third parties	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,400	-	247	-	-	57,647	
	Commitments and Contigencies to third parties	5,803	-	-	-	-	5,803	4,623	-	-	-	-	4,623	
В	NON EARNING ASSETS													
1	Abandoned properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2	Repossessed Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3	Interbranch and suspense account	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
II	Third Parties													
Α	EARNING ASSETS													
1	Placements with Other Banks	17,452,909	-	-	-	-	17,452,909	9,689,095	-	-	-	-	9,689,095	
2	Securities (issued by Bank Indonesia and third parties) **)	114,555,599	-	7,403	-	1,071,020	115,634,022	106,766,115	-	-	-	1,053,469	107,819,584	
3	Loans to third parties	99,702,900	15,148,227	1,252,029	285,999	9,786,211	126,175,366	73,288,577	16,966,301	1,991,380	523,607	15,961,523	108,731,388	
	a. Small scale business credit (Kredit Usaha Kecil ("KUK")) b. Property Loans	3,078,985 7,792,653	809,429 1,948,004	43,782 44,345	38,322 47,003	231,158 1,071,531	4,201,676 10,903,536	3,274,521 6,826,187	757,820 2,452,173	35,438 116,167	72,519 81,185	396,755 1,238,788	4,537,053 10,714,500	
	i. Restructured	247,889	663,963	5,089	-	28,162	945,103	4,533	855,600	56,081	5,450	171,386	1,093,050	
	ii. Unrestructured c. Other restructured loans	7,544,764 5,001,201	1,284,041 8,550,533	39,256 979,789	47,003 102,728	1,043,369 4,311,721	9,958,433 18,945,972	6,821,654 4,308,342	1,596,573 6,614,874	60,086 1,500,232	75,735 60,700	1,067,402 5,551,551	9,621,450 18,035,699	
	d. Others	83,830,061	3,840,261	184,113	97,946	4,171,801	92,124,182	58,879,527	7,141,434	339,543	309,203	8,774,429	75,444,136	
4	Investments in Shares of Stock to third parties	-	-	-	-	72,625	72,625	-	-	-	-	72,625	72,625	
	a. In bank financial institutions b. In non-bank financial institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	c. Due to loan restructuring	-	-	-	-	72,625	72,625	-	-	-	-	72,625	72,625	
	d. Others Other Receivables to third parties	8,678,182	909,725	6,941	-	798,916	10,393,764	5,302,328	1,058,062	-	1,010	804,232	7,165,632	
	Commitments and Contigencies to third parties	21,258,626	709,154	6,783	_	64,007	22,038,570	14,135,867	469,119	911	12,425	107,582	14,725,904	
В	NON EARNING ASSETS	21,230,020	709,134	6,763	_	64,007	22,030,570	14, 135,067	409,119	311	12,425	107,562	14,725,904	
١,	Abandoned properties			304,845			304,845	416,167					416,167	
'		-	-	· ·	_	_	158,922	•	-	-	-	-		
	Repossessed Assets	4 044 000	-	158,922	_	200.070	•	158,922	-	-	_	770.00-	158,922	
3	Interbranch and suspense account	1,314,006	40.707.40	4 700 000	-	326,972	1,640,978	811,418	40 400 100	4.000 505	-	778,967	1,590,385	
	TOTAL	266,321,197	16,767,106	1,736,923	285,999	12,119,751	297,230,976	213,477,904	18,493,482	1,992,538	537,042	18,989,460	253,490,426	
7	Minimum required allowance for possible losses on earning assets ***) Required allowance for possible losses on non earning assets	1,510,029	1,612,656	152,675 69,565	145,423	11,318,044 326,972	14,738,827 396,537	1,084,717	1,341,922	500,255	208,977	12,536,244 778,967	15,672,115 778,967	
	Total required allowance for possible losses on assets	1,510,029	1,612,656	222,240	145,423	11,645,016	15,135,364	1,084,717	1,341,922	500,255	208,977	13,315,211	16,451,082	
	Established allowance for possible losses on earning assets	1,698,359	1,928,961	156,460	147,505	11,429,171	15,360,456	1,391,988	1,341,922	500,255	208,977	13,456,212	16,899,354	
	Established allowance for possible losses on non earning assets Total established allowance for possible losses on assets	1,698,359	1,928,961	69,948 226,408	147,505	542,690 11,971,861	612,638 15,973,094	1,391,988	1,341,922	500,255	208,977	994,703 14,450,915	994,703 17,894,057	
	Total established allowance for possible losses on assets	1,030,359	1,320,301	220,400	147,305	11,371,001	10,513,094	1,331,300	1,341,322	300,233	200,377	14,400,315	17,034,0	

<sup>The above financial information is presented in accordance with the following stipulations:

a) Bank Indonesia Regulation No. 750/PBIZ2005 dated November 29, 2005 regarding Transparency of Bank's Financial Condition.

b) Bank Indonesia's Circulat Letter No. 710/PbIZ2005 dated November 29, 2005 regarding amendment to Bank Indonesia's Circulat Letter No. 330/DNP dated March 2, 2005 regarding amendment to Bank Indonesia's Circulat Letter No. 330/DNP dated March 2, 2005 regarding amendment to Bank Indonesia's Circulat Letter No. 330/DNP dated December 14, 2001 regarding Presentation of Quarterly and Monthly Published Financial Statements of Commercial Banks and Certain Reports Submitted Bank Indonesia.

c) Bank Indonesia's Regulation No. 47/PBIZ2002 dated September 27, 2002 regarding Prudential Principles for Urchase of Credit by Banks from The Indonesian Bank Restructuring Agency (IBRA)

"In the Calculation of allowance for possible losses on earning assets should be provided on the principal after deducting by collaterals.

No allowance for possible losses is required for certificates of Bank Indonesia, Intervention B1 and government bond.</sup>